1	With Christ In the School of Prayer
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3	Thoughts on Our Training
4 5	for the
6	for the
7	Ministry of Intercession
8	•
9	by
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11	Andrew Murray
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13	Lord, teach us to pray.
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22	PREFACE.
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25 26	Of all the promises connected with the command APIDE
20 27	Of all the promises connected with the command, ABIDE IN ME,' there is none higher, and none that sooner brings
28	the confession, Not that I have already attained, or am
29	already made perfect,' than this: If ye abide in me, ask
30	whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.' Power
31	with God is the highest attainment of the life of full abiding.
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33	And of all the traits of a life LIKE CHRIST there is none
34	higher and more glorious than conformity to Him in the

work that now engages Him without ceasing in the Father's presence—His all-prevailing intercession. The more we abide in Him, and grow unto His likeness, will His priestly life work in us mightily, and our life become what His is, a life that ever pleads and prevails for men.

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Thou hast made us kings and priests unto God.' Both in the 41 42 king and the priest the chief thing is power, influence, blessing. In the king it is the power coming downward; in 43 the priest, the power rising upward, prevailing with God. In 44 our blessed Priest-King, Jesus Christ, the kingly power is 45 founded on the priestly He is able to save to the uttermost. 46 47 because He ever liveth to make intercession.' In us, His priests and kings, it is no otherwise: it is in intercession that 48 the Church is to find and wield its highest power, that each 49 member of the Church is to prove his descent from Israel. 50 who as a prince had power with God and with men, and 51 52 prevailed.

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54 It is under a deep impression that the place and power of prayer in the Christian life is too little understood, that this 55 book has been written. I feel sure that as long as we look on 56 prayer chiefly as the means of maintaining our own 57 58 Christian life, we shall not know fully what it is meant to 59 be. But when we learn to regard it as the highest part of the work entrusted to us, the root and strength of all other work, 60 61 we shall see that there is nothing that we so need to study and practise as the art of praying aright. If I have at all 62 succeeded in pointing out the progressive teaching of our 63 Lord in regard to prayer, and the distinct reference the 64 wonderful promises of the last night (John xiv. 16) have to 65 the works we are to do in His Name, to the greater works, 66 and to the bearing much fruit, we shall all admit that it is 67 only when the Church gives herself up to this holy work of 68

intercession that we can expect the power of Christ to manifest itself in her behalf. It is my prayer that God may use this little book to make clearer to some of His children the wonderful place of power and influence which He is waiting for them to occupy, and for which a weary world is waiting too.

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76 In connection with this there is another truth that has come to me with wonderful clearness as I studied the teaching of 77 Jesus on prayer. It is this: that the Father waits to hear every 78 79 prayer of faith, to give us whatsoever we will, and whatsoever we ask in Jesus' name. We have become so 80 accustomed to limit the wonderful love and the large 81 promises of our God, that we cannot read the simplest and 82 clearest statements of our Lord without the qualifying 83 clauses by which we guard and expound them. If there is 84 one thing I think the Church needs to learn, it is that God 85 86 means prayer to have an answer, and that it hath not entered into the heart of man to conceive what God will do for His 87 child who gives himself to believe that his prayer will be 88 89 heard. God hears prayer; this is a truth universally admitted. but of which very few understand the meaning, or 90 experience the power. If what I have written stir my reader 91 92 to go to the Master's words, and take His wondrous 93 promises simply and literally as they stand, my object has 94 been attained

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And then just one thing more. Thousands have in these last years found an unspeakable blessing in learning how completely Christ is our life, and how He undertakes to be and to do all in us that we need. I know not if we have yet learned to apply this truth to our prayer-life. Many complain that they have not the power to pray in faith, to pray the effectual prayer that availeth much. The message I would

103	fain bring them is that the blessed Jesus is waiting, is
104	longing, to teach them this. Christ is our life: in heaven He
105	ever liveth to pray; His life in us is an ever-praying life, if
106	we will but trust Him for it. Christ teaches us to pray not
107	only by example, by instruction, by command, by promises,
108	but by showing us HIMSELF, the ever-living Intercessor, as
109	our Life. It is when we believe this, and go and abide in
110	Him for our prayer-life too, that our fears of not being able
111	to pray aright will vanish, and we shall joyfully and
112	triumphantly trust our Lord to teach us to pray, to be
113	Himself the life and the power of our prayer.
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115	May God open our eyes to see what the holy ministry of
116	intercession is to which, as His royal priesthood, we have
117	been set apart. May He give us a large and strong heart to
118	believe what mighty influence our prayers can exert. And
119	may all fear as to our being able to fulfil our vocation
120	vanish as we see Jesus, living ever to pray, living in us to
121	pray, and standing surety for our prayer-life.
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123	ANDREW MURRAY
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125	WELLINGTON, 28 th October 1895
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129	FIRST LESSON.
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131	Lord, teach us to pray;'
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133	Or, The Only Teacher .
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And it came to pass, as He was praying in a certain place, that when He ceased, one of His disciples said to Him, Lord, teach us to pray.'—Luke xi. 1. THE disciples had been with Christ, and seen Him pray.

They had learnt to understand something of the connection between His wondrous life in public, and His secret life of prayer. They had learnt to believe in Him as a Master in the art of prayer—none could pray like Him. And so they came to Him with the request, Lord, teach us to pray.' And in after years they would have told us that there were few things more wonderful or blessed that He taught them than His lessons on prayer.

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149 And now still it comes to pass, as He is praying in a certain place, that disciples who see Him thus engaged feel the 150 need of repeating the same request, Lord, teach us to pray.' 151 152 As we grow in the Christian life, the thought and the faith of the Beloved Master in His never-failing intercession 153 becomes ever more precious, and the hope of being Like 154 Christ in His intercession gains an attractiveness before 155 unknown. And as we see Him pray, and remember that 156 there is none who can pray like Him, and none who can 157 158 teach like Him, we feel the petition of the disciples, Lord, 159 teach us to pray,' is just what we need. And as we think how all He is and has, how He Himself is our very own, 160 161 how He is Himself our life, we feel assured that we have but to ask, and He will be delighted to take us up into closer 162 fellowship with Himself, and teach us to pray even as He 163

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prays.

Come, my brothers! Shall we not go to the Blessed Master and ask Him to enrol our names too anew in that school which He always keeps open for those who long to continue

169 their studies in the Divine art of prayer and intercession? Yes, let us this very day say to the Master, as they did of 170 old, Lord, teach us to pray.' As we meditate, we shall find 171 each word of the petition we bring to be full of meaning. 172 173 174 Lord, teach us to pray.' Yes, to pray. This is what we need to be taught. Though in its beginnings prayer is so simple 175 that the feeblest child can pray, yet it is at the same time the 176 highest and holiest work to which man can rise. It is 177 fellowship with the Unseen and Most Holy One. The 178 179 powers of the eternal world have been placed at its disposal. It is the very essence of true religion, the channel of all 180 blessings, the secret of power and life. Not only for 181 ourselves, but for others, for the Church, for the world, it is 182 to prayer that God has given the right to take hold of Him 183 and His strength. It is on prayer that the promises wait for 184 their fulfilment, the kingdom for its coming, the glory of 185 God for its full revelation. And for this blessed work, how 186 slothful and unfit we are. It is only the Spirit of God can 187 enable us to do it aright. How speedily we are deceived into 188 a resting in the form, while the power is wanting. Our early 189 training, the teaching of the Church, the influence of habit, 190 191 the stirring of the emotions—how easily these lead to prayer 192 which has no spiritual power, and avails but little. True prayer, that takes hold of God's strength, that availeth 193 much, to which the gates of heaven are really opened 194 195 wide—who would not cry, Oh for some one to teach me thus to pray? 196 197 Jesus has opened a school, in which He trains His redeemed 198 ones, who specially desire it, to have power in prayer. Shall 199 200 we not enter it with the petition, Lord! it is just this we need

to be taught! O teach us to pray.

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203 Lord, teach us to pray.' Yes, us, Lord. We have read in Thy Word with what power Thy believing people of old used to 204 pray, and what mighty wonders were done in answer to 205 their prayers. And if this took place under the Old 206 Covenant, in the time of preparation, how much more wilt 207 Thou not now, in these days of fulfilment, give Thy people 208 this sure sign of Thy presence in their midst. We have heard 209 210 the promises given to Thine apostles of the power of prayer in Thy name, and have seen how gloriously they 211 experienced their truth: we know for certain, they can 212 213 become true to us too. We hear continually even in these days what glorious tokens of Thy power Thou dost still give 214 to those who trust Thee fully. Lord! these all are men of like 215 passions with ourselves; teach us to pray so too. The 216 promises are for us, the powers and gifts of the heavenly 217 world are for us. O teach us to pray so that we may receive 218 219 abundantly. To us too Thou hast entrusted Thy work, on our 220 prayer too the coming of Thy kingdom depends, in our 221 prayer too Thou canst glorify Thy name; Lord teach us to 222 pray.' Yes, us, Lord; we offer ourselves as learners; we 223 would indeed be taught of Thee. Lord, teach us to pray.' 224

Lord, teach us to pray.' Yes, we feel the need now of being 226 taught to pray. At first there is no work appears so simple: 227 later on, none that is more difficult; and the confession is forced from us: We know not how to pray as we ought. It is 228 229 true we have God's Word, with its clear and sure promises; but sin has so darkened our mind, that we know not always 230 how to apply the word. In spiritual things we do not always 231 232 seek the most needful things, or fail in praying according to the law of the sanctuary. In temporal things we are still less 233 able to avail ourselves of the wonderful liberty our Father 234 has given us to ask what we need. And even when we know 235

what to ask, how much there is still needed to make prayer

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237 acceptable. It must be to the glory of God, in full surrender 238 to His will, in full assurance of faith, in the name of Jesus, and with a perseverance that, if need be, refuses to be 239 denied. All this must be learned. It can only be learned in 240 241 the school of much prayer, for practice makes perfect. Amid 242 the painful consciousness of ignorance and unworthiness, in the struggle between believing and doubting, the heavenly 243 244 art of effectual prayer is learnt. Because, even when we do not remember it, there is One, the Beginner and Finisher of 245 246 faith and prayer, who watches over our praying, and sees to it that in all who trust Him for it their education in the 247 school of prayer shall be carried on to perfection. Let but 248 249 the deep undertone of all our prayer be the teachableness that comes from a sense of ignorance, and from faith in Him 250 251 as a perfect teacher, and we may be sure we shall be taught, we shall learn to pray in power. Yes, we may depend upon 252 it. He teaches to pray. 253

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Lord, teach us to pray.' None can teach like Jesus, none but Jesus; therefore we call on Him, LORD, teach us to pray.' A pupil needs a teacher, who knows his work, who has the gift of teaching, who in patience and love will descend to the pupil's needs. Blessed be God! Jesus is all this and much more. He knows what prayer is. It is Jesus, praying Himself, who teaches to pray. He knows what prayer is. He learned it amid the trials and tears of His earthly life. In heaven it is still His beloved work: His life there is prayer. Nothing delights Him more than to find those whom He can take with Him into the Father's presence, whom He can clothe with power to pray down God's blessing on those around them, whom He can train to be His fellow-workers in the intercession by which the kingdom is to be revealed on earth. He knows how to teach. Now by the urgency of felt need, then by the confidence with which joy inspires.

Here by the teaching of the Word, there by the testimony of another believer who knows what it is to have prayer heard. By His Holy Spirit, He has access to our heart, and teaches us to pray by showing us the sin that hinders the prayer, or giving us the assurance that we please God. He teaches, by giving not only thoughts of what to ask or how to ask, but by breathing within us the very spirit of prayer, by living within us as the Great Intercessor. We may indeed and most joyfully say, Who teacheth like Him?' Jesus never taught His disciples how to preach, only how to pray. He did not speak much of what was needed to preach well, but much of praying well. To know how to speak to God is more than knowing how to speak to man. Not power with men, but power with God is the first thing. Jesus loves to teach us how to pray.

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What think you, my beloved fellow-disciples! would it not be just what we need, to ask the Master for a month to give us a course of special lessons on the art of prayer? As we meditate on the words He spake on earth, let us yield ourselves to His teaching in the fullest confidence that, with such a teacher, we shall make progress. Let us take time not only to meditate, but to pray, to tarry at the foot of the throne, and be trained to the work of intercession. Let us do so in the assurance that amidst our stammerings and fears He is carrying on His work most beautifully. He will breathe His own life, which is all prayer, into us. As He makes us partakers of His righteousness and His life, He will of His intercession too. As the members of His body, as a holy priesthood, we shall take part in His priestly work of pleading and prevailing with God for men. Yes, let us most joyfully say, ignorant and feeble though we be, Lord, teach us to pray.'

305	LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'
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309	Blessed Lord! who ever livest to pray, Thou canst teach me
310	too to pray, me too to live ever to pray. In this Thou lovest
311	to make me share Thy glory in heaven, that I should pray
312	without ceasing, and ever stand as a priest in the presence of
313	my God.
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315	Lord Jesus! I ask Thee this day to enrol my name among
316	those who confess that they know not how to pray as they
317	ought, and specially ask Thee for a course of teaching in
318	prayer. Lord! teach me to tarry with Thee in the school, and
319	give Thee time to train me. May a deep sense of my
320	ignorance, of the wonderful privilege and power of prayer,
321	of the need of the Holy Spirit as the Spirit of prayer, lead
322	me to cast away my thoughts of what I think I know, and
323	make me kneel before Thee in true teachableness and
324	poverty of spirit.
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326	And fill me, Lord, with the confidence that with such a
327	teacher as Thou art I shall learn to pray. In the assurance
328	that I have as my teacher, Jesus who is ever praying to the
329	Father, and by His prayer rules the destinies of His Church
330	and the world, I will not be afraid. As much as I need to
331	know of the mysteries of the prayer-world, Thou wilt unfold
332	for me. And when I may not know, Thou wilt teach me to
333	be strong in faith, giving glory to God.
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335	Blessed Lord! Thou wilt not put to shame Thy scholar who
336	trusts Thee, nor, by Thy grace, would he Thee either. Amen
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339 340 SECOND LESSON 341 In spirit and truth.' 342 343 344 Or, The True Worshippers. 345 346 The hour cometh, and now is, when the true worshippers shall worship the Father in spirit and truth: for such doth the 347 348 Father seek to be His worshippers. God is a Spirit: and they 349 that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and truth.'— John iv. 23, 24. 350 351 352 THESE words of Jesus to the woman of Samaria are His 353 first recorded teaching on the subject of prayer. They give us some wonderful first glimpses into the world of prayer. 354 The Father seeks worshippers: our worship satisfies His 355 356 loving heart and is a joy to Him. He seeks true worshippers, 357 but finds many not such as He would have them. True 358 worship is that which is in spirit and truth. The Son has 359 come to open the way for this worship in spirit and in truth, and teach it us. And so one of our first lessons in the school 360 of prayer must be to understand what it is to pray in spirit 361 362 and in truth, and to know how we can attain to it. 363 To the woman of Samaria our Lord spoke of a threefold 364 365 worship. There is first, the ignorant worship of the Samaritans: Ye worship that which ye know not.' The 366 second, the intelligent worship of the Jew, having the true 367 knowledge of God: We worship that which we know; for 368 salvation is of the Jews.' And then the new, the spiritual 369 370 worship which He Himself has come to introduce: The hour is coming, and is now, when the true worshippers shall 371 worship the Father in spirit and truth.' From the connection 372

373 it is evident that the words in spirit and truth' do not mean, as is often thought, earnestly, from the heart, in sincerity. 374 375 The Samaritans had the five books of Moses and some knowledge of God: there was doubtless more than one 376 377 among them who honestly and earnestly sought God in 378 prayer. The Jews had the true full revelation of God in His word, as thus far given; there were among them godly men, 379 who called upon God with their whole heart. And yet not in 380 spirit and truth,' in the full meaning of the words. Jesus 381 says, The hour is coming, and now is;' it is only in and 382 through Him that the worship of God will be in spirit and 383 384 truth.

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386 Among Christians one still finds the three classes of 387 worshippers. Some who in their ignorance hardly know what they ask: they pray earnestly, and yet receive but little. 388 Others there are, who have more correct knowledge, who 389 390 try to pray with all their mind and heart, and often pray most earnestly, and yet do not attain to the full blessedness 391 392 of worship in spirit and truth. It is into this third class we must ask our Lord Jesus to take us; we must be taught of 393 394 Him how to worship in spirit and truth. This alone is 395 spiritual worship; this makes us worshippers such as the 396 Father seeks. In prayer everything will depend on our 397 understanding well and practising the worship in spirit and 398 truth

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God is a Spirit, and they that worship Him, must worship Him in spirit and truth.' The first thought suggested here by the Master is that there must be harmony between God and His worshippers; such as God is, must His worship be. This is according to a principle which prevails throughout the universe: we look for correspondence between an object and the organ to which it reveals or yields itself. The eye

has an inner fitness for the light, the ear for sound. The man who would truly worship God, would find and know and possess and enjoy God, must be in harmony with Him, must have the capacity for receiving Him. Because God is Spirit, we must worship in spirit. As God is, so His worshipper.

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413 And what does this mean? The woman had asked our Lord 414 whether Samaria or Jerusalem was the true place of worship. He answers that henceforth worship is no longer to 415 416 be limited to a certain place: Woman, believe Me, the hour cometh, when neither in this mountain, nor in Jerusalem, 417 shall ve worship the Father.' As God is Spirit, not bound by 418 space or time, but in His infinite perfection always and 419 everywhere the same, so His worship would henceforth no 420 421 longer be confined by place or form, but spiritual as God Himself is spiritual. A lesson of deep importance. How 422 much our Christianity suffers from this, that it is confined to 423 424 certain times and places. A man, who seeks to pray earnestly in the church or in the closet, spends the greater 425 426 part of the week or the day in a spirit entirely at variance 42.7 with that in which he prayed. His worship was the work of a fixed place or hour, not of his whole being. God is a Spirit: 428 429 He is the Everlasting and Unchangeable One; what He is, 430 He is always and in truth. Our worship must even so be in 431 spirit and truth: His worship must be the spirit of our life;

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God is a Spirit: and they that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and truth.' The second thought that comes to us is that the worship in the spirit must come from God Himself. God is Spirit: He alone has Spirit to give. It was for this He sent His Son, to fit us for such spiritual worship, by giving us the Holy Spirit. It is of His own work that Jesus speaks when He says twice, The hour cometh,' and

our life must be worship in spirit as God is Spirit.

441 then adds, and is now.' He came to baptize with the Holy Spirit: the Spirit could not stream forth till He was glorified 442 (John i. 33, vii. 37, 38, xvi. 7). It was when He had made an 443 end of sin, and entering into the Holiest of all with His 444 445 blood, had there on our behalf received the Holy Spirit 446 (Acts ii. 33), that He could send Him down to us as the Spirit of the Father. It was when Christ had redeemed us. 447 and we in Him had received the position of children, that 448 the Father sent forth the Spirit of His Son into our hearts to 449 cry, Abba, Father.' The worship in spirit is the worship of 450 the Father in the Spirit of Christ, the Spirit of Sonship. 451

This is the reason why Jesus here uses the name of Father. We never find one of the Old Testament saints personally appropriate the name of child or call God his Father. The worship of the Father is only possible to those to whom the Spirit of the Son has been given. The worship in spirit is only possible to those to whom the Son has revealed the Father, and who have received the spirit of Sonship. It is only Christ who opens the way and teaches the worship in

461 spirit. 462

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463 And in truth. That does not only mean, in sincerity. Nor 464 does it only signify, in accordance with the truth of God's 465 Word. The expression is one of deep and Divine meaning. Jesus is the only-begotten of the Father, full of grace and 466 467 truth.' The law was given by Moses; grace and truth came by Jesus Christ.' Jesus says, I am the truth and the life.' In 468 the Old Testament all was shadow and promise; Jesus 469 brought and gives the reality, the substance, of things hoped 470 for. In Him the blessings and powers of the eternal life are 471 our actual possession and experience. Jesus is full of grace 472 and truth; the Holy Spirit is the Spirit of truth; through Him 473 the grace that is in Jesus is ours in deed and truth, a positive 474

475 communication out of the Divine life. And so worship in 476 spirit is worship in truth; actual living fellowship with God. 477 a real correspondence and harmony between the Father, who is a Spirit, and the child praying in the spirit. 478 479 What Jesus said to the woman of Samaria, she could not at 480 once understand. Pentecost was needed to reveal its full 481 meaning. We are hardly prepared at our first entrance into 482 the school of prayer to grasp such teaching. We shall 483 understand it better later on. Let us only begin and take the 484 lesson as He gives it. We are carnal and cannot bring God 485 the worship He seeks. But Jesus came to give the Spirit: He 486 487 has given Him to us. Let the disposition in which we set ourselves to pray be what Christ's words have taught us. Let 488 489 there be the deep confession of our inability to bring God the worship that is pleasing to Him; the childlike 490 teachableness that waits on Him to instruct us; the simple 491 492 faith that yields itself to the breathing of the Spirit. Above all, let us hold fast the blessed truth—we shall find that the 493 494 Lord has more to say to us about it—that the knowledge of 495 the Fatherhood of God, the revelation of His infinite Fatherliness in our hearts, the faith in the infinite love that 496 gives us His Son and His Spirit to make us children, is 497 498 indeed the secret of prayer in spirit and truth. This is the 499 new and living way Christ opened up for us. To have Christ the Son, and the Spirit of the Son, dwelling within us, and 500 revealing the Father, this makes us true, spiritual 501 worshippers. 502 503 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.' 504 505 506 -0----

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8	Blessed Lord! I adore the love with which Thou didst teach
9	a woman, who had refused Thee a cup of water, what the
0	worship of God must be. I rejoice in the assurance that
1	Thou wilt no less now instruct Thy disciple, who comes to
2	Thee with a heart that longs to pray in spirit and in truth. O
3	my Holy Master! do teach me this blessed secret.
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5	Teach me that the worship in spirit and truth is not of man,
6	but only comes from Thee; that it is not only a thing of
7	times and seasons, but the outflowing of a life in Thee.
8	Teach me to draw near to God in prayer under the deep
9	impression of my ignorance and my having nothing in
0	myself to offer Him, and at the same time of the provision
1	Thou, my Saviour, makest for the Spirit's breathing in my
2	childlike stammerings. I do bless Thee that in Thee I am a
3	child, and have a child's liberty of access; that in Thee I
4	have the spirit of Sonship and of worship in truth. Teach
5	me, above all, Blessed Son of the Father, how it is the
5	revelation of the Father that gives confidence in prayer; and
, 7	let the infinite Fatherliness of God's Heart be my joy and
3	strength for a life of prayer and of worship. Amen.
,)	strength for a fire of prayer and of worship. Affich.
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2	THIRD LESSON.
	Pray to thy Father, which is in secret;'
	Or, Alone with God.
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	But thou, when thou prayest, enter into thine inner chamber
	and having shut thy door, pray to thy Father which is in
	secret, and thy Father which seeth in secret shall
	recompense thee'—Matt. vi. 6.
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AFTER Jesus had called His first disciples, He gave them their first public teaching in the Sermon on the Mount. He there expounded to them the kingdom of God, its laws and its life. In that kingdom God is not only King, but Father, He not only gives all, but is Himself all. In the knowledge and fellowship of Him alone is its blessedness. Hence it came as a matter of course that the revelation of prayer and the prayer-life was a part of His teaching concerning the New Kingdom He came to set up. Moses gave neither command nor regulation with regard to prayer: even the prophets say little directly of the duty of prayer; it is Christ who teaches to pray.

And the first thing the Lord teaches His disciples is that they must have a secret place for prayer; every one must have some solitary spot where he can be alone with his God. Every teacher must have a schoolroom. We have learnt to know and accept Jesus as our only teacher in the school of prayer. He has already taught us at Samaria that worship is no longer confined to times and places; that worship, spiritual true worship, is a thing of the spirit and the life; the whole man must in his whole life be worship in spirit and truth. And yet He wants each one to choose for himself the fixed spot where He can daily meet him. That inner chamber, that solitary place, is Jesus' schoolroom. That spot may be anywhere; that spot may change from day to day if we have to change our abode; but that secret place there must be, with the quiet time in which the pupil places himself in the Master's presence, to be by Him prepared to worship the Father. There alone, but there most surely, Jesus comes to us to teach us to pray.

A teacher is always anxious that his schoolroom should be bright and attractive, filled with the light and air of heaven, a place where pupils long to come, and love to stay. In His first words on prayer in the Sermon on the Mount, Jesus seeks to set the inner chamber before us in its most attractive light. If we listen carefully, we soon notice what the chief thing is He has to tell us of our tarrying there. Three times He uses the name of Father: Pray to thy Father;' Thy Father shall recompense thee;' Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of.' The first thing in closet-prayer is: I must meet my Father. The light that shines in the closet must be: the light of the Father's countenance. The fresh air from heaven with which Jesus would have it filled, the atmosphere in which I am to breathe and pray, is: God's Father-love, God's infinite Fatherliness. Thus each thought or petition we breathe out will be simple, hearty, childlike trust in the Father. This is how the Master teaches us to pray: He brings us into the Father's living presence. What we pray there must avail. Let us listen carefully to hear what the Lord has to say to us.

First, Pray to thy Father which is in secret.' God is a God who hides Himself to the carnal eye. As long as in our worship of God we are chiefly occupied with our own thoughts and exercises, we shall not meet Him who is a Spirit, the unseen One. But to the man who withdraws himself from all that is of the world and man, and prepares to wait upon God alone, the Father will reveal Himself. As he forsakes and gives up and shuts out the world, and the life of the world, and surrenders himself to be led of Christ into the secret of God's presence, the light of the Father's love will rise upon him. The secrecy of the inner chamber and the closed door, the entire separation from all around us, is an image of, and so a help to that inner spiritual

609 sanctuary, the secret of God's tabernacle, within the veil, where our spirit truly comes into contact with the Invisible 610 One. And so we are taught, at the very outset of our search 611 after the secret of effectual prayer, to remember that it is in 612 the inner chamber, where we are alone with the Father, that 613 614 we shall learn to pray aright. The Father is in secret: in these words Jesus teaches us where He is waiting us, where He is 615 616 always to be found. Christians often complain that private prayer is not what it should be. They feel weak and sinful, 617 the heart is cold and dark; it is as if they have so little to 618 pray, and in that little no faith or joy. They are discouraged 619 and kept from prayer by the thought that they cannot come 620 621 to the Father as they ought or as they wish. Child of God! listen to your Teacher. He tells you that when you go to 622 623 private prayer your first thought must be: The Father is in secret, the Father waits me there. Just because your heart is 624 cold and prayerless, get you into the presence of the loving 625 626 Father. As a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth you. Do not be thinking of how little you have to bring God. 62.7 628 but of how much He wants to give you. Just place yourself 629 before, and look up into, His face; think of His love, His wonderful, tender, pitying love. Just tell Him how sinful 630 631 and cold and dark all is: it is the Father's loving heart will 632 give light and warmth to yours. O do what Jesus says: Just 633 shut the door, and pray to thy Father which is in secret. Is it not wonderful? to be able to go alone with God, the infinite 634 635 God. And then to look up and say: My Father!

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And thy Father, which seeth in secret, will recompense thee.' Here Jesus assures us that secret prayer cannot be fruitless: its blessing will show itself in our life. We have but in secret, alone with God, to entrust our life before men to Him; He will reward us openly; He will see to it that the answer to prayer be made manifest in His blessing upon us.

643 Our Lord would thus teach us that as infinite Fatherliness. and Faithfulness is that with which God meets us in secret. 644 645 so on our part there should be the childlike simplicity of faith, the confidence that our prayer does bring down a 646 647 blessing. He that cometh to God must believe that He is a 648 rewarder of them that seek Him.' Not on the strong or the fervent feeling with which I pray does the blessing of the 649 650 closet depend, but upon the love and the power of the Father to whom I there entrust my needs. And therefore the 651 652 Master has but one desire: Remember your Father is, and sees and hears in secret; go there and stay there, and go 653 again from there in the confidence: He will recompense. 654 655 Trust Him for it; depend upon Him: prayer to the Father cannot be vain; He will reward you openly. 656

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Still further to confirm this faith in the Father-love of God. Christ speaks a third word: Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of before ye ask Him.' At first sight it might appear as if this thought made prayer less needful: God knows far better than we what we need. But as we get a deeper insight into what prayer really is, this truth will help much to strengthen our faith. It will teach us that we do not need, as the heathen, with the multitude and urgency of our words, to compel an unwilling God to listen to us. It will lead to a holy thoughtfulness and silence in prayer as it suggests the question: Does my Father really know that I need this? It will, when once we have been led by the Spirit to the certainty that our request is indeed something that, according to the Word, we do need for God's glory, give us wonderful confidence to say, My Father knows I need it and must have it. And if there be any delay in the answer, it will teach us in quiet perseverance to hold on: FATHER! THOU KNOWEST I need it. O the blessed liberty and simplicity of a child that Christ our Teacher would fain cultivate in us, as

we draw near to God: let us look up to the Father until His Spirit works it in us. Let us sometimes in our prayers, when we are in danger of being so occupied with our fervent, urgent petitions, as to forget that the Father knows and hears, let us hold still and just quietly say: My Father sees, my Father hears, my Father knows; it will help our faith to take the answer, and to say: We know that we have the petitions we have asked of Him.

And now, all ye who have anew entered the school of Christ to be taught to pray, take these lessons, practise them, and trust Him to perfect you in them. Dwell much in the inner chamber, with the door shut—shut in from men, shut up with God; it is there the Father waits you, it is there Jesus will teach you to pray. To be alone in secret with THE FATHER: this be your highest joy. To be assured that THE FATHER will openly reward the secret prayer, so that it cannot remain unblessed: this be your strength day by day. And to know that THE FATHER knows that you need what you ask; this be your liberty to bring every need, in the assurance that your God will supply it according to His riches in Glory in Christ Jesus.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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 Blessed Saviour! with my whole heart I do bless Thee for the appointment of the inner chamber, as the school where Thou meetest each of Thy pupils alone, and revealest to him the Father. O my Lord! strengthen my faith so in the Father's tender love and kindness, that as often as I feel sinful or troubled, the first instinctive thought may be to go where I know the Father waits me, and where prayer never

711 can go unblessed. Let the thought that He knows my need before I ask, bring me, in great restfulness of faith, to trust 712 that He will give what His child requires. O let the place of 713 secret prayer become to me the most beloved spot of earth. 714 715 716 And, Lord! hear me as I pray that Thou wouldest everywhere bless the closets of Thy believing people. Let 717 718 Thy wonderful revelation of a Father's tenderness free all young Christians from every thought of secret prayer as a 719 duty or a burden, and lead them to regard it as the highest 720 72.1 privilege of their life, a joy and a blessing. Bring back all who are discouraged, because they cannot find ought to 722 723 bring Thee in prayer. O give them to understand that they have only to come with their emptiness to Him who has all 724 to give, and delights to do it. Not, what they have to bring 725 the Father, but what the Father waits to give them, be their 726 727 one thought. 728 And bless especially the inner chamber of all Thy servants 729 who are working for Thee, as the place where God's truth 730 and God's grace is revealed to them, where they are daily 731 anointed with fresh oil, where their strength is renewed, and 732 733 the blessings are received in faith, with which they are to 734 bless their fellow-men. Lord, draw us all in the closet nearer 735 to Thyself and the Father. Amen. 736 737 738 739 FOURTH LESSON

741 After this manner pray;'

Or, The Model Prayer.

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After this manner therefore pray ye: Our Father which art in heaven.'—Matt. vi. 9.

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EVERY teacher knows the power of example. He not only 748 tells the child what to do and how to do it, but shows him 749 how it really can be done. In condescension to our 750 weakness, our heavenly Teacher has given us the very 751 752 words we are to take with us as we draw near to our Father We have in them a form of prayer in which there breathe 753 the freshness and fulness of the Eternal Life. So simple that 754 the child can lisp it, so divinely rich that it comprehends all 755 that God can give. A form of prayer that becomes the model 756 and inspiration for all other prayer, and yet always draws us 757 back to itself as the deepest utterance of our souls before 758

759 760 our God

Our Father which art in heaven!' To appreciate this word of 761 762 adoration aright, I must remember that none of the saints had in Scripture ever ventured to address God as their 763 Father. The invocation places us at once in the centre of the 764 wonderful revelation the Son came to make of His Father as 765 our Father too. It comprehends the mystery of redemption— 766 767 Christ delivering us from the curse that we might become the children of God. The mystery of regeneration—the 768 769 Spirit in the new birth giving us the new life. And the mystery of faith—ere yet the redemption is accomplished or 770 771 understood, the word is given on the lips of the disciples to prepare them for the blessed experience still to come. The 772 words are the key to the whole prayer, to all prayer. It takes 773 time, it takes life to study them; it will take eternity to 774 understand them fully. The knowledge of God's Father-love 775 776 is the first and simplest, but also the last and highest lesson 777 in the school of prayer. It is in the personal relation to the living God, and the personal conscious fellowship of love 778

with Himself, that prayer begins. It is in the knowledge of God's Fatherliness, revealed by the Holy Spirit, that the power of prayer will be found to root and grow. In the infinite tenderness and pity and patience of the infinite Father, in His loving readiness to hear and to help, the life of prayer has its joy. O let us take time, until the Spirit has made these words to us spirit and truth, filling heart and life: Our Father which art in heaven.' Then we are indeed within the veil, in the secret place of power where prayer always prevails.

Hallowed be Thy name.' There is something here that strikes us at once. While we ordinarily first bring our own needs to God in prayer, and then think of what belongs to God and His interests, the Master reverses the order. First, Thy name, Thy kingdom, Thy will; then, give us, forgive us, lead us, deliver us. The lesson is of more importance than we think. In true worship the Father must be first, must be all. The sooner I learn to forget myself in the desire that HE may be glorified, the richer will the blessing be that prayer will bring to myself. No one ever loses by what he sacrifices for the Father.

This must influence all our prayer. There are two sorts of prayer: personal and intercessory. The latter ordinarily occupies the lesser part of our time and energy. This may not be. Christ has opened the school of prayer specially to train intercessors for the great work of bringing down, by their faith and prayer, the blessings of His work and love on the world around. There can be no deep growth in prayer unless this be made our aim. The little child may ask of the father only what it needs for itself; and yet it soon learns to say, Give some for sister too. But the grown-up son, who only lives for the father's interest and takes charge of the

813 father's business, asks more largely, and gets all that is 814 asked And Jesus would train us to the blessed life of consecration and service, in which our interests are all 815 subordinate to the Name, and the Kingdom, and the Will of 816 817 the Father. O let us live for this, and let, on each act of 818 adoration. Our Father! there follow in the same breath Thy Name, Thy Kingdom, Thy Will:—for this we look up and 819 820 long. 821 822 Hallowed be Thy name.' What name? This new name of 823 Father. The word Holy is the central word of the Old Testament; the name Father of the New. In this name of 824 825 Love all the holiness and glory of God are now to be revealed. And how is the name to be hallowed? By God 826 827 Himself: I will hallow My great name which ye have profaned.' Our prayer must be that in ourselves, in all God's 828 children, in presence of the world, God Himself would 829 830 reveal the holiness, the Divine power, the hidden glory of the name of Father. The Spirit of the Father is the Holy 831 Spirit: it is only when we yield ourselves to be led of Him, 832 that the name will be hallowed in our prayers and our lives. 833 Let us learn the prayer: Our Father, hallowed be Thy name.' 834 835 836 Thy kingdom come.' The Father is a King and has a 837 kingdom. The son and heir of a king has no higher ambition than the glory of his father's kingdom. In time of war or 838 839 danger this becomes his passion; he can think of nothing else. The children of the Father are here in the enemy's 840 territory, where the kingdom, which is in heaven, is not yet 841 842 fully manifested. What more natural than that, when they learn to hallow the Father-name, they should long and cry 843 with deep enthusiasm: Thy kingdom come.' The coming of 844 the kingdom is the one great event on which the revelation 845

of the Father's glory, the blessedness of His children, the

salvation of the world depends. On our prayers too the coming of the kingdom waits. Shall we not join in the deep longing cry of the redeemed: Thy kingdom come'? Let us learn it in the school of Jesus

Thy will be done, as in heaven, so on earth.' This petition is too frequently applied alone to the suffering of the will of God. In heaven God's will is done, and the Master teaches the child to ask that the will may be done on earth just as in heaven: in the spirit of adoring submission and ready obedience. Because the will of God is the glory of heaven, the doing of it is the blessedness of heaven. As the will is done, the kingdom of heaven comes into the heart. And wherever faith has accepted the Father's love, obedience accepts the Father's will. The surrender to, and the prayer for a life of heaven-like obedience, is the spirit of childlike

 prayer.

Give us this day our daily bread.' When first the child has yielded himself to the Father in the care for His Name, His Kingdom, and His Will, he has full liberty to ask for his daily bread. A master cares for the food of his servant, a general of his soldiers, a father of his child. And will not the Father in heaven care for the child who has in prayer given himself up to His interests? We may indeed in full confidence say: Father, I live for Thy honour and Thy work; I know Thou carest for me. Consecration to God and His will gives wonderful liberty in prayer for temporal things: the whole earthly life is given to the Father's loving care.

And forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our debtors.' As bread is the first need of the body, so forgiveness for the soul. And the provision for the one is as sure as for the other. We are children but sinners too; our

right of access to the Father's presence we owe to the precious blood and the forgiveness it has won for us. Let us beware of the prayer for forgiveness becoming a formality: only what is really confessed is really forgiven. Let us in faith accept the forgiveness as promised: as a spiritual reality, an actual transaction between God and us, it is the entrance into all the Father's love and all the privileges of children. Such forgiveness, as a living experience, is impossible without a forgiving spirit to others: as forgiven expresses the heavenward, so forgiving the earthward. relation of God's child. In each prayer to the Father I must be able to say that I know of no one whom I do not heartily love

And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil one.' Our daily bread, the pardon of our sins, and then our being kept from all sin and the power of the evil one, in these three petitions all our personal need is comprehended. The prayer for bread and pardon must be accompanied by the surrender to live in all things in holy obedience to the Father's will, and the believing prayer in everything to be kept by the power of the indwelling Spirit from the power of the evil one

Children of God! it is thus Jesus would have us to pray to the Father in heaven. O let His Name, and Kingdom, and Will, have the first place in our love; His providing, and pardoning, and keeping love will be our sure portion. So the prayer will lead us up to the true child-life: the Father all to the child, the Father all for the child. We shall understand how Father and child, the Thine and the Our, are all one, and how the heart that begins its prayer with the Goddevoted THINE, will have the power in faith to speak out the OUR too. Such prayer will, indeed, be the fellowship

and interchange of love, always bringing us back in trust and worship to Him who is not only the Beginning but the End: FOR THINE IS THE KINGDOM, AND THE POWER, AND THE GLORY, FOR EVER, AMEN.' Son of the Father, teach us to pray, OUR FATHER.'

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O Thou who art the only-begotten Son, teach us, we beseech Thee, to pray, OUR FATHER.' We thank Thee, Lord, for these Living Blessed Words which Thou has given us. We thank Thee for the millions who in them have learnt to know and worship the Father, and for what they have been to us. Lord! it is as if we needed days and weeks in Thy school with each separate petition; so deep and full are they. But we look to Thee to lead us deeper into their meaning: do it, we pray Thee, for Thy Name's sake; Thy name is Son of the Father.

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936 Lord! Thou didst once say: No man knoweth the Father 937 save the Son, and he to whom the Son willeth to reveal 938 Him.' And again: I made known unto them Thy name, and 939 will make it known, that the love wherewith Thou hast loved Me may be in them.' Lord Jesus! reveal to us the 940 941 Father. Let His name, His infinite Father-love, the love with which He loved Thee, according to Thy prayer, BE IN US. 942 Then shall we say aright, OUR FATHER!' Then shall we 943 944 apprehend Thy teaching, and the first spontaneous breathing of our heart will be: Our Father, Thy Name, Thy Kingdom, 945 Thy Will.' And we shall bring our needs and our sins and 946 our temptations to Him in the confidence that the love of 947 948 such a Father care for all.

949 950 Blessed Lord! we are Thy scholars, we trust Thee; do teach us to pray, OUR FATHER.' Amen. 951 952 953 954 955 FIFTH LESSON. 956 Ask, and it shall be given you; 957 958 959 Or, The Certainty of the Answer to Prayer. 960 961 Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you: for every one that 962 asketh receiveth, and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that 963 knocketh it shall be opened,'—Matt. vii. 7, 8. 964 965 966 Ye ask, and receive not, because ye ask amiss.'—Jas. iv. 3. 967 OUR Lord returns here in the Sermon on the Mount a 968 969 second time to speak of prayer. The first time He had 970 spoken of the Father who is to be found in secret, and 971 rewards openly, and had given us the pattern prayer (Matt. 972 vi. 5-15). Here He wants to teach us what in all Scripture is 973 considered the chief thing in prayer: the assurance that prayer will be heard and answered. Observe how He uses 974 975 words which mean almost the same thing, and each time repeats the promise so distinctly: Ye shall receive, ye shall 976 find, it shall be opened unto you;' and then gives as ground 977 978 for such assurance the law of the kingdom: He that asketh, receiveth; he that seeketh, findeth; to him that knocketh, it 979 shall be opened.' We cannot but feel how in this sixfold 980 repetition He wants to impress deep on our minds this one 981 truth, that we may and must most confidently expect an 982

answer to our prayer. Next to the revelation of the Father's love, there is, in the whole course of the school of prayer, not a more important lesson than this: Every one that asketh, receiveth.

In the three words the Lord uses, ask, seek, knock, a difference in meaning has been sought. If such was indeed His purpose, then the first, ASK, refers to the gifts we pray for. But I may ask and receive the gift without the Giver. SEEK is the word Scripture uses of God Himself; Christ assures me that I can find Himself. But it is not enough to find God in time of need, without coming to abiding fellowship: KNOCK speaks of admission to dwell with Him and in Him. Asking and receiving the gift would thus lead to seeking and finding the Giver, and this again to the knocking and opening of the door of the Father's home and love. One thing is sure: the Lord does want us to count most certainly on it that asking, seeking, knocking, cannot be in vain: receiving an answer, finding God, the opened heart and home of God, are the certain fruit of prayer.

That the Lord should have thought it needful in so many forms to repeat the truth, is a lesson of deep import. It proves that He knows our heart, how doubt and distrust toward God are natural to us, and how easily we are inclined to rest in prayer as a religious work without an answer. He knows too how, even when we believe that God is the Hearer of prayer, believing prayer that lays hold of the promise, is something spiritual, too high and difficult for the half-hearted disciple. He therefore at the very outset of His instruction to those who would learn to pray, seeks to lodge this truth deep into their hearts: prayer does avail much; ask and ye shall receive; every one that asketh, receiveth. This is the fixed eternal law of the kingdom: if

1017 you ask and receive not, it must be because there is 1018 something amiss or wanting in the prayer. Hold on; let the Word and the Spirit teach you to pray aright, but do not let 1019 go the confidence He seeks to waken: Every one that asketh, 1020 receiveth 1021

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Ask, and it shall be given you.' Christ has no mightier stimulus to persevering prayer in His school than this. As a child has to prove a sum to be correct, so the proof that we have prayed aright is, the answer. If we ask and receive not, it is because we have not learned to pray aright. Let every learner in the school of Christ therefore take the Master's word in all simplicity: Every one that asketh, receiveth. He had good reasons for speaking so unconditionally. Let us beware of weakening the Word with our human wisdom. When He tells us heavenly things, let us believe Him: His Word will explain itself to him who believes it fully. If questions and difficulties arise, let us not seek to have them settled before we accept the Word. No: let us entrust them all to Him: it is His to solve them: our work is first and fully to accept and hold fast His promise. Let in our inner chamber, in the inner chamber of our heart too, the Word be inscribed in letters of light: Every one that asketh, receiveth.

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According to this teaching of the Master, prayer consists of two parts, has two sides, a human and a Divine. The human is the asking, the Divine is the giving. Or, to look at both from the human side, there is the asking and the receiving the two halves that make up a whole. It is as if He would tell us that we are not to rest without an answer, because it is the will of God, the rule in the Father's family: every childlike believing petition is granted. If no answer comes, we are not to sit down in the sloth that calls itself

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resignation, and suppose that it is not God's will to give an

answer. No; there must be something in the prayer that is not as God would have it, childlike and believing; we must seek for grace to pray so that the answer may come. It is far easier to the flesh to submit without the answer than to yield itself to be searched and purified by the Spirit, until it has learnt to pray the prayer of faith.

It is one of the terrible marks of the diseased state of Christian life in these days, that there are so many who rest content without the distinct experience of answer to prayer. They pray daily, they ask many things, and trust that some of them will be heard, but know little of direct definite answer to prayer as the rule of daily life. And it is this the Father wills: He seeks daily intercourse with His children in listening to and granting their petitions. he wills that I should come to Him day by day with distinct requests; He wills day by day to do for me what I ask. It was in His answer to prayer that the saints of old learned to know God as the Living One, and were stirred to praise and love (Ps. xxxiv., lxvi. 19, cxvi. 1). Our Teacher waits to imprint this upon our minds: prayer and its answer, the child asking and the father giving, belong to each other.

There may be cases in which the answer is a refusal, because the request is not according to God's Word, as when Moses asked to enter Canaan. But still, there was an answer: God did not leave His servant in uncertainty as to His will. The gods of the heathen are dumb and cannot speak. Our Father lets His child know when He cannot give him what he asks, and he withdraws his petition, even as the Son did in Gethsemane. Both Moses the servant and Christ the Son knew that what they asked was not according to what the Lord had spoken: their prayer was the humble supplication whether it was not possible for the decision to

be changed. God will teach those who are teachable and give Him time, by His Word and Spirit, whether their request be according to His will or not. Let us withdraw the request, if it be not according to God's mind, or persevere till the answer come. Prayer is appointed to obtain the answer. It is in prayer and its answer that the interchange of love between the Father and His child takes place.

How deep the estrangement of our heart from God must be, that we find it so difficult to grasp such promises. Even while we accept the words and believe their truth, the faith of the heart, that fully has them and rejoices in them, comes so slowly. It is because our spiritual life is still so weak, and the capacity for taking God's thoughts is so feeble. But let us look to Jesus to teach us as none but He can teach. If we take His words in simplicity, and trust Him by His Spirit to make them within us life and power, they will so enter into our inner being, that the spiritual Divine reality of the truth they contain will indeed take possession of us, and we shall not rest content until every petition we offer is borne heavenward on Jesus' own words: Ask, and it shall be given you.'

Beloved fellow-disciples in the school of Jesus! let us set ourselves to learn this lesson well. Let us take these words just as they were spoken. Let us not suffer human reason to weaken their force. Let us take them as Jesus gives them, and believe them. He will teach us in due time how to understand them fully: let us begin by implicitly believing them. Let us take time, as often as we pray, to listen to His voice: Every one that asketh, receiveth. Let us not make the feeble experiences of our unbelief the measure of what our faith may expect. Let us seek, not only just in our seasons of prayer, but at all times, to hold fast the joyful assurance:

1119 man's prayer on earth and God's answer in heaven are meant for each other. Let us trust Jesus to teach us so to 1120 pray that the answer can come. He will do it, if we hold fast 1121 the word He gives today: Ask, and ye shall receive.' 1122 1123 1124 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.' 1125 1126 -()-1127 O Lord Jesus! teach me to understand and believe what 1128 Thou hast now promised me. It is not hid from Thee, O my 1129 Lord, with what reasonings my heart seeks to satisfy itself, 1130 when no answer comes. There is the thought that my prayer 1131 is not in harmony with the Father's secret counsel; that 1132 there is perhaps something better Thou wouldest give me; 1133 or that prayer as fellowship with God is blessing enough 1134 without an answer. And yet, my blessed Lord, I find in Thy 1135 teaching on prayer that Thou didst not speak of these things. 1136 but didst say so plainly, that prayer may and must expect an 1137 answer. Thou dost assure us that this is the fellowship of a 1138 1139 child with the Father: the child asks and the Father gives. 1140 Blessed Lord! Thy words are faithful and true. It must be, 1141 1142 because I pray amiss, that my experience of answered prayer is not clearer. It must be, because I live too little in 1143 the Spirit, that my prayer is too little in the Spirit, and that 1144 1145 the power for the prayer of faith is wanting. 1146 Lord! teach me to pray. Lord Jesus! I trust Thee for it; teach 1147 me to pray in faith. Lord! teach me this lesson of today: 1148 Every one that asketh receiveth. Amen. 1149 1150 1151 1152

1153 SIXTH LESSON 1154 1155 How much more?' 1156 1157 Or, The Infinite Fatherliness of God. 1158 Or what man is there of you, who, if his son ask him for a 1159 1160 loaf, will give him a stone; or if he shall ask for a fish, will give him a serpent? If ye then, being evil, know how to give 1161 good gifts unto your children, how much more shall your 1162 Father which is in heaven give good things to them that ask 1163 Him?'—Matt. vii. 9-11 1164 1165 IN these words our Lord proceeds further to confirm what 1166 He had said of the certainty of an answer to prayer. To 1167 remove all doubt, and show us on what sure ground His 1168 promise rests, He appeals to what every one has seen and 1169 1170 experienced here on earth. We are all children, and know what we expected of our fathers. We are fathers, or 1171 continually see them; and everywhere we look upon it as 1172 1173 the most natural thing there can be, for a father to hear his child. And the Lord asks us to look up from earthly parents. 1174 of whom the best are but evil, and to calculate HOW 1175 1176 MUCH MORE the heavenly Father will give good gifts to them that ask Him. Jesus would lead us up to see, that as 1177 much greater as God is than sinful man, so much greater our 1178 1179 assurance ought to be that He will more surely than any earthly father grant our childlike petitions. As much greater 1180 as God is than man, so much surer is it that prayer will be 1181 heard with the Father in heaven than with a father on earth 1182 1183 1184 As simple and intelligible as this parable is, so deep and spiritual is the teaching it contains. The Lord would remind 1185 us that the prayer of a child owes its influence entirely to 1186

the relation in which he stands to the parent. The prayer can exert that influence only when the child is really living in that relationship, in the home, in the love, in the service of the Father. The power of the promise, Ask, and it shall be given you,' lies in the loving relationship between us as children and the Father in heaven; when we live and walk in that relationship, the prayer of faith and its answer will be the natural result. And so the lesson we have today in the school of prayer is this: Live as a child of God, then you will be able to pray as a child, and as a child you will most assuredly be heard.

And what is the true child-life? The answer can be found in any home. The child that by preference forsakes the father's house, that finds no pleasure in the presence and love and obedience of the father, and still thinks to ask and obtain what he will, will surely be disappointed. On the contrary, he to whom the intercourse and will and honour and love of the father are the joy of his life, will find that it is the father's joy to grant his requests. Scripture says, As many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the children of God:' the childlike privilege of asking all is inseparable from the childlike life under the leading of the Spirit. He that gives himself to be led by the Spirit in his life, will be led by Him in his prayers too. And he will find that Fatherlike giving is the Divine response to childlike living.

To see what this childlike living is, in which childlike asking and believing have their ground, we have only to notice what our Lord teaches in the Sermon on the Mount of the Father and His children. In it the prayer-promises are imbedded in the life-precepts; the two are inseparable. They form one whole; and He alone can count on the fulfilment of the promise, who accepts too all that the Lord has

connected with it. It is as if in speaking the word, Ask, and ve shall receive,' He says: I give these promises to those whom in the beatitudes I have pictured in their childlike poverty and purity, and of whom I have said. They shall be called the children of God' (Matt. v. 3-9): to children, who let your light shine before men, so that they may glorify your Father in heaven:' to those who walk in love, that ye may be children of your Father which is in heaven,' and who seek to be perfect even as your Father in heaven is perfect' (v. 45): to those whose fasting and praying and almsgiving (vi. 1-18) is not before men, but before your Father which seeth in secret;' who forgive even as your Father forgiveth you' (vi. 15); who trust the heavenly Father in all earthly need, seeking first the kingdom of God and His righteousness (vi. 26-32); who not only say, Lord, Lord, but do the will of my Father which is in heaven (vii. 21). Such are the children of the Father, and such is the life in the Father's love and service: in such a child-life answered prayers are certain and abundant.

But will not such teaching discourage the feeble one? If we are first to answer to this portrait of a child, must not many give up all hope of answers to prayer? The difficulty is removed if we think again of the blessed name of father and child. A child is weak; there is a great difference among children in age and gift. The Lord does not demand of us a perfect fulfilment of the law; no, but only the childlike and whole-hearted surrender to live as a child with Him in obedience and truth. Nothing more. But also, nothing less. The Father must have the whole heart. When this is given, and He sees the child with honest purpose and steady will seeking in everything to be and live as a child, then our prayer will count with Him as the prayer of a child. Let any one simply and honestly begin to study the Sermon on the

Mount and take it as his guide in life, and he will find, notwithstanding weakness and failure, an ever-growing liberty to claim the fulfilment of its promises in regard to prayer. In the names of father and child he has the pledge that his petitions will be granted.

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This is the one chief thought on which Jesus dwells here. 1261 1262 and which He would have all His scholars take in He would have us see that the secret of effectual prayer is: to 1263 have the heart filled with the Father-love of God. It is not 1264 enough for us to know that God is a Father: He would have 1265 us take time to come under the full impression of what that 1266 1267 name implies. We must take the best earthly father we know; we must think of the tenderness and love with which 1268 he regards the request of his child, the love and joy with 1269 which he grants every reasonable desire; we must then, as 1270 we think in adoring worship of the infinite Love and 1271 1272 Fatherliness of God, consider with how much more tenderness and joy He sees us come to Him, and gives us 1273 1274 what we ask aright. And then, when we see how much this 1275 Divine arithmetic is beyond our comprehension, and feel how impossible it is for us to apprehend God's readiness to 1276 1277 hear us, then He would have us come and open our heart for 1278 the Holy Spirit to shed abroad God's Father-love there. Let 1279 us do this not only when we want to pray, but let us yield heart and life to dwell in that love. The child who only 1280 1281 wants to know the love of the father when he has something to ask, will be disappointed. But he who lets God be Father 1282 always and in everything, who would fain live his whole 1283 life in the Father's presence and love, who allows God in all 1284 the greatness of His love to be a Father to him, oh! he will 1285 experience most gloriously that a life in God's infinite 1286 Fatherliness and continual answers to prayer are 1287 1288 inseparable.

Beloved fellow-disciple! we begin to see what the reason is that we know so little of daily answers to prayer, and what the chief lesson is which the Lord has for us in His school. It is all in the name of Father. We thought of new and deeper insight into some of the mysteries of the prayerworld as what we should get in Christ's school; He tells us the first is the highest lesson; we must learn to say well, Abba, Father!' Our Father which art in heaven.' He that can say this, has the key to all prayer. In all the compassion with which a father listens to his weak or sickly child, in all the joy with which he hears his stammering child, in all the gentle patience with which he bears with a thoughtless child, we must, as in so many mirrors, study the heart of our Father, until every prayer be borne upward on the faith of this Divine word: How much more shall your heavenly Father give good gifts to them that ask Him.'

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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Blessed Lord! Thou knowest that this, though it be one of the first and simplest and most glorious lessons in Thy school, is to our hearts one of the hardest to learn: we know so little of the love of the Father. Lord! teach us so to live with the Father that His love may be to us nearer, clearer, dearer, than the love of any earthly father. And let the assurance of His hearing our prayer be as much greater than the confidence in an earthly parent, as the heavens are higher than earth, as God is infinitely greater than man. Lord! show us that it is only our unchildlike distance from the Father that hinders the answer to prayer, and lead us on to the true life of God's children. Lord Jesus! it is fatherlike

1323 love that wakens childlike trust. O reveal to us the Father. and His tender, pitying love, that we may become childlike, 1324 and experience how in the child-life lies the power of 1325 prayer. 1326 1327 Blessed Son of God! the Father loveth Thee and hath given 1328 Thee all things. And Thou lovest the Father, and hast done 1329 1330 all things He commanded Thee, and therefore hast the power to ask all things. Lord! give us Thine own Spirit, the 1331 Spirit of the Son. Make us childlike, as Thou wert on earth. 1332 And let every prayer be breathed in the faith that as the 1333 heaven is higher than the earth, so God's Father-love, and 1334 His readiness to give us what we ask, surpasses all we can 1335 think or conceive Amen 1336 1337 NOTE.^1 1338 1339 1340 Your Father which is in heaven.' Alas! we speak of it only as the utterance of a reverential homage. We think of it as a 1341 figure borrowed from an earthly life, and only in some faint 1342 and shallow meaning to be used of God. We are afraid to 1343 take God as our own tender and pitiful father. He is a 1344 schoolmaster, or almost farther off than that, and knowing 1345 1346 less about us—an inspector, who knows nothing of us except through our lessons. His eyes are not on the scholar, 1347 but on the book, and all alike must come up to the standard. 1348 1349 Now open the ears of the heart, timid child of God; let it go 1350 sinking right down into the inner most depths of the soul. 1351 Here is the starting-point of holiness, in the love and 1352 patience and pity of our heavenly Father. We have not to 1353 learn to be holy as a hard lesson at school, that we may 1354 make God think well of us; we are to learn it at home with 1355 the Father to help us. God loves you not because you are

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clever not because you are good, but because He is your Father. The Cross of Christ does not make God love us; it is the outcome and measure of His love to us. He loves all His children, the clumsiest, the dullest, the worst of His children. His love lies at the back of everything, and we must get upon that as the solid foundation of our religious life, not growing up into that, but growing up out if it. We must begin there or our beginning will come to nothing. Do take hold of this mightily. We must go out of ourselves for any hope, or any strength, or any confidence. And what hope, what strength, what confidence may be ours now that we begin here, your Father which is in heaven!

 We need to get in at the tenderness and helpfulness which lie in these words, and to rest upon it—your Father. Speak them over to yourself until something of the wonderful truth is felt by us. It means that I am bound to God by the closest and tenderest relationship; that I have a right to His love and His power and His blessing, such as nothing else could give me. O the boldness with which we can draw near! O the great things we have a right to ask for! Your Father. It means that all His infinite love and patience and wisdom bend over me to help me. In this relationship lies not only the possibility of holiness; there is infinitely more than that.

Here we are to begin, in the patient love of our Father. Think how He knows us apart and by ourselves, in all our peculiarities, and in all our weaknesses and difficulties. The master judges by the result, but our Father judges by the effort. Failure does not always mean fault. He knows how much things cost, and weighs them where others only measure. YOUR FATHER. Think how great store His love sets by the poor beginnings of the little ones, clumsy and unmeaning as they may be to others. All this lies in this

1391 blessed relationship and infinitely more. Do not fear to take 1392 it all as your own. 1393 ^1From Thoughts on Holiness, by Mark Guy Pearse. What 1394 is so beautifully said of the knowledge of God's 1395 Fatherliness as the starting-point of holiness is no less true 1396 of prayer. 1397 1398 1399 1400 SEVENTH LESSON. 1401 1402 How much more the Holy Spirit; 1403 1404 1405 Or, The All-Comprehensive Gift. 1406 If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto 1407 your children, how much more shall the heavenly Father 1408 give the Holy Spirit to them that ask Him?'—Luke xi. 13. 1409 1410 IN the Sermon on the Mount, the Lord had already given 1411 utterance to His wonderful HOW MUCH MORE? Here in 1412 Luke, where He repeats the question, there is a difference. 1413 Instead of speaking, as then of giving good gifts, He says, 1414 How much more shall the heavenly Father give THE HOLY 1415 SPIRIT?' He thus teaches us that the chief and the best of 1416 1417 these gifts is the Holy Spirit, or rather, that in this gift all others are comprised The Holy Spirit is the first of the 1418 Father's gifts, and the one He delights most to bestow. The 1419 Holy Spirit is therefore the gift we ought first and chiefly to 1420 1421 seek. 1422 The unspeakable worth of this gift we can easily 1423 understand. Jesus spoke of the Spirit as the promise of the 1424

1425 Father;' the one promise in which God's Fatherhood 1426 revealed itself. The best gift a good and wise father can bestow on a child on earth is his own spirit. This is the great 1427 object of a father in education—to reproduce in his child his 1428 1429 own disposition and character. If the child is to know and 1430 understand his father; if, as he grows up, he is to enter into all his will and plans; if he is to have his highest joy in the 1431 father, and the father in him,—he must be of one mind and 1432 spirit with him. And so it is impossible to conceive of God 1433 bestowing any higher gift on His child than this. His own 1434 Spirit. God is what He is through His Spirit; the Spirit is the 1435 very life of God. Just think what it means—God giving His 1436 own Spirit to His child on earth. 1437

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1439 Or was not this the glory of Jesus as a Son upon earth, that the Spirit of the Father was in Him? At His baptism in 1440 Jordan the two things were united,—the voice, proclaiming 1441 1442 Him the Beloved Son, and the Spirit, descending upon Him. And so the apostle says of us. Because ve are sons, God 1443 sent forth the Spirit of His Son into your hearts, crying, 1444 1445 Abba, Father.' A king seeks in the whole education of his 1446 son to call forth in him a kingly spirit. Our Father in heaven desires to educate us as His children for the holy, heavenly 1447 1448 life in which He dwells, and for this gives us, from the 1449 depths of His heart, His own Spirit. It was this which was the whole aim of Jesus when, after having made atonement 1450 1451 with His own blood, He entered for us into God's presence. that He might obtain for us, and send down to dwell in us, 1452 the Holy Spirit. As the Spirit of the Father, and of the Son, 1453 the whole life and love of the Father and the Son are in 1454 Him; and, coming down into us. He lifts us up into their 1455 1456 fellowship. As Spirit of the Father, He sheds abroad the Father's love, with which He loved the Son, in our hearts, 1457 and teaches us to live in it. As Spirit of the Son, He breathes 1458

in us the childlike liberty, and devotion, and obedience in which the Son lived upon earth. The Father can bestow no higher or more wonderful gift than this: His own Holy Spirit, the Spirit of sonship.

This truth naturally suggests the thought that this first and chief gift of God must be the first and chief object of all prayer. For every need of the spiritual life this is the one thing needful, the Holy Spirit. All the fulness is in Jesus; the fulness of grace and truth, out of which we receive grace for grace. The Holy Spirit is the appointed conveyancer, whose special work it is to make Jesus and all there is in Him for us ours in personal appropriation, in blessed experience. He is the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus; as wonderful as the life is, so wonderful is the provision by which such an agent is provided to communicate it to us. If we but yield ourselves entirely to the disposal of the Spirit, and let Him have His way with us, He will manifest the life of Christ within us. He will do this with a Divine power, maintaining the life of Christ in us in uninterrupted continuity. Surely, if there is one prayer that should draw us to the Father's throne and keep us there, it is this: for the Holy Spirit, whom we as children have received, to stream into us and out from us in greater fulness.

In the variety of the gifts which the Spirit has to dispense, He meets the believer's every need. Just think of the names He bears. The Spirit of grace, to reveal and impart all of grace there is in Jesus. The Spirit of faith, teaching us to begin and go on and increase in ever believing. The Spirit of adoption and assurance, who witnesses that we are God's children, and inspires the confiding and confident Abba, Father! The Spirit of truth, to lead into all truth, to make each word of God ours in deed and in truth. The Spirit of

1493 prayer, through whom we speak with the Father; prayer that must be heard. The Spirit of judgment and burning, to 1494 search the heart, and convince of sin. The Spirit of holiness, 1495 manifesting and communicating the Father's holy presence 1496 within us. The Spirit of power, through whom we are strong 1497 to testify boldly and work effectually in the Father's 1498 service. The Spirit of glory, the pledge of our inheritance, 1499 the preparation and the foretaste of the glory to come. 1500 Surely the child of God needs but one thing to be able really 1501 to live as a child: it is, to be filled with this Spirit. 1502

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1504 And now, the lesson Jesus teaches us today in His school is this: That the Father is just longing to give Him to us if we 1505 will but ask in the childlike dependence on what He says: If 1506 ye know to give good gifts unto your children, HOW 1507 MUCH MORE shall your heavenly Father give the Holy 1508 Spirit to them that ask Him.' In the words of God's promise, 1509 1510 I will pour out my Spirit abundantly; and of His command, Be ve filled with the Spirit' we have the measure of what 1511 God is ready to give, and what we may obtain. As God's 1512 children, we have already received the Spirit. But we still 1513 need to ask and pray for His special gifts and operations as 1514 we require them. And not only this, but for Himself to take 1515 1516 complete and entire possession; for His unceasing momentary guidance. Just as the branch, already filled with 1517 the sap of the vine, is ever crying for the continued and 1518 1519 increasing flow of that sap, that it may bring its fruit to perfection, so the believer, rejoicing in the possession of the 1520 Spirit, ever thirsts and cries for more. And what the great 1521 Teacher would have us learn is, that nothing less than God's 1522 promise and God's command may be the measure of our 1523

expectation and our prayer; we must be filled abundantly.

He would have us ask this in the assurance that the

wonderful HOW MUCH MORE of God's Father-love is the 1526 pledge that, when we ask, we do most certainly receive. 1527 1528 Let us now believe this. As we pray to be filled with the 1529 1530 Spirit, let us not seek for the answer in our feelings. All 1531 spiritual blessings must be received, that is, accepted or taken in faith.^1 Let me believe, the Father gives the Holy 1532 1533 Spirit to His praying child. Even now, while I pray, I must say in faith: I have what I ask, the fulness of the Spirit is 1534 mine. Let us continue stedfast in this faith. On the strength 1535 of God's Word we know that we have what we ask. Let us, 1536 with thanksgiving that we have been heard, with 1537 thanksgiving for what we have received and taken and now 1538 hold as ours, continue stedfast in believing prayer that the 1539 1540 blessing, which has already been given us, and which we hold in faith, may break through and fill our whole being. It 1541 is in such believing thanksgiving and prayer, that our soul 1542 1543 opens up for the Spirit to take entire and undisturbed possession. It is such prayer that not only asks and hopes. 1544 1545 but takes and holds, that inherits the full blessing. In all our 1546 prayer let us remember the lesson the Saviour would teach us this day, that, if there is one thing on earth we can be 1547 sure of, it is this, that the Father desires to have us filled 1548 1549 with His Spirit, that He delights to give us His Spirit. 1550 1551 And when once we have learned thus to believe for 1552 ourselves, and each day to take out of the treasure we hold in heaven, what liberty and power to pray for the outpouring 1553 of the Spirit on the Church of God, on all flesh, on 1554 individuals, or on special efforts! He that has once learned 1555 to know the Father in prayer for himself, learns to pray most 1556 confidently for others too. The Father gives the Holy Spirit 1557

to them that ask Him, not least, but most, when they ask for

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1561	LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'
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1565	Father in heaven! Thou didst send Thy Son to reveal
1566	Thyself to us, Thy Father-love, and all that that love has for
1567	us. And He has taught us, that the gift above all gifts which
1568	Thou wouldst bestow in answer to prayer is, the Holy Spirit
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1570	O my Father! I come to Thee with this prayer; there is
1571	nothing I would—may I not say, I do—desire so much as to
1572	be filled with the Spirit, the Holy Spirit. The blessings He
1573	brings are so unspeakable, and just what I need. He sheds
1574	abroad Thy love in the heart, and fills it with Thy self. I
1575	long for this. He breathes the mind and life of Christ in me,
1576	so that I live as He did, in and for the Father's love. I long
1577	for this. He endues with power from on high for all my walk
1578	and work. I long for this. O Father! I beseech Thee, give me
1579	this day the fulness of Thy Spirit.
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1581	Father! I ask this, resting on the words of my Lord: HOW
1582	MUCH MORE THE HOLY SPIRIT.' I do believe that
1583	Thou hearest my prayer; I receive now what I ask; Father! I
1584	claim and I take it: the fulness of Thy Spirit is mine. I
1585	receive the gift this day again as a faith gift; in faith I
1586	reckon my Father works through the Spirit all He has
1587	promised. The Father delights to breathe His Spirit into His
1588	waiting child as He tarries in fellowship with Himself.
1589	Amen.
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1591	^1The Greek word for receiving and taking is the same.
1592	When Jesus said, Everyone that asketh receiveth,' He used
1593	the same verb as at the Supper, Take, eat,' or on the

1594 resurrection morning, Receive,' accept, take, the Holy Spirit.' Receiving not only implies God's bestowment, but 1595 1596 our acceptance. 1597 1598 1599 EIGHTH LESSON. 1600 1601 Because of his importunity;' 1602 1603 Or, The Boldness of God's Friends. 1604 1605 And He said unto them, Which of you shall have a friend, 1606 and shall go to him at midnight, and say to him, Friend, lend 1607 me three loaves: for a friend of mine is come to me from a 1608 journey, and I have nothing to set before him' and he from 1609 within shall answer and say, Trouble me not: the door is 1610 now shut, and my children are with me in bed; I cannot rise 1611 and give thee. I say unto you, though he will not rise and 1612 give him because he is his friend, yet because of his 1613 1614 importunity he will rise and give him as many as he needeth.'—Luke xi. 5-8. 1615 1616 1617 THE first teaching to His disciples was given by our Lord in the Sermon on the Mount. It was near a year later that the 1618 disciples asked Jesus to teach them to pray. In answer He 1619 1620 gave them a second time the Lord's Prayer, so teaching them what to pray. He then speaks of how they ought to 1621 pray, and repeats what he formerly said of God's 1622 1623 Fatherliness and the certainty of an answer. But in between He adds the beautiful parable of the friend at midnight, to 1624 teach them the two fold lesson, that God does not only want 1625 us to pray for ourselves, but for the perishing around us, and 1626

1627 that in such intercession great boldness of entreaty is often needful, and always lawful, yea, pleasing to God. 1628

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The parable is a perfect storehouse of instruction in regard 1630 to true intercession. There is, first, the love which seeks to help the needy around us: my friend is come to me.' Then 1632 the need which urges to the cry I have nothing to set before 1633 1634 him.' Then follows the confidence that help is to be had: which of you shall have a friend, and say, Friend, lend me 1635 three loaves.' Then comes the unexpected refusal: I cannot 1636 rise and give thee.' Then again the perseverance that takes 1637 no refusal: because of his importunity.' And lastly, the 1638 reward of such prayer: he will give him as many as he 1639 needeth.' A wonderful setting forth of the way of prayer and 1640 faith in which the blessing of God has so often been sought and found 1642

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Let us confine ourselves to the chief thought: prayer as an appeal to the friendship of God; and we shall find that two lessons are specially suggested. The one, that if we are God's friends, and come as such to Him, we must prove ourselves the friends of the needy; God's friendship to us and ours to others go hand in hand. The other, that when we come thus we may use the utmost liberty in claiming an answer

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There is a twofold use of prayer: the one, to obtain strength and blessing for our own life; the other, the higher, the true glory of prayer, for which Christ has taken us into His fellowship and teaching, is intercession, where prayer is the royal power a child of God exercises in heaven on behalf of others and even of the kingdom. We see it in Scripture, how it was in intercession for others that Abraham and Moses, Samuel and Elijah, with all the holy men of old, proved that

they had power with God and prevailed. It is when we give ourselves to be a blessing that we can specially count on the blessing of God. It is when we draw near to God as the friend of the poor and the perishing that we may count on His friendliness; the righteous man who is the friend of the poor is very specially the friend of God. This gives wonderful liberty in prayer. Lord! I have a needy friend whom I must help. As a friend I have undertaken to help him. In Thee I have a Friend, whose kindness and riches I know to be infinite: I am sure Thou wilt give me what I ask. If I, being evil, am ready to do for my friend what I can, how much more wilt Thou, O my heavenly Friend, now do for Thy friend what he asks?

The question might suggest itself, whether the Fatherhood of God does not give such confidence in prayer, that the thought of His Friendship can hardly teach us anything more: a father is more than a friend. And yet, if we consider it, this pleading the friendship of God opens new wonders to us. That a child obtains what he asks of his father looks so perfectly natural, we almost count it the father's duty to give. But with a friend it is as if the kindness is more free, dependent, not on nature, but on sympathy and character. And then the relation of a child is more that of perfect dependence; two friends are more nearly on a level. And so our Lord, in seeking to unfold to us the spiritual mystery of prayer, would fain have us approach God in this relation too, as those whom He has acknowledged as His friends, whose mind and life are in sympathy with His.

But then we must be living as His friends. I am still a child even when a wanderer; but friendship depends upon the conduct. Ye are my friends if ye do whatsoever I command you.' Thou seest that faith wrought with his works, and by 1695 works was faith made perfect; and the scripture was fulfilled which saith, And Abraham believed God, and he was called 1696 the friend of God.' It is the Spirit, the same Spirit,' that 1697 leads us that also bears witness to our acceptance with God: 1698 1699 likewise, also,' the same Spirit helpeth us in prayer. It is a life as the friend of God that gives the wonderful liberty to 1700 say: I have a friend to whom I can go even at midnight. And 1701 how much more when I go in the very spirit of that 1702 friendliness, manifesting myself the very kindness I look for 1703 in God, seeking to help my friend as I want God to help me. 1704 When I come to God in prayer, He always looks to what the 1705 aim is of my petition. If it be merely for my own comfort or 1706 joy I seek His grace, I do not receive. But if I can say that it 1707 is that He may be glorified in my dispensing His blessings 1708 to others, I shall not ask in vain. Or if I ask for others, but 1709 want to wait until God has made me so rich, that it is no 1710 sacrifice or act of faith to aid them, I shall not obtain. But if 1711 1712 I can say that I have already undertaken for my needy friend, that in my poverty I have already begun the work of 1713 love, because I know I had a friend Who would help me, 1714 1715 my prayer will be heard. Oh, we know not how much the plea avails: the friendship of earth looking in its need to the 1716 friendship of heaven: He will give him as much as he 1717 1718 needeth?

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But not always at once. The one thing by which man can honour and enjoy his God is faith. Intercession is part of faith's training-school. There our friendship with men and with God is tested. There it is seen whether my friendship with the needy is so real, that I will take time and sacrifice my rest, will go even at midnight and not cease until I have obtained for them what I need. There it is seen whether my friendship with God is so clear, that I can depend on Him not to turn me away and therefore pray on until He gives.

O what a deep heavenly mystery this is of persevering prayer. The God who has promised, who longs, whose fixed purpose it is to give the blessing, holds it back. It is to Him a matter of such deep importance that His friends on earth should know and fully trust their rich Friend in heaven, that He trains them, in the school of answer delayed, to find out how their perseverance really does prevail, and what the mighty power is they can wield in heaven, if they do but set themselves to it. There is a faith that sees the promise, and embraces it, and yet does not receive it (Heb. xi. 13, 39). It is when the answer to prayer does not come, and the promise we are most firmly trusting appears to be of none effect, that the trial of faith, more precious than of gold, takes place. It is in this trial that the faith that has embraced the promise is purified and strengthened and prepared in personal, holy fellowship with the living God, to see the glory of God. It takes and holds the promise until it has received the fulfilment of what it had claimed in a living truth in the unseen but living God.

Let each child of God who is seeking to work the work of love in his Father's service take courage. The parent with his child, the teacher with his class, the visitor with his district, the Bible reader with his circle, the preacher with his hearers, each one who, in his little circle, has accepted and is bearing the burden of hungry, perishing souls,—let them all take courage. Nothing is at first so strange to us as that God should really require persevering prayer, that there should be a real spiritual needs-be for importunity. To teach it us, the Master uses this almost strange parable. If the unfriendliness of a selfish earthly friend can be conquered by importunity, how much more will it avail with the heavenly Friend, who does so love to give, but is held back

by our spiritual unfitness, our incapacity to possess what He has to give. O let us thank Him that in delaying His answer He is educating us up to our true position and the exercise of all our power with Him, training us to live with Him in the fellowship of undoubting faith and trust, to be indeed the friends of God. And let us hold fast the threefold cord that cannot be broken: the hungry friend needing the help, and the praying friend seeking the help, and the Mighty Friend, loving to give as much as he needeth.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O my Blessed Lord and Teacher! I must come to Thee in prayer. Thy teaching is so glorious, and yet too high for me to grasp. I must confess that my heart is too little to take in these thoughts of the wonderful boldness I may use with Thy Father as my Friend. Lord Jesus! I trust Thee to give me Thy Spirit with Thy Word, and to make the Word quick and powerful in my heart. I desire to keep Thy Word of this day: Because of his importunity he will give him as many as he needeth.'

Lord! teach me more to know the power of persevering prayer. I know that in it the Father suits Himself to our need of time for the inner life to attain its growth and ripeness, so that His grace may indeed be assimilated and made our very own. I know that He would fain thus train us to the exercise of that strong faith that does not let Him go even in the face of seeming disappointment. I know He wants to lift us to that wonderful liberty, in which we understand how really He has made the dispensing of His gift dependent on our

1796 prayer. Lord! I know this: O teach me to see it in spirit and 1797 truth 1798 And may it now be the joy of my life to become the 1799 almoner of my Rich Friend in heaven, to care for all the 1800 hungry and perishing, even at midnight, because I know 1801 MY FRIEND, who always gives to him who perseveres. 1802 because of his importunity, as many as he needeth. Amen. 1803 1804 1805 1806 1807 NINTH LESSON. 1808 Pray the Lord of the harvest;' 1809 1810 Or, Prayer provides Labourers. 1811 1812 1813 Then saith He unto His disciples, The harvest truly is plenteous, but the labourers are few. Pray ve therefore the 1814 Lord of the harvest, that He will send forth labourers into 1815 His harvest.'—Matt. ix. 37-38. 1816 1817 THE Lord frequently taught His disciples that they must 1818 pray, and how; but seldom what to pray. This he left to their 1819 1820 sense of need, and the leading of the Spirit. But here we have one thing He expressly enjoins them to remember: in 1821 1822 view of the plenteous harvest, and the need of reapers, they must cry to the Lord of the harvest to send forth labourers. 1823 Just as in the parable of the friend at midnight. He would 1824 1825 have them understand that prayer is not to be selfish; so here it is the power through which blessing can come to others. 1826 The Father is Lord of the harvest; when we pray for the 1827 Holy Spirit, we must pray for Him to prepare and send forth 1828 labourers for the work. 1829

Strange, is it not, that He should ask His disciples to pray for this? And could He not pray Himself? And would not one prayer of His avail more than a thousand of theirs? And God, the Lord of the harvest, did He not see the need? And would not He, in His own good time, send forth labourers without their prayer? Such questions lead us up to the deepest mysteries of prayer, and its power in the Kingdom of God. The answer to such questions will convince us that prayer is indeed a power, on which the ingathering of the harvest and the coming of the Kingdom do in very truth depend.

 Prayer is no form or show. The Lord Jesus was Himself the truth; everything He spake was the deepest truth. It was when (see ver. 36) He saw the multitude, and was moved with compassion on them, because they were scattered abroad, as sheep having no shepherd,' that He called on the disciples to pray for labourers to be sent among them. He did so because He really believed that their prayer was needed, and would help. The veil which so hides the invisible world from us was wonderfully transparent to the holy human soul of Jesus. He had looked long and deep and far into the hidden connection of cause and effect in the spirit world. He had marked in God's Word how, when God called men like Abraham and Moses, Joshua and Samuel and Daniel, and given them authority over men in His name. He had at the same time given them authority and right to call in the powers of heaven to their aid as they needed them. He knew that as to these men of old, and to Himself for a time, here upon earth, the work of God had been entrusted, so it was now about to pass over into the hands of His disciples. He knew that when this work should be given in charge to them, it would not be a mere matter of form or show, but that on them, and their being faithful or unfaithful, the success of the work would actually depend. As a single individual, within the limitations of a human body and a human life, Jesus feels how little a short visit can accomplish among these wandering sheep He sees around Him, and He longs for help to have them properly cared for. And so He tells His disciples now to begin and pray, and, when they have taken over the work from Him on earth, to make this one of the chief petitions in their prayer: That the Lord of the harvest Himself would send forth labourers into His harvest. The God who entrusted them with the work, and made it to so large extent dependent on them, gives them authority to apply to Him for labourers to help, and makes the supply dependent on their prayer.

> How little Christians really feel and mourn the need of labourers in the fields of the world so white to the harvest And how little they believe that our labour-supply depends on prayer, that prayer will really provide as many as he needeth? Not that the dearth of labour is not known or discussed. Not that efforts are not sometimes put forth to supply the want. But how little the burden of the sheep wandering without a Shepherd is really borne in the faith that the Lord of the harvest will, in answer to prayer, send forth the labourers, and in the solemn conviction that without this prayer fields ready for reaping will be left to perish. And yet it is so. So wonderful is the surrender of His work into the hands of His Church, so dependent has the Lord made Himself on them as His body, through whom alone His work can be done, so real is the power which the Lord gives His people to exercise in heaven and earth, that the number of the labourers and the measure of the harvest does actually depend upon their prayer.

 1898 Solemn thought! O why is it that we do not obey the 1899 injunction of the Master more heartily, and cry more earnestly for labourers? There are two reasons for this. The 1900 one is: We miss the compassion of Jesus, which gave rise to 1901 this request for prayer. When believers learn that to love 1902 1903 their neighbours as themselves, that to live entirely for God's glory in their fellow-men, is the Father's first 1904 1905 commandment to His redeemed ones, they will accept of the perishing ones as the charge entrusted to them by their 1906 Lord. And, accepting them not only as a field of labour, but 1907 as the objects of loving care and interest, it will not be long 1908 before compassion towards the hopelessly perishing will 1909 1910 touch their heart, and the cry ascend with an earnestness till then unknown: Lord! send labourers. The other reason for 1911 1912 the neglect of the command, the want of faith, will then make itself felt, but will be overcome as our pity pleads for 1913 help. We believe too little in the power of prayer to bring 1914 1915 about definite results. We do not live close enough to God, and are not enough entirely given up to His service and 1916 1917 Kingdom, to be capable of the confidence that He will give 1918 it in answer to our prayer. O let us pray for a life so one with Christ, that His compassion may stream into us, and 1919 His Spirit be able to assure us that our prayer avails. 1920

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Such prayer will ask and obtain a twofold blessing. There will first be the desire for the increase of men entirely given up to the service of God. It is a terrible blot upon the Church of Christ that there are times when actually men cannot be found for the service of the Master as ministers, missionaries, or teachers of God's Word. As God's children make this a matter of supplication for their own circle or Church, it will be given. The Lord Jesus is now Lord of the harvest. He has been exalted to bestow gifts—the gifts of the Spirit. His chief gifts are men filled with the Spirit. But

1932 the supply and distribution of the gifts depend on the cooperation of Head and members. It is just prayer will lead to 1933 such co-operation; the believing suppliants will be stirred to find the men and the means for the work

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The other blessing to be asked will not be less. Every believer is a labourer; not one of God's children who has not been redeemed for service, and has not his work waiting. It must be our prayer that the Lord would so fill all His people with the spirit of devotion, that not one may be found standing idle in the vineyard. Wherever there is a complaint of the want of helpers, or of fit helpers in God's work, prayer has the promise of a supply. There is no Sunday school or district visiting, no Bible reading or rescue work, where God is not ready and able to provide. It may take time and importunity, but the command of Christ to ask the Lord of the harvest is the pledge that the prayer will be heard: I say unto you, he will arise and give him as many as he needeth.'

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1952 Solemn, blessed thought! this power has been given us in prayer to provide in the need of the world, to secure the 1953 1954 servants for God's work. The Lord of the harvest will hear 1955 Christ, who called us so specially to pray thus, will support 1956 our prayers offered in His name and interest. Let us set apart time and give ourselves to this part of our intercessory 1957 1958 work. It will lead us into the fellowship of that compassionate heart of His that led Him to call for our 1959 prayers. It will elevate us to the insight of our regal position, 1960 as those whose will counts for something with the great 1961 God in the advancement of His Kingdom. It will make us 1962 1963 feel how really we are God's fellow-workers on earth, to whom a share in His work has in downright earnest been 1964 entrusted. It will make us partakers in the soul travail, but 1965

also in the soul satisfaction of Jesus, as we know how, in answer to our prayer, blessing has been given that otherwise would not have come.

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LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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Blessed Lord! Thou hast this day again given us another of Thy wondrous lessons to learn. We humbly ask Thee, O give us to see aright the spiritual realities of which Thou hast been speaking. There is the harvest which is so large. and perishing, as it waits for sleepy disciples to give the signal for labourers to come. Lord, teach us to look out upon it with a heart moved with compassion and pity. There are the labourers, so few. Lord, show us how terrible the sin of the want of prayer and faith, of which this is the token. And there is the Lord of the harvest, so able and ready to send them forth. Lord, show us how He does indeed wait for the prayer to which He has bound His answer. And there are the disciples, to whom the commission to pray has been given: Lord, show us how Thou canst pour down Thy Spirit and breathe upon them, so that Thy compassion and the faith in Thy promise shall rouse them to unceasing. prevailing prayer.

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O our Lord! we cannot understand how Thou canst entrust such work and give such power to men so slothful and unfaithful. We thank Thee for all whom Thou art teaching to cry day and night for labourers to be sent forth. Lord, breathe Thine own Spirit on all Thy children, that they may learn to live for this one thing alone—the Kingdom and glory of their Lord—and become fully awake to the faith of what their prayer can accomplish. And let all our hearts in

2000 this, as in every petition, be filled with the assurance that prayer, offered in loving faith in the living God, will bring 2001 certain and abundant answer Amen 2002 2003 2004 2005 TENTH LESSON. 2006 2007 2008 What wilt thou?' 2009 Or, Prayer must be Definite. 2010 2011 2012 And Jesus answered him, and said, What wilt thou that I should do unto thee?'—Mark x. 51; Luke xviii. 41. 2013 2014 THE blind man had been crying out aloud, and that a great 2015 deal, Thou Son of David, have mercy on me.' The cry had 2016 2017 reached the ear of the Lord; He knew what he wanted, and 2018 was ready to grant it him. But ere He does it, He asks him: What wilt thou that I should do unto thee?' He wants to 2019 2020 hear from his own lips, not only the general petition for mercy, but the distinct expression of what his desire was. 2021 2022 Until he speaks it out, he is not healed. 2023 2024 There is now still many a suppliant to whom the Lord puts the same question, and who cannot, until it has been 2025 answered, get the aid he ask. Our prayers must not be a 2026 vague appeal to His mercy, an indefinite cry for blessing, 2027 but the distinct expression of definite need. Not that His 2028 loving heart does not understand our cry, or is not ready to 2029 hear. But He desires it for our own sakes. Such definite 2030 prayer teaches us to know our own needs better. It demands 2031 time, and thought, and self-scrutiny to find out what really 2032 is our greatest need. It searches us and puts us to the test as 2033

to whether our desires are honest and real, such as we are ready to persevere in. It leads us to judge whether our desires are according to God's Word, and whether we really believe that we shall receive the things we ask. It helps us to wait for the special answer, and to mark it when it comes.

And yet how much of our prayer is vague and pointless. Some cry for mercy, but take not the trouble to know what mercy must do for them. Others ask, perhaps, to be delivered from sin, but do not begin by bringing any sin by name from which the deliverance may be claimed. Still others pray for God's blessing on those around them, for the outpouring of God's Spirit on their land or the world, and vet have no special field where they wait and expect to see the answer. To all the Lord says: And what is it now you really want and expect Me to do? Every Christian has but limited powers, and as he must have his own special field of labour in which he works, so with his prayers too. Each believer has his own circle, his family, his friends, his neighbours. If he were to take one or more of these by name, he would find that this really brings him into the training-school of faith, and leads to personal and pointed dealing with his God. It is when in such distinct matters we have in faith claimed and received answers, that our more general prayers will be believing and effectual.

We all know with what surprise the whole civilised world heard of the way in which trained troops were repulsed by the Transvaal Boers at Majuba. And to what did they owe their success? In the armies of Europe the soldier fires upon the enemy standing in large masses, and never thinks of seeking an aim for every bullet. In hunting game the Boer had learnt a different lesson: his practised eye knew to send every bullet on its special message, to seek and find its man.

2068 Such aiming must gain the day in the spiritual world too. As 2069 long as in prayer we just pour out our hearts in a multitude of petitions, without taking time to see whether every 2070 petition is sent with the purpose and expectation of getting 2071 an answer, not many will reach the mark. But if, as in 2072 2073 silence of soul we bow before the Lord, we were to ask such questions as these: What is now really my desire? do I 2074 2075 desire it in faith, expecting to receive? am I now ready to place and leave it in the Father's bosom? is it a settled thing 2076 between God and me that I am to have the answer? we 2077 should learn so to pray that God would see and we would 2078 know what we really expect. 2079

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2081 It is for this, among other reasons, that the Lord warns us against the vain repetitions of the Gentiles, who think to be 2082 heard for their much praying. We often hear prayers of great 2083 earnestness and fervour, in which a multitude of petitions 2084 2085 are poured forth, but to which the Saviour would undoubtedly answer What wilt thou that I should do unto 2086 thee?' If I am in a strange land, in the interests of the 2087 2088 business which my father owns, I would certainly write two different sorts of letters. There will be family letters giving 2089 2090 expression to all the intercourse to which affection prompts; 2091 and there will be business letters, containing orders for what 2092 I need. And there may be letters in which both are found. The answers will correspond to the letters. To each sentence 2093 2094 of the letters containing the family news I do not expect a special answer. But for each order I send I am confident of 2095 an answer whether the desired article has been forwarded. 2096 In our dealings with God the business element must not be 2097 wanting. With our expression of need and sin, of love and 2098 faith and consecration, there must be the pointed statement 2099 of what we ask and expect to receive; it is in the answer that 2100

the Father loves to give us the token of His approval and acceptance.

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2104 But the word of the Master teaches us more. He does not 2105 say. What dost thou wish? but. What does thou will? One often wishes for a thing without willing it. I wish to have a 2106 certain article, but I find the price too high; I resolve not to 2107 take it; I wish, but do not will to have it. The sluggard 2108 wishes to be rich, but does not will it. Many a one wishes to 2109 be saved, but perishes because he does not will it. The will 2110 rules the whole heart and life; if I really will to have 2111 anything that is within my reach, I do not rest till I have it. 2112 And so, when Jesus says to us, What wilt thou?' He asks 2113 whether it is indeed our purpose to have what we ask at any 2114 2115 price, however great the sacrifice. Dost thou indeed so will to have it that, though He delay it long, thou dost not hold 2116 thy peace till He hear thee? Alas! how many prayers are 2117 2118 wishes, sent up for a short time and then forgotten, or sent up year after year as matter of duty, while we rest content 2119 2120 with the prayer without the answer.

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2122 But, it may be asked, is it not best to make our wishes 2123 known to God, and then to leave it to Him to decide what is 2124 best, without seeking to assert our will? By no means. This 2125 is the very essence of the prayer of faith, to which Jesus sought to train His disciples, that it does not only make 2126 2127 known its desire and then leave the decision to God. That would be the prayer of submission, for cases in which we 2128 cannot know God's will. But the prayer of faith, finding 2129 God's will in some promise of the Word, pleads for that till 2130 it come. In Matthew (ix. 28) we read Jesus said to the blind 2131 man: Believe ye that I can do this?' Here, in Mark, He says: 2132 What wilt thou that I should do?' In both cases He said that 2133 faith had saved them. And so He said to the Syrophenician 2134

2135 woman, too: Great is thy faith: be it unto thee even as thou 2136 wilt.' Faith is nothing but the purpose of the will resting on God's word, and saying: I must have it. To believe truly is 2137 to will firmly. 2138 2139 2140 But is not such a will at variance with our dependence on God and our submission to Him? By no means; it is much 2141 2142 rather the true submission that honours God. It is only when the child has yielded his own will in entire surrender to the 2143 Father, that he receives from the Father liberty and power to 2144 will what he would have. But, when once the believer has 2145 accepted the will of God, as revealed through the Word and 2146 Spirit, as his will, too, then it is the will of God that His 2147 child should use this renewed will in His service. The will is 2148 2149 the highest power in the soul; grace wants above everything to sanctify and restore this will, one of the chief traits of 2150 God's image, to full and free exercise. As a son, who only 2151 2152 lives for his father's interests, who seeks not his own but his father's will is trusted by the father with his business, so 2153 2154 God speaks to His child in all truth, What wilt thou?' It is 2155 often spiritual sloth that, under the appearance of humility, professes to have no will, because it fears the trouble of 2156 searching out the will of God, or, when found, the struggle 2157 2158 of claiming it in faith. True humility is ever in company 2159 with strong faith, which only seeks to know what is according to the will of God, and then boldly claims the 2160 2161 fulfilment of the promise: Ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you.' 2162 2163

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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2164 2165 2168 Lord Jesus! teach me to pray with all my heart and strength, that there may be no doubt with Thee or with me as to what 2169 I have asked. May I so know what I desire that, even as my 2170 petitions are recorded in heaven, I can record them on earth 2171 2172 too, and note each answer as it comes. And may my faith in what Thy Word has promised be so clear that the Spirit may 2173 indeed work in me the liberty to will that it shall come. 2174 Lord! renew, strengthen, sanctify wholly my will for the 2175 work of effectual praver. 2176 2177 Blessed Saviour! I do beseech Thee to reveal to me the 2178 wonderful condescension Thou showest us, thus asking us 2179 2180 to say what we will that Thou shouldest do, and promising to do whatever we will. Son of God! I cannot understand it: 2181 I can only believe that Thou hast indeed redeemed us 2182 wholly for Thyself, and dost seek to make the will, as our 2183 noblest part. Thy most efficient servant. Lord! I do most 2184 2185 unreservedly yield my will to Thee, as the power through which Thy Spirit is to rule my whole being. Let Him take 2186 possession of it, lead it into the truth of Thy promises, and 2187 make it so strong in prayer that I may ever hear Thy voice 2188 saying: Great is thy faith: be it unto thee even as thou wilt.' 2189 Amen 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 ELEVENTH LESSON. 2195 Believe that ye have received;' 2196 2197 Or, The Faith that Takes. 2198 2199

Therefore I say unto you, All things whatsoever ye pray and ask for, believe that ye have received them, and ye shall have them '—Mark xi 24

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WHAT a promise! so large, so Divine, that our little hearts cannot take it in, and in every possible way seek to limit it to what we think safe or probable; instead of allowing it, in its quickening power and energy, just as He gave it, to enter in, and to enlarge our hearts to the measure of what His love and power are really ready to do for us. Faith is very far from being a mere conviction of the truth of God's word, or a conclusion drawn from certain premises. It is the ear which has heard God say what He will do, the eye which has seen Him doing it, and, therefore, where there is true faith, it is impossible but the answer must come. If we only see to it that we do the one thing that He asks of us as we pray: BELIEVE that we have received; He will see to it that He does the thing He has promised: Ye shall have them.' The key-note of Solomon's prayer (2 Chron. vi. 4), Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, who hath with His hands fulfilled that which He spake with His mouth to my father David,' is the key-note of all true prayer: the joyful adoration of a God whose hand always secures the fulfilment of what His mouth hath spoken. Let us in this spirit listen to the promise Jesus gives; each part of it has its Divine message.

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All things whatsoever.' At this first word our human wisdom at once begins to doubt and ask: This surely cannot be literally true? But if it be not, why did the Master speak it, using the very strongest expression He could find: All things whatsoever.' And it is not as if this were the only time He spoke thus; is it not He who also said, If thou canst believe, ALL THINGS are possible to him that believeth;' If ye have faith, NOTHING shall be impossible to you.'

2234 Faith is so wholly the work of God's Spirit through His 2235 word in the prepared heart of the believing disciple, that it is 2236 impossible that the fulfilment should not come; faith is the 2237 pledge and forerunner of the coming answer. Yes, ALL 2238 THINGS WHATSOEVER ye shall ask in prayer believing, ye receive.' The tendency of human reason is to interpose 2239 here, and with certain qualifying clauses, if expedient,' if 2240 2241 according to God's will,' to break the force of a statement which appears dangerous. O let us beware of dealing thus 2242 with the Master's words. His promise is most literally true. 2243 He wants His oft repeated ALL THINGS' to enter into our 2244 hearts, and reveal to us how mighty the power of faith is. 2245 2246 how truly the Head calls the members to share with Him in His power, how wholly our Father places His power at the 2247 2248 disposal of the child that wholly trusts Him. In this all things' faith is to have its food and strength: as we weaken 2249 2250 it we weaken faith. The WHATSOEVER is unconditional: 2251 the only condition is what is implied in the believing. Ere 2252 we can believe we must find out and know what God's will 2253 is' believing is the exercise of a soul surrendered and given 2254 up to the influence of the Word and the Spirit; but when 2255 once we do believe nothing shall be impossible. God forbid that we should try and bring down His ALL THINGS to the 2256 level of what we think possible. Let us now simply take 2257 2258 Christ's WHATSOEVER' as the measure and the hope of 2259 our faith: it is a seed-word which, if taken just as He gives 2260 it, and kept in the heart, will unfold itself and strike root, fill our life with its fulness, and bring forth fruit abundantly. 2261

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All things whatsoever ye pray and ask for.' It is in prayer that these all things' are to be brought to God, to be asked and received of Him. The faith that receives them is the fruit of the prayer. In one aspect there must be faith before there can be prayer; in another the faith is the outcome and

2268 the growth of prayer. It is in the personal presence of the Saviour, in intercourse with Him, that faith rises to grasp 2269 what at first appeared too high. It is in prayer that we hold 2270 up our desire to the light of God's Holy Will, that our 2271 2272 motives are tested, and proof given whether we ask indeed 2273 in the name of Jesus, and only for the glory of God. It is in prayer that we wait for the leading of the Spirit to show us 2274 2275 whether we are asking the right thing and in the right spirit. It is in prayer that we become conscious of our want of 2276 faith, that we are led on to say to the Father that we do 2277 believe, and that we prove the reality of our faith by the 2278 confidence with which we persevere. It is in prayer that 2279 2280 Jesus teaches and inspires faith. He that waits to pray, or loses heart in prayer, because he does not yet feel the faith 2281 needed to get the answer, will never learn to believe. He 2282 who begins to pray and ask will find the Spirit of faith is 2283 given nowhere so surely as at the foot of the Throne. 2284

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Believe that we have received.' It is clear that what we are to believe is, that we receive the very things we ask. The Saviour does not hint that because the Father knows what is best He may give us something else. The very mountain faith bids depart is cast into the sea. There is a prayer in which, in everything, we make known our requests with prayer and supplication, and the reward is the sweet peace of God keeping heart and mind. This is the prayer of trust. It has reference to things of which we cannot find out if God is going to give them. As children we make known our desires in the countless things of daily life, and leave it to the Father to give or not as He thinks best. But the prayer of faith of which Jesus speaks is something different. something higher. When, whether in the greater interests of the Master's work, or in the lesser concerns of our daily life, the soul is led to see how there is nothing that so honours

2302 the Father as the faith that is assured that He will do what He has said in giving us whatsoever we ask for, and takes 2303 its stand on the promise as brought home by the Spirit, it 2304 may know most certainly that it does receive exactly what it 2305 2306 asks. Just see how clearly the Lord sets this before us in 2307 verse 23: Whosoever shall not doubt in his heart, but shall believe that what he saith cometh to pass, he shall have it.' 2308 2309 This is the blessing of the prayer of faith of which Jesus speaks. 2310

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Believe that ye have received.' This is the word of central importance, of which the meaning is too often misunderstood. Believe that you have received! now, while praying, the thing you ask for. It may only be later that you shall have it in personal experience, that you shall see what you believe; but now, without seeing, you are to believe that it has been given you of the Father in heaven. The receiving or accepting of an answer to prayer is just like the receiving or accepting of Jesus or of pardon, a spiritual thing, an act of faith apart from all feeling. When I come as a supplicant for pardon, I believe that Jesus in heaven is for me, and so I receive or take Him. When I come as a supplicant for any special gift, which is according to God's word, I believe that what I ask is given me: I believe that I have it, I hold it in faith; I thank God that it is mine. If we know that He heareth us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions which we have asked of Him.'

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And ye shall have them.' That is, the gift which we first hold in faith as bestowed upon us in heaven will also become ours in personal experience. But will it be needful to pray longer if once we know we have been heard and have received what we asked? There are cases in which such prayer will not be needful, in which the blessing is

ready to break through at once, if we but hold fast our confidence, and prove our faith by praising for what we have received, in the face of our not yet having it in experience. There are other cases in which the faith that has received needs to be still further tried and strengthened in persevering prayer. God only knows when everything in and around us is fully ripe for the manifestation of the blessing that has been given to faith. Elijah knew for certain that rain would come; God had promised it; and yet he had to pray the seven times. And that prayer was no show or play; an intense spiritual reality in the heart of him who lay pleading there, and in the heaven above where it had its effectual work to do. It is through faith and patience we inherit the promises.' Faith says most confidently, I have received it. Patience perseveres in prayer until the gift bestowed in heaven is seen on earth. Believe that ve have received, and ve shall have.' Between the have received in heaven, and the shall have of earth, believe: believing praise and prayer is the link.

And now, remember one thing more: It is Jesus who said this. As we see heaven thus opened to us, and the Father on the Throne offering to give us whatsoever we ask in faith, our hearts feel full of shame that we have so little availed ourselves of our privilege, and full of fear lest our feeble faith still fail to grasp what is so clearly placed within our reach. There is one thing must make us strong and full of hope: it is Jesus who has brought us this message from the Father. He Himself, when He was on earth, lived the life of faith and prayer. It was when the disciples expressed their surprise at what He had done to the fig-tree, that He told them that the very same life He led could be theirs; that they could not only command the fig-tree, but the very mountain, and it must obey. And He is our life: all He was on earth He

is in us now; all He teaches He really gives. He is Himself the Author and the Perfecter of our faith: He gives the spirit of faith; let us not be afraid that such faith is not meant for us. It is meant for every child of the Father; it is within reach of each one who will but be childlike, yielding himself to the Father's Will and Love, trusting the Father's Word and Power. Dear fellow-Christian! let the thought that this word comes through Jesus, the Son, our Brother, give us courage, and let our answer be: Yea, Blessed Lord, we do believe Thy Word, we do believe that we receive.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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Blessed Lord! Thou didst come from the Father to show us all His love, and all the treasures of blessing that love is waiting to bestow. Lord! Thou hast this day again flung the gates so wide open, and given us such promises as to our liberty in prayer, that we must blush that our poor hearts have so little taken it in. It has been too large for us to believe.

Lord! we now look up to Thee to teach us to take and keep and use this precious word of Thine: All things whatsoever ye ask, believe that ye have received.' Blessed Jesus! it is Thy self in whom our faith must be rooted if it is to grow strong. Thy work has freed us wholly from the power of sin, and opened the way to the Father; Thy Love is ever longing to bring us into the full fellowship of Thy glory and power; Thy Spirit is ever drawing us upward into a life of perfect faith and confidence; we are assured that in Thy teaching we shall learn to pray the prayer of faith. Thou wilt train us to pray so that we believe that we receive, to believe that we

2404 really have what we ask. Lord! teach me so to know and 2405 trust and love Thee, so to live and abide in Thee, that all my prayers rise up and come before God in Thee, and that my 2406 soul may have in Thee the assurance that I am heard. Amen. 2407 2408 2409 2410 TWELFTH LESSON 2411 2412 2413 Have faith in God;' 2414 Or, The Secret of Believing Prayer. 2415 2416 Jesus, answering, said unto them, Have faith in God. Verily 2417 2418 I say unto you, Whosoever shall not doubt in his heart, but shall believe that what He saith cometh to pass; he shall 2419 2420 have it. Therefore I say unto you, All things whatsoever ye pray and ask for, believe that ye have received them, and ye 2421 shall have them.'—Mark xi. 22-24. 2422 2423 2424 THE promise of answer to prayer which formed our yesterday's lesson is one of the most wonderful in all 2425 Scripture. In how many hearts it has raised the question: 2426 How ever can Lattain the faith that knows that it receives all 2427 2428 it asks? 2429 2430 It is this question our Lord would answer today. Ere He gave that wonderful promise to His disciples, He spoke 2431 another word, in which He points out where the faith in the 2432 answer to prayer takes its rise, and ever finds its strength. 2433 HAVE FAITH IN GOD: this word precedes the other, Have 2434 faith in the promise of an answer to prayer. The power to 2435 believe a promise depends entirely, but only, on faith in the 2436 promiser. Trust in the person begets trust in his word. It is 2437

only where we live and associate with God in personal, loving intercourse, where GOD HIMSELF is all to us, where our whole being is continually opened up and exposed to the mighty influences that are at work where His Holy Presence is revealed, that the capacity will be developed for believing that He gives whatsoever we ask.

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This connection between faith in God and faith in His promise will become clear to us if we think what faith really is. It is often compared to the hand or the mouth, by which we take and appropriate what is offered to us. But it is of importance that we should understand that faith is also the ear by which I hear what is promised, the eye by which I see what is offered me. On this the power to take depends. I must hear the person who gives me the promise: the very tone of his voice gives me courage to believe. I must see him: in the light of his eye and countenance all fear as to my right to take passes away. The value of the promise depends on the promiser: it is on my knowledge of what the promiser is that faith in the promise depends.

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2459 It is for this reason that Jesus, ere He gives that wonderful prayer-promise, first says, HAVE FAITH IN GOD.' That is, 2460 2461 let thine eye be open to the Living God, and gaze on Him, seeing Him who is Invisible. It is through the eye that I 2462 vield myself to the influence of what is before me; I just 2463 2464 allow it to enter, to exert its influence, to leave its impression upon my mind. So believing God is just looking 2465 2466 to God and what He is, allowing Him to reveal His presence, giving Him time and yielding the whole being to 2467 take in the full impression of what He is as God, the soul 2468 2469 opened up to receive and rejoice in the overshadowing of His love. Yes, faith is the eye to which God shows what He 2470 is and does: through faith the light of His presence and the 2471

workings of His mighty power stream into the soul. As that which I see lives in me, so by faith God lives in me too.

And even so faith is also the ear through which the voice of God is always heard and intercourse with Him kept up. It is through the Holy Spirit the Father speaks to us; the Son is the Word, the substance of what God says; the Spirit is the living voice. This the child of God needs to lead and guide him; the secret voice from heaven must teach him, as it taught Jesus, what to say and what to do. An ear opened towards God, that is, a believing heart waiting on Him, to hear what He says, will hear Him speak. The words of God will not only be the words of a Book, but, proceeding from the mouth of God, they will be spirit and truth, life and power. They will bring in deed and living experience what are otherwise only thoughts. Through this opened ear the soul tarries under the influence of the life and power of God Himself As the words I hear enter the mind and dwell and work there, so through faith God enters the heart, and dwells and works there

When faith now is in full exercise as eye and ear, as the faculty of the soul by which we see and hear God, then it will be able to exercise its full power as hand and mouth, by which we appropriate God and His blessing. The power of reception will depend entirely on the power of spiritual perception. For this reason Jesus said, ere He gave the promise that God would answer believing prayer: HAVE FAITH IN GOD.' Faith is simply surrender: I yield myself to the impression the tidings I hear make on me. By faith I yield myself to the living God. His glory and love fill my heart, and have the mastery over my life. Faith is fellowship; I give myself up to the influence of the friend who makes me a promise, and become linked to him by it.

2506 And it is when we enter into this living fellowship with God 2507 Himself, in a faith that always sees and hears Him, that it becomes easy and natural to believe His promise as to 2508 prayer. Faith in the promise is the fruit of faith in the 2509 2510 promiser: the prayer of faith is rooted in the life of faith. And in this way the faith that prays effectually is indeed a 2511 gift of God. Not as something that He bestows or infuses at 2512 2513 once, but in a far deeper and truer sense, as the blessed disposition or habit of soul which is wrought and grows up 2514 in us in a life of intercourse with Him. Surely for one who 2515 knows his Father well, and lives in constant close 2516 intercourse with Him, it is a simple thing to believe the 2517 promise that He will do the will of His child who lives in 2518 union with Himself 2519

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It is because very many of God's children do not understand 2521 this connection between the life of faith and the prayer of 2522 2523 faith that their experience of the power of prayer is so limited. When they desire earnestly to obtain an answer 2524 2525 from God, they fix their whole heart upon the promise, and 2526 try their utmost to grasp that promise in faith. When they do not succeed, they are ready to give up hope; the promise is 2527 2528 true, but it is beyond their power to take hold of it in faith. 2529 Listen to the lesson Jesus teaches us this day: HAVE 2530 FAITH IN GOD, the Living God: let faith look to God more than the thing promised: it is His love, His power, His 2531 2532 living presence will waken and work the faith. A physician would say to one asking for some means to get more 2533 strength in his arms and hands to seize and hold, that his 2534 2535 whole constitution must be built up and strengthened. So the cure of a feeble faith is alone to be found in the 2536 2537 invigoration of our whole spiritual life by intercourse with God. Learn to believe in God, to take hold of God, to let 2538 God take possession of thy life, and it will be easy to take 2539

hold of the promise. He that knows and trusts God finds it easy to trust the promise too.

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Just note how distinctly this comes out in the saints of old. 2543 2544 Every special exhibition of the power of faith was the fruit 2545 of a special revelation of God. See it in Abraham: And the word of the Lord came unto Abram, saving, Fear not, 2546 2547 Abram; I am thy shield. And He brought him forth abroad, and said ... AND HE BELIEVED THE LORD.' And later 2548 again: The Lord appeared unto him, and said unto him, I am 2549 God Almighty. And Abram fell on his face, and God talked 2550 with him, saying, As for me, behold my covenant is with 2551 thee.' It was the revelation of God Himself that gave the 2552 promise its living power to enter the heart and work the 2553 faith. Because they knew God, these men of faith could not 2554 do anything but trust His promise. God's promise will be to 2555 us what God Himself is. It is the man who walks before the 2556 Lord, and falls upon his face to listen while the living God 2557 speaks to him, who will really receive the promise. Though 2558 2559 we have God's promises in the Bible, with full liberty to 2560 take them, the spiritual power is wanting, except as God Himself speaks them to us. And He speaks to those who 2561 walk and live with Him. Therefore, HAVE FAITH IN 2562 2563 GOD: let faith be all eve and ear, the surrender to let God make His full impression, and reveal Himself fully in the 2564 soul. Count it one of the chief blessings of prayer to 2565 2566 exercise faith in God, as the Living Mighty God who waits to fulfil in us all the good pleasure of His will, and the work 2567 of faith with power. See in Him the God of Love, whose 2568 delight it is to bless and impart Himself. In such worship of 2569 faith in God the power will speedily come to believe the 2570 promise too: ALL THINGS WHATSOEVER YE ASK, 2571 BELIEVE THAT YE RECEIVE.' Yes, see that thou dost in 2572 faith make God thine own; the promise will be thine too. 2573

Precious lessons that Jesus has to teach us this day. We seek God's gifts: God wants to give us HIMSELF first. We think of prayer as the power to draw down good gifts from heaven: Jesus as the means to draw ourselves up to God. We want to stand at the door and cry: Jesus would have us first enter in and realize that we are friends and children. Let us accept the teaching. Let every experience of the littleness of our faith in prayer urge us first to have and exercise more faith in the living God, and in such faith to yield ourselves to Him. A heart full of God has power for the prayer of faith. Faith in God begets faith in the promise, in the promise too of an answer to prayer.

Therefore, child of God, take time, take time, to bow before Him, to wait on Him to reveal Himself. Take time, and let thy soul in holy awe and worship exercise and express its faith in the Infinite One, and as He imparts Himself and takes possession of thee, the prayer of faith will crown thy faith in God.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O my God! I do believe in Thee. I believe in Thee as the Father, Infinite in Thy Love and Power. And as the Son, my Redeemer and my Life. And as the Holy Spirit, Comforter and Guide and Strength. Three-One God, I have faith in Thee. I know and am sure that all that Thou art Thou art to me, that all Thou hast promised Thou wilt perform.

Lord Jesus! increase this faith. Teach me to take time, and wait and worship in the Holy Presence until my faith takes

2608 in all there is in my God for me. Let it see Him as the Fountain of all Life, working with Almighty Strength to 2609 accomplish His will on the world and in me. Let it see Him 2610 in His love longing to meet and fulfil my desires. Let it so 2611 take possession of my heart and life that through faith God 2612 alone may dwell there. Lord Jesus, help me! with my whole 2613 heart would I believe in God. Let faith in God each moment 2614 2615 fill me 2616 2617 O my Blessed Saviour! how can Thy Church glorify Thee, how can it fulfil that work of intercession through which 2618 Thy kingdom must come, unless our whole life be FAITH 2619 IN GOD. Blessed Lord! speak Thy Word, HAVE FAITH 2620 IN GOD,' unto the depths of our souls. 2621 2622 2623 2624 THIRTEENTH LESSON 2625 2626 2627 Prayer and fasting;' 2628 Or, The Cure of Unbelief. 2629 2630 2631 Then came the disciples to Jesus apart, and said, Why could not we cast him out? And Jesus said unto them. Because of 2632 vour unbelief: for verily I say unto you, If ye have faith as a 2633 2634 grain of mustard seed, nothing shall be impossible to you. Howbeit this kind goeth not out but by prayer and 2635 fasting'-Matt. xvii. 19-21. 2636 2637 WHEN the disciples saw Jesus cast the evil spirit out of the 2638 epileptic whom they could not cure,' they asked the Master

for the cause of their failure. He had given them power and

authority over all devils, and to cure all diseases.' They had

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2642 often exercised that power, and joyfully told how the devils were subject to them. And yet now, while He was on the 2643 Mount, they had utterly failed. That there had been nothing 2644 in the will of God or in the nature of the case to render 2645 2646 deliverance impossible, had been proved: at Christ's 2647 bidding the evil spirit had gone out. From their expression, Why could we not?' it is evident that they had wished and 2648 2649 sought to do so; they had probably used the Master's name, and called upon the evil spirit to go out. Their efforts had 2650 been vain, and in presence of the multitude, they had been 2651 put to shame. Why could we not?' 2652

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2674 2675 Christ's answer was direct and plain: Because of your unbelief.' The cause of His success and their failure, was not owing to His having a special power to which they had no access. No; the reason was not far to seek. He had so often taught them that there is one power, that of faith, to which, in the kingdom of darkness, as in the kingdom of God, everything must bow; in the spiritual world failure has but one cause, the want of faith. Faith is the one condition on which all Divine power can enter into man and work through him. It is the susceptibility of the unseen: man's will yielded up to, and moulded by, the will of God. The power they had received to cast out devils, they did not hold in themselves as a permanent gift or possession; the power was in Christ, to be received, and held, and used by faith alone, living faith in Himself. Had they been full of faith in Him as Lord and Conqueror in the spirit-world, had they been full of faith in Him as having given them authority to cast out in His name, this faith would have given them the victory. Because of your unbelief' was, for all time, the Master's explanation and reproof of impotence and failure in His Church

But such want of faith must have a cause too. Well might the disciples have asked: And why could we not believe? Our faith has cast out devils before this: why have we now failed in believing? The Master proceeds to tell them ere they ask: This kind goeth not out but by fasting and prayer.' As faith is the simplest, so it is the highest exercise of the spiritual life, where our spirit yields itself in perfect receptivity to God's Spirit and so is strengthened to its highest activity. This faith depends entirely upon the state of the spiritual life; only when this is strong and in full health, when the Spirit of God has full sway in our life, is there the power of faith to do its mighty deeds. And therefore Jesus adds: Howbeit this kind goeth not out but by fasting and prayer.' The faith that can overcome such stubborn resistance as you have just seen in this evil spirit, Jesus tells them, is not possible except to men living in very close fellowship with God, and in very special separation from the world—in prayer and fasting. And so He teaches us two lessons in regard to prayer of deep importance. The one, that faith needs a life of prayer in which to grow and keep strong. The other, that prayer needs fasting for its full and perfect development.

Faith needs a life of prayer for its full growth. In all the different parts of the spiritual life, there is such close union, such unceasing action and re-action, that each may be both cause and effect. Thus it is with faith. There can be no true prayer without faith; some measure of faith must precede prayer. And yet prayer is also the way to more faith; there can be no higher degrees of faith except through much prayer. This is the lesson Jesus teaches here. There is nothing needs so much to grow as our faith. Your faith groweth exceedingly,' is said of one Church. When Jesus spoke the words, According to your faith be it unto you,' He

2710 announced the law of the kingdom, which tells us that all have not equal degrees of faith, that the same person has not 2711 always the same degree, and that the measure of faith must 2712 always determine the measure of power and of blessing. If 2713 we want to know where and how our faith is to grow, the 2714 2715 Master points us to the throne of God. It is in prayer, in the exercise of the faith I have, in fellowship with the living 2716 God, that faith can increase. Faith can only live by feeding 2717 on what is Divine, on God Himself. 2718

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It is in the adoring worship of God, the waiting on Him and 2720 for Him, the deep silence of soul that yields itself for God to 2721 reveal Himself, that the capacity for knowing and trusting 2722 God will be developed. It is as we take His word from the 2723 Blessed Book, and bring it to Himself, asking him to speak 2724 it to us with His living loving voice, that the power will 2725 come fully to believe and receive the word as God's own 2726 2727 word to us. It is in prayer, in living contact with God in living faith, that faith, the power to trust God, and in that 2728 2729 trust, to accept everything He says, to accept every 2730 possibility He has offered to our faith will become strong in us. Many Christians cannot understand what is meant by the 2731 2732 much prayer they sometimes hear spoken of: they can form 2733 no conception, nor do they feel the need, of spending hours 2734 with God. But what the Master says, the experience of His people has confirmed: men of strong faith are men of much 2735 2736 prayer.

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This just brings us back again to the lesson we learned when Jesus, before telling us to believe that we receive what we ask, first said, Have faith in God.' It is God, the living God, into whom our faith must strike its roots deep and broad; then it will be strong to remove mountains and cast out devils. If ye have faith, nothing shall be impossible to you.'

Oh! if we do but give ourselves up to the work God has for us in the world, coming into contact with the mountains and the devils there are to be cast away and cast out, we should soon comprehend the need there is of much faith, and of much prayer, as the soil in which alone faith can be cultivated. Christ Jesus is our life, the life of our faith too. It is His life in us that makes us strong, and makes us simple to believe. It is in the dying to self which much prayer implies, in closer union to Jesus, that the spirit of faith will come in power. Faith needs prayer for its full growth.

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And prayer needs fasting for its full growth: this is the second lesson. Prayer is the one hand with which we grasp the invisible; fasting, the other, with which we let loose and cast away the visible. In nothing is man more closely connected with the world of sense than in his need of food. and his enjoyment of it. It was the fruit, good for food, with which man was tempted and fell in Paradise. It was with bread to be made of stones that Jesus, when an hungered, was tempted in the wilderness, and in fasting that He triumphed. The body has been redeemed to be a temple of the Holy Spirit; it is in body as well as spirit, it is very specially, Scripture says, in eating and drinking, we are to glorify God. It is to be feared that there are many Christians to whom this eating to the glory of God has not yet become a spiritual reality. And the first thought suggested by Jesus' words in regard to fasting and prayer, is, that it is only in a life of moderation and temperance and self-denial that there will be the heart or the strength to pray much.

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But then there is also its more literal meaning. Sorrow and anxiety cannot eat: joy celebrates its feasts with eating and drinking. There may come times of intense desire, when it is strongly felt how the body, with its appetites, lawful

though they be, still hinder the spirit in its battle with the powers of darkness, and the need is felt of keeping it under. We are creatures of the senses: our mind is helped by what comes to us embodied in concrete form; fasting helps to express, to deepen, and to confirm the resolution that we are ready to sacrifice anything, to sacrifice ourselves, to attain what we seek for the kingdom of God. And He who accepted the fasting and sacrifice of the Son, knows to value and accept and reward with spiritual power the soul that is thus ready to give up all for Christ and His kingdom.

And then follows a still wider application. Prayer is the reaching out after God and the unseen; fasting, the letting go of all that is of the seen and temporal. While ordinary Christians imagine that all that is not positively forbidden and sinful is lawful to them, and seek to retain as much as possible of this world, with its property, its literature, its enjoyments, the truly consecrated soul is as the soldier who carries only what he needs for the warfare. Laying aside every weight, as well as the easily besetting sin, afraid of entangling himself with the affairs of this life, he seeks to lead a Nazarite life, as one specially set apart for the Lord and His service. Without such voluntary separation, even from what is lawful, no one will attain power in prayer: this kind goeth not out but by fasting and prayer.

Disciples of Jesus! who have asked the Master to teach you to pray, come now and accept His lessons. He tells you that prayer is the path to faith, strong faith, that can cast out devils. He tells you: If ye have faith, nothing shall be impossible to you;' let this glorious promise encourage you to pray much. Is the prize not worth the price? Shall we not give up all to follow Jesus in the path He opens to us here; shall we not, if need be, fast? Shall we not do anything that

neither the body nor the world around hinder us in our great life-work,—having intercourse with our God in prayer, that we may become men of faith, whom He can use in His work of saving the world.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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 O Lord Jesus! how continually Thou hast to reprove us for our unbelief! How strange it must appear to Thee, this terrible incapacity of trusting our Father and His promises. Lord! let Thy reproof, with its searching, Because of your unbelief,' sink into the very depths of our hearts, and reveal to us how much of the sin and suffering around us is our blame. And then teach us, Blessed Lord, that there is a place where faith can be learned and gained,—even in the prayer and fasting that brings into living and abiding fellowship with Thyself and the Father.

O Saviour! Thou Thyself art the Author and the Perfecter of our faith; teach us what it is to let Thee live in us by Thy Holy Spirit. Lord! our efforts and prayers for grace to believe have been so unavailing. We know why it was: we sought for strength in ourselves to be given from Thee. Holy Jesus! do at length teach us the mystery of Thy life in us, and how Thou, by Thy Spirit, dost undertake to live in us the life of faith, to see to it that our faith shall not fail. O let us see that our faith will just be a part of that wonderful prayer-life which Thou givest in them who expect their training for the ministry of intercession, not in word and thought only, but in the Holy Unction Thou givest, the inflowing of the Spirit of Thine own life. And teach us how,

2845 in fasting and prayer, we may grow up to the faith to which nothing shall be impossible. Amen. 2846 2847 NOTE 2848 2849 2850 At the time when Blumhardt was passing through his terrible conflict with the evil spirits in those who were 2851 2852 possessed, and seeking to cast them out by prayer, he often wondered what it was that hindered the answer. One day a 2853 friend, to whom he had spoken of his trouble, directed his 2854 attention to our Lord's words about fasting. Blumhardt 2855 resolved to give himself to fasting, sometimes for more than 2856 thirty hours. From reflection and experience he gained the 2857 conviction that it is of more importance than is generally 2858 thought. He says, Inasmuch as the fasting is before God, a 2859 practical proof that the thing we ask is to us a matter of true 2860 and pressing interest, and inasmuch as in a high degree it 2861 strengthens the intensity and power of the prayer, and 2862 becomes the unceasing practical expression of a prayer 2863 without words, I could believe that it would not be without 2864 2865 efficacy, especially as the Master's words had reference to a case like the present. I tried it, without telling any one, and 2866 in truth the later conflict was extraordinarily lightened by it. 2867 I could speak with much greater restfulness and decision. I 2868 did not require to be so long present with the sick one; and I 2869 felt that I could influence without being present.' 2870 2871 2872 2873 FOURTEENTH LESSON 2874 2875 When ye stand praying, forgive;' 2876

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Or, Prayer and Love.

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And whensoever ye stand praying, forgive, if ye have aught against any one; that your Father also which is in heaven may forgive you your trespasses.'—Mark xi. 25.

THESE words follow immediately on the great prayer-promise, All things whatsoever ye pray, believe that ye have received them, and ye shall have them.' We have already seen how the words that preceded that promise, Have faith in God,' taught us that in prayer all depends upon our relation to God being clear; these words that follow on it remind us that our relation with fellow-men must be clear too. Love to God and love to our neighbour are inseparable: the prayer from a heart, that is either not right with God on the one side, or with men on the other, cannot prevail. Faith and love are essential to each other

We find that this is a thought to which our Lord frequently gave expression. In the Sermon on the Mount (Matt. v. 23, 24), when speaking of the sixth commandment, He taught His disciples how impossible acceptable worship to the Father was if everything were not right with the brother: If thou art offering thy gift at the altar, and there rememberest that thy brother hath aught against thee, leave there thy gift before the altar, and go thy way; first be reconciled to thy brother, and then come and offer thy gift.' And so later, when speaking of prayer to God, after having taught us to pray, Forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our debtors,' He added at the close of the prayer: If you forgive not men their trespasses, neither will your Father forgive your trespasses.' At the close of the parable of the unmerciful servant He applies His teaching in the words: So shall also my Heavenly Father do unto you, if ye forgive not every one his brother from your hearts.' And so here, beside

2913 the dried-up fig-tree, where He speaks of the wonderful power of faith and the prayer of faith. He all at once, 2914 apparently without connection, introduces the thought. 2915 Whensoever ve stand praying, forgive, if ve have aught 2916 against any one: that your Father also which is in heaven 2917 2918 may forgive you your trespasses.' It is as if the Lord had learned during His life at Nazareth and afterwards that 2919 2920 disobedience to the law of love to men was the great sin even of praying people, and the great cause of the 2921 feebleness of their prayer. And it is as if He wanted to lead 2922 us into His own blessed experience that nothing gives such 2923 liberty of access and such power in believing as the 2924 consciousness that we have given ourselves in love and 2925 compassion, for those whom God loves. 2926

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The first lesson taught here is that of a forgiving disposition. 2928 We pray, Forgive, even as we have forgiven.' Scripture 2929 2930 says, Forgive one another, even as God also in Christ forgave you.' God's full and free forgiveness is to be the 2931 rule of ours with men. Otherwise our reluctant, half-hearted 2932 forgiveness, which is not forgiveness at all, will be God's 2933 rule with us. Every prayer rests upon our faith in God's 2934 2935 pardoning grace. If God dealt with us after our sins, not one 2936 prayer could be heard. Pardon opens the door to all God's 2937 love and blessing: because God has pardoned all our sin, our prayer can prevail to obtain all we need. The deep sure 2938 2939 ground of answer to prayer is God's forgiving love. When it has taken possession of the heart, we pray in faith. But also, 2940 when it has taken possession of the heart, we live in love. 2941 God's forgiving disposition, revealed in His love to us, 2942 becomes a disposition in us; as the power of His forgiving 2943 love shed abroad and dwelling within us, we forgive even as 2944 He forgives. If there be great and grievous injury or 2945 injustice done us, we seek first of all to possess a Godlike 2946

2947 disposition; to be kept from a sense of wounded honour, from a desire to maintain our rights, or from rewarding the 2948 offender as he has deserved. In the little annoyances of daily 2949 life, we are watchful not to excuse the hasty temper, the 2950 2951 sharp word, the quick judgment, with the thought that we 2952 mean no harm, that we do not keep the anger long, or that it would be too much to expect from feeble human nature, that 2953 2954 we should really forgive the way God and Christ do. No, we take the command literally, Even as Christ forgave, so also 2955 do ve.' The blood that cleanses the conscience from dead 2956 works, cleanses from selfishness too; the love it reveals is 2957 pardoning love, that takes possession of us and flows 2958 through us to others. Our forgiving love to men is the 2959 evidence of the reality of God's forgiving love in us, and so 2960 the condition of the prayer of faith. 2961

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There is a second, more general lesson: our daily life in the world is made the test of our intercourse with God in prayer. How often the Christian, when he comes to pray, does his utmost to cultivate certain frames of mind which he thinks will be pleasing. He does not understand, or forgets, that life does not consist of so many loose pieces, of which now the one, then the other, can be taken up. Life is a whole, and the pious frame of the hour of prayer is judged of by God from the ordinary frame of the daily life of which the hour of prayer is but a small part. Not the feeling I call up, but the tone of my life during the day, is God's criterion of what I really am and desire. My drawing nigh to God is of one piece with my intercourse with men and earth: failure here will cause failure there. And that not only when there is the distinct consciousness of anything wrong between my neighbour and myself; but the ordinary current of my thinking and judging, the unloving thoughts and words I allow to pass unnoticed, can hinder my prayer. The

effectual prayer of faith comes out from a life given up to the will and the love of God. Not according to what I try to be when praying, but what I am when not praying, is my prayer dealt with by God.

We may gather these thoughts into a third lesson: In our life with men the one thing on which everything depends is love. The spirit of forgiveness is the spirit of love. Because God is love. He forgives: it is only when we are dwelling in love that we can forgive as God forgives. In love to the brethren we have the evidence of love to the Father, the ground of confidence before God, and the assurance that our prayer will be heard, (1 John iv. 20, iii. 18-21, 23.). Let us love in deed and truth; hereby shall we assure our heart before Him. If our heart condemn us not, we have boldness toward God, and whatever we ask, we receive of Him.' Neither faith nor work will profit if we have not love; it is love that unites with God, it is love that proves the reality of faith. As essential as in the word that precedes the great prayer-promise in Mark xi. 24, Have faith in God,' is this one that follows it, Have love to men.' The right relations to the living God above me, and the living men around me, are the conditions of effectual prayer.

This love is of special consequence when we labour for such and pray for them. We sometimes give ourselves to work for Christ, from zeal for His cause, as we call it, or for our own spiritual health, without giving ourselves in personal self-sacrificing love for those whose souls we seek. No wonder that our faith is feeble and does not conquer. To look on each wretched one, however unloveable he be, in the light of the tender love of Jesus the Shepherd seeking the lost; to see Jesus Christ in him, and to take him up, for Jesus' sake, in a heart that really loves, —this, this is the

secret of believing prayer and successful effort. Jesus, in speaking of forgiveness, speaks of love as its root. Just as in the Sermon on the Mount He connected His teaching and promises about prayer with the call to be merciful, as the Father in heaven is merciful (Matt. v. 7, 9, 22, 38-48), so we see it here: a loving life is the condition of believing prayer.

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> It has been said: There is nothing so heart-searching as believing prayer, or even the honest effort to pray in faith. O let us not turn the edge of that self-examination by the thought that God does not hear our prayer for reasons known to Himself alone. By no means. Ye ask and receive not, because ye ask amiss.' Let that word of God search us. Let us ask whether our prayer be indeed the expression of a life wholly given over to the will of God and the love of man. Love is the only soil in which faith can strike its roots and thrive. As it throws its arms up, and opens its heart heavenward, the Father always looks to see if it has them opened towards the evil and the unworthy too. In that love, not indeed the love of perfect attainment, but the love of fixed purpose and sincere obedience, faith can alone obtain the blessing. It is he who gives himself to let the love of God dwell in him, and in the practice of daily life to love as God loves, who will have the power to believe in the Love that hears his every prayer. It is the Lamb, who is in the midst of the throne: it is suffering and forbearing love that prevails with God in prayer. The merciful shall obtain mercy; the meek shall inherit the earth.

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LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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3048 Blessed Father! Thou art Love, and only he that abideth in love abideth in Thee and in fellowship with Thee. The 3049 Blessed Son hath this day again taught me how deeply true 3050 this is of my fellowship with Thee in prayer. O my God! let 3051 Thy love, shed abroad in my heart by the Holy Spirit, be in 3052 me a fountain of love to all around me, that out of a life in 3053 love may spring the power of believing prayer. O my 3054 3055 Father! grant by the Holy Spirit that this may be my experience, that a life in love to all around me is the gate to 3056 a life in the love of my God. And give me especially to find 3057 in the joy with which I forgive day by day whoever might 3058 offend me, the proof that Thy forgiveness to me is a power 3059 3060 and a life 3061 3062 Lord Jesus! my Blessed Teacher! teach Thou me to forgive and to love. Let the power of Thy blood make the pardon of 3063 my sins such a reality, that forgiveness, as shown by Thee 3064 3065 to me, and by me to others, may be the very joy of heaven. Show me whatever in my intercourse with fellowmen might 3066 hinder my fellowship with God, so that my daily life in my 3067 own home and in society may be the school in which 3068 strength and confidence are gathered for the prayer of faith. 3069 3070 Amen 3071 3072 3073 3074 FIFTEENTH LESSON. 3075 If two agree;' 3076 3077 Or, The Power of United Prayer 3078 3079 Again I say unto you, That if two of you shall agree on 3080 earth as touching anything that they shall ask, it shall be 3081

done for them of my Father which is in heaven. For where two or three are gathered together in my Name, there am I in the midst of them.—Matt. xviii. 19, 20.

ONE of the first lessons of our Lord in His school of prayer was: Not to be seen of men. Enter thy inner chamber; be alone with the Father. When He has thus taught us that the meaning of prayer is personal individual contact with God, He comes with a second lesson: You have need not only of secret solitary, but also of public united prayer. And He gives us a very special promise for the united prayer of two or three who agree in what they ask. As a tree has its root hidden in the ground and its stem growing up into the sunlight, so prayer needs equally for its full development the hidden secrecy in which the soul meets God alone, and the public fellowship with those who find in the name of Jesus their common meeting-place.

The reason why this must be so is plain. The bond that unites a man to his fellow-men is no less real and close than that which unites him to God: he is one with them. Grace renews not alone our relation to God but to man too. We not only learn to say My Father,' but Our Father.' Nothing would be more unnatural than that the children of a family should always meet their father separately, but never in the united expression of their desires or their love. Believers are not only members of one family, but even of one body. Just as each member of the body depends on the other, and the full action of the spirit dwelling in the body depends on the union and co-operation of all, so Christians cannot reach the full blessing God is ready to bestow through His Spirit, but as they seek and receive it in fellowship with each other. It is in the union and fellowship of believers that the Spirit can manifest His full power. It was to the hundred and twenty

continuing in one place together, and praying with one accord, that the Spirit came from the throne of the glorified Lord

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3120 The marks of true united prayer are given us in these words of our Lord. The first is agreement as to the thing asked. 3121 There must not only be generally the consent to agree with 3122 3123 anything another may ask: there must be some special thing, matter of distinct united desire; the agreement must be, as 3124 all prayer, in spirit and in truth. In such agreement it will 3125 become very clear to us what exactly we are asking, 3126 whether we may confidently ask according to God's will. 3127 and whether we are ready to believe that we have received 3128

3129 3130 what we ask

The second mark is the gathering in, or into, the Name of 3131 3132 Jesus. We shall afterwards have much more to learn of the need and the power of the Name of Jesus in prayer; here our 3133 3134 Lord teaches us that the Name must be the centre of union to which believers gather, the bond of union that makes 3135 them one, just as a home contains and unites all who are in 3136 it. The Name of the Lord is a strong tower; the righteous 3137 runneth into it and escape.' That Name is such a reality to 3138 3139 those who understand and believe it, that to meet within it is to have Himself present. The love and unity of His disciples 3140 have to Jesus infinite attraction. Where two or three are 3141 3142 gathered in my Name, there am I in the midst of them.' It is the living presence of Jesus, in the fellowship of His loving 3143 praying disciples, that gives united prayer its power. 3144

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The third mark is, the sure answer: It shall be done for them of my Father.' A prayer-meeting for maintaining religious fellowship, or seeking our own edification, may have its use; this was not the Saviour's view in its appointment. He

3150 meant it as a means of securing special answer to prayer. A prayer meeting without recognised answer to prayer ought 3151 to be an anomaly. When any of us have distinct desires in 3152 regard to which we feel too weak to exercise the needful 3153 3154 faith, we ought to seek strength in the help of other. In the unity of faith and of love and of the Spirit, the power of the 3155 Name and the Presence of Jesus acts more freely and the 3156 3157 answer comes more surely. The mark that there has been true united prayer is the fruit, the answer, the receiving of 3158 the thing we have asked: I say unto you, It shall be done for 3159 them of my Father which is in heaven.' 3160

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What an unspeakable privilege this of united prayer is, and 3162 what a power it might be. If the believing husband and wife 3163 knew that they were joined together in the Name of Jesus to 3164 experience His presence and power in united prayer (1 3165 Peter); if friends believed what mighty help two or three 3166 3167 praying in concert could give each other; if in every prayer meeting the coming together in the Name, the faith in the 3168 Presence, and the expectation of the answer, stood in the 3169 3170 foreground; if in every Church united effectual prayer were regarded as one of the chief purposes for which they are 3171 banded together, the highest exercise of their power as a 3172 3173 Church; if in the Church universal the coming of the kingdom, the coming of the King Himself, first in the 3174 mighty outpouring of His Holy Spirit, then in His own 3175 3176 glorious person, were really matter of unceasing united crying to God;—O who can say what blessing might come 3177 to, and through, those who thus agreed to prove God in the 3178 fulfilment of His promise. 3179

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In the Apostle Paul we see very distinctly what a reality his faith in the power of united prayer was. To the Romans he writes (xv. 30): I beseech you, brethren, by the love of the

3184 Spirit, that ye strive together with me in your prayer to God for me.' He expects in answer to be delivered from his 3185 enemies, and to be prospered in his work. To the 3186 Corinthians (2 Cor. i. 11), God will still deliver us, ye also 3187 helping together on our behalf by your supplications;' their 3188 prayer is to have a real share in his deliverance. To the 3189 Ephesians he writes: With all prayer and supplication 3190 praying at all seasons in the Spirit for all the saints and on 3191 my behalf, that utterance may be given unto me.' His power 3192 and success in his ministry he makes to depend on their 3193 prayers. With the Philippians (i. 19) he expects that his 3194 trials will turn to his salvation and the progress of the gospel 3195 through your supplications and the supply of the spirit of 3196 Jesus Christ.: To the Colossians (iv. 3) he adds to the 3197 injunction to continue stedfast in prayer: Withal praying for 3198 us too, that God may open unto us a door for the word.' 3199 And to the Thessalonians (2 Thess. iii. 1) he writes: Finally, 3200 3201 brethren, pray for us, that the word of the Lord may run and be glorified, and that we may be delivered from 3202 3203 unreasonable men.' It is everywhere evident that Paul felt 3204 himself the member of a body, on the sympathy and cooperation of which he was dependent, and that he counted 3205 on the prayers of these Churches to gain for him, what 3206 3207 otherwise might not be given. The prayers of the Church were to him as real a factor in the work of the kingdom, as 3208 the power of God. 3209 3210

Who can say what power a Church could develop and exercise, if it gave itself to the work of prayer day and night for the coming of the kingdom, for God's power on His servants and His word, for the glorifying of God in the salvation of souls? Most Churches think their members are gathered into one simply to take care of and build up each other. They know not that God rules the world by the

prayers of His saints; that prayer is the power by which
Satan is conquered; that by prayer the Church on earth has
disposal of the powers of the heavenly world. They do not
remember that Jesus has, by His promise, consecrated every
assembly in His Name to be a gate of heaven, where His
Presence is to be felt, and His Power experienced in the
Father fulfilling their desires.

We cannot sufficiently thank God for the blessed week of united prayer, with which Christendom in our days opens every year. As proof of our unity and our faith in the power of united prayer, as a training-school for the enlargement of our hearts to take in all the needs of the Church universal, as a help to united persevering prayer, it is of unspeakable value. But very specially as a stimulus to continued union in prayer in the smaller circles, its blessing has been great. And it will become even greater, as God's people recognise what it is, all to meet as one in the Name of Jesus to have His presence in the midst of a body all united in the Holy Spirit, and boldly to claim the promise that it shall be done of the Father what they agree to ask.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY'

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Blessed Lord! who didst in Thy high-priestly prayer ask so earnestly for the unity of Thy people, teach us how Thou dost invite and urge us to this unity by Thy precious promise given to united prayer. It is when we are one in love and desire that our faith has Thy presence and the Father's answer.

 3251 O Father! we pray for Thy people, and for every smaller circle of those who meet together, that they may be one. 32.52 Remove, we pray, all selfishness and self-interest, all 3253 narrowness of heart and estrangement, by which that unity 3254 is hindered. Cast out the spirit of the world and the flesh. 3255 through which Thy promise loses all its power. O let the 3256 thought of Thy presence and the Father's favour draw us all 3257 3258 nearer to each other 3259 3260 Grant especially Blessed Lord, that Thy Church may believe that it is by the power of united prayer that she can 3261 bind and loose in heaven; that Satan can be cast out; that 3262 souls can be saved; that mountains can be removed; that the 3263 kingdom can be hastened. And grant, good Lord! that in the 3264 circle with which I pray, the prayer of the Church may 3265 indeed be the power through which Thy Name and Word 3266 are glorified. Amen. 3267 3268 3269 3270 3271 SIXTEENTH LESSON. 3272 3273 Speedily, though bearing long;' 3274 3275 Or, The Power of Persevering Prayer. 32.76 3277 And He spake a parable unto them to the end that they ought always to pray, and not to faint. . . . And the Lord 3278 said, Hear what the unrighteous judge saith. And shall not 3279 God avenge His own elect, which cry to Him day and night, 3280 and He is long-suffering over them? I say unto you, that He 3281 will avenge them speedily.'—Luke xviii. 108. 3282

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3284 OF all the mysteries of the prayer world, the need of persevering prayer is one of the greatest. That the Lord, 3285 who is so loving and longing to bless, should have to be 3286 supplicated time after time, sometimes year after year, 3287 before the answer comes, we cannot easily understand. It is 3288 also one of the greatest practical difficulties in the exercise 3289 of believing prayer. When, after persevering supplication, 3290 3291 our prayer remains unanswered, it is often easiest for our slothful flesh, and it has all the appearance of pious 3292 3293 submission, to think that we must now cease praying. because God may have His secret reason for withholding 3294 His answer to our request. 3295

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It is by faith alone that the difficulty is overcome. When once faith has taken its stand upon God's word, and the Name of Jesus, and has yielded itself to the leading of the Spirit to seek God's will and honour alone in its prayer, it need not be discouraged by delay. It knows from Scripture that the power of believing prayer is simply irresistible; real faith can never be disappointed. It knows how, just as water, to exercise the irresistible power it can have, must be gathered up and accumulated, until the stream can come down in full force, there must often be a heaping up of prayer, until God sees that the measure is full, and the answer comes. It knows how, just as the ploughman has to take his ten thousand steps, and sow his ten thousand seeds. each one a part of the preparation for the final harvest, so there is a need-be for oft-repeated persevering prayer, all working out some desired blessing. It knows for certain that not a single believing prayer can fail of its effect in heaven, but has its influence, and is treasured up to work out an answer in due time to him who persevereth to the end. It knows that it has to do not with human thoughts or possibilities, but with the word of the living God. And so

even as Abraham through so many years in hope believed against hope,' and then through faith and patience inherited the promise,' it counts that the long-suffering of the Lord is salvation, waiting and hasting unto the coming of its Lord to fulfil His promise.

To enable us, when the answer to our prayer does not come at once, to combine quiet patience and joyful confidence in our persevering prayer, we must specially try to understand the two words in which our Lord sets forth the character and conduct, not of the unjust judge, but of our God and Father towards those whom He allows to cry day and night to Him: He is long-suffering over them; He will avenge them speedily.'

He will avenge them speedily, the Master says. The blessing is all prepared; He is not only willing but most anxious to give them what they ask; everlasting love burns with the longing desire to reveal itself fully to its beloved, and to satisfy their needs. God will not delay one moment longer than is absolutely necessary; He will do all in His power to hasten and speed the answer.

But why, if this be true and His power be infinite, does it often last so long with the answer to prayer? And why must God's own elect so often, in the midst of suffering and conflict, cry day and night? He is long-suffering over them.' Behold! the husbandman waiteth for the precious fruit of the earth, being long-suffering over it, till it receive the early and the latter rain.' The husbandman does indeed long for his harvest, but knows that it must have its full time of sunshine and rain, and has long patience. A child so often wants to pick the half-ripe fruit; the husbandman knows to wait till the proper time. Man, in his spiritual nature too, is

under the law of gradual growth that reigns in all created life. It is only in the path of development that he can reach his divine destiny. And it is the Father, in whose hands are the times and seasons, who alone knows the moment when the soul or the Church is ripened to that fulness of faith in which it can really take and keep the blessing. As a father who longs to have his only child home from school, and yet waits patiently till the time of training is completed, so it is with God and His children: He is the long-suffering One, and answers speedily.

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The insight into this truth leads the believer to cultivate the corresponding dispositions: patience and faith, waiting and hasting, are the secret of his perseverance. By faith in the promise of God, we know that we have the petitions we have asked of Him. Faith takes and holds the answer in the promise, as an unseen spiritual possession, rejoices in it, and praises for it. But there is a difference between the faith that thus holds the word and knows that it has the answer. and the clearer, fuller, riper faith that obtains the promise as a present experience. It is in persevering, not unbelieving, but confident and praising prayer, that the soul grows up into that full union with its Lord in which it can enter upon the possession of the blessing in Him. There may be in these around us, there may be in that great system of being of which we are part, there may be in God's government, things that have to be put right through our prayer, ere the answer can fully come: the faith that has, according to the command, believed that it has received, can allow God to take His time: it knows it has prevailed and must prevail. In quiet, persistent, and determined perseverance it continues in prayer and thanksgiving until the blessing come. And so we see combined what at first sight appears so contradictory; the faith that rejoices in the answer of the

unseen God as a present possession, with the patience that cries day and night until it be revealed. The speedily of God's long-suffering is met by the triumphant but patient faith of His waiting child.

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Our great danger in this school of the answer delayed, is the temptation to think that, after all, it may not be God's will to give us what we ask. If our prayer be according to God's word, and under the leading of the Spirit, let us not give way to these fears. Let us learn to give God time. God needs time with us. If we only give Him time, that is, time in the daily fellowship with Himself, for Him to exercise the full influence of His presence on us, and time, day by day, in the course of our being kept waiting, for faith to prove its reality and to fill our whole being. He Himself will lead us from faith to vision; we shall see the glory of God. Let no delay shake our faith. Of faith it holds good: first the blade. then the ear, then the full corn in the ear. Each believing prayer brings a step nearer the final victory. Each believing prayer helps to ripen the fruit and bring us nearer to it; it fills up the measure of prayer and faith known to God alone; it conquers the hindrances in the unseen world; it hastens the end. Child of God! give the Father time. He is longsuffering over you. He wants the blessing to be rich, and full, and sure; give Him time, while you cry day and night. Only remember the word: I say unto you, He will avenge them speedily.'

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The blessing of such persevering prayer is unspeakable. There is nothing so heart-searching as the prayer of faith. It teaches you to discover and confess, and give up everything that hinders the coming of the blessing; everything there may be not in accordance with the Father's will. It leads to closer fellowship with Him who alone can teach to pray, to

a more entire surrender to draw nigh under no covering but that of the blood, and the Spirit. It calls to a closer and more simple abiding in Christ alone. Christian! give God time. He will perfect that which concerneth you. Long-suffering speedily,' this is God's watchword as you enter the gates of prayer: be it yours too.

 Let it be thus whether you pray for yourself, or for others. All labour, bodily or mental, needs time and effort: we must give up ourselves to it. Nature discovers her secrets and yields her treasures only to diligent and thoughtful labour. However little we can understand it, in the spiritual husbandry it is the same: the seed we sow in the soil of heaven, the efforts we put forth, and the influence we seek to exert in the world above, need our whole being: we must give ourselves to prayer. But let us hold fast the great confidence, that in due season we shall reap, if we faint not.

And let us specially learn the lesson as we pray for the Church of Christ. She is indeed as the poor widow, in the absence of her Lord, apparently at the mercy of her adversary, helpless to obtain redress. Let us, when we pray for His Church or any portion of it, under the power of the world, asking Him to visit her with the mighty workings of His Spirit and to prepare her for His coming, let us pray in the assured faith: prayer does help, praying always and not fainting will bring the answer. Only give God time. And then keep crying day and night. Hear what the unrighteous judge saith. And shall not God avenge His own elect, which cry to Him day and night, and He is long-suffering over them. I say unto you, He will avenge them speedily.'

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O Lord my God! teach me now to know Thy way, and in faith to apprehend what Thy Beloved Son has taught: He will avenge them speedily.' Let Thy tender love, and the delight Thou hast in hearing and blessing Thy children, lead me implicitly to accept Thy promise, that we receive what we believe, that we have the petitions we ask, and that the answer will in due time be seen. Lord! we understand the seasons in nature, and know to wait with patience for the fruit we long for—O fill us with the assurance that not one moment longer than is needed wilt Thou delay, and that faith will hasten the answer

 Blessed Master! Thou hast said that it is a sign of God's elect that they cry day and night. O teach us to understand this. Thou knowest how speedily we grow faint and weary. It is as if the Divine Majesty is so much beyond the need or the reach of continued supplication, that it does not become us to be too importunate. O Lord! do teach me how real the labour of prayer is. I know how here on earth, when I have failed in an undertaking, I can often succeed by renewed and more continuing effort, by giving more time and thought: show me how, by giving myself more entirely to prayer, to live in prayer, I shall obtain what I ask. And above all, O my blessed Teacher! Author and perfecter of faith, let by Thy grace my whole life be one of faith in the Son of God who loved me and gave Himself for me—in whom my prayer gains acceptance, in whom I have the assurance of the answer, in whom the answer will be mine. Lord Jesus! in this faith I will pray always and not faint. Amen.

3487 NOTE

The need of persevering importunate prayer appears to some to be at variance with the faith which knows that it has received what it asks (Mark xi. 24). One of the mysteries of the Divine life is the harmony between the gradual and the sudden, immediate full possession, and slow imperfect appropriation. And so here persevering prayer appears to be the school in which the soul is strengthened for the boldness of faith. And with the diversity of operations of the Spirit there may be some in whom faith takes more the form of persistent waiting; while to others, triumphant thanksgiving appears the only proper expressions of the assurance of having been heard.

 In a remarkable way the need of persevering prayer, and the gradual rising into greater ease in obtaining answer, is illustrated in the life of Blumhardt. Complaints had been lodged against him of neglecting his work as a minister of the gospel, and devoting himself to the healing of the sick; and especially his unauthorized healing of the sick belonging to other congregations. In his defense he writes: I simply ventured to do what becomes one who has the charge of souls, and to pray according to the command of the Lord in James i. 6, 7. In no way did I trust to my own power, or imagine that I had any gift that others had not. But this is true. I set myself to the work as a minister of the gospel, who has a right to pray. But I speedily discovered that the gates of heaven were not fully opened to me. Often I was inclined to retire in despair. But the sight of the sick ones, who could find help nowhere, gave me no rest. I thought of the word of the Lord: "Ask, and it shall be given you" (Luke xi. 9, 10). And farther, I thought that if the Church and her ministers had, through unbelief, sloth, and disobedience lost what was needed for overcoming of the

power of Satan, it was just for such times of leanness and famine that the Lord had spoken the parable of the friend at midnight and his three loaves. I felt that I was not worthy thus at midnight, in a time of great darkness, to appear before God as His friend and ask for a member of my congregation what he needed. And vet, to leave him uncared for, I could not either. And so I kept knocking, as the parable directs, or, as some have said, with great presumption and tempting God. Be this as it may, I could not leave my guest unprovided. At this time the parable of the widow became very precious to me. I saw that the Church was the widow, and I was a minister of the Church. I had the right to be her mouthpiece against the adversary; but for a long time the Lord would not. I asked nothing more than the three loaves; what I needed for my guest. At last the Lord listened to the importunate beggar, and helped me. Was it wrong of me to pray thus? The two parables must surely be applicable somewhere, and where was greater need to be conceived?

And what was the fruit of my prayer? The friend who was at first unwilling, did not say, Go now; I will myself give to your friend what he needs; I do not require you; but gave it to me as His friend, to give to my guest. And so I used the three loaves, and had to spare. But the supply was small, and new guests came; because they saw I had a heart to help them, and that I would take the trouble even at midnight to go to my friend. When I asked for them, too, I got the needful again, and there was again to spare. How could I help that the needy continually came to my house? Was I to harden myself, and say, Why do you come to me? there are large and better homes in the city, go there. Their answer was, Dear sir, we cannot go there. We have been there: they were very sorry to send us away so hungry, but they could

3556	not undertake to go and ask a friend for what we wanted.
3557	Do go, and get us bread for we suffer great pain. What
3558	could I do? They spoke the truth, and their suffering
3559	touched my heart. However much labour it cost me, I went
3560	each time again, and got the three loaves. Often I got what I
3561	asked much quicker than at first, and also much more
3562	abundantly. But all did not care for this bread, so some left
3563	my home hungry.'^1
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3565	In his first struggles with the evil spirits, it took him more
3566	than eighteen months of prayer and labour before the final
3567	victory was gained. Afterwards he had such ease of access
3568	to the throne, and stood in such close communication with
3569	the unseen world, that often, with letters came asking prayer
3570	for sick people, he could, after just looking upward for a
3571	single moment, obtain the answer as to whether they would
3572	be healed.
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3574	^1From Johann Christophe Blumhardt, Ein Lebenabild von
3575	F. Etindel.
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3579	SEVENTEENTH LESSON.
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3581	I know that Thou hearest me always;'
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3583	Or Prayer in Harmony with the Being of God.
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3585	Father, I thank Thee that Thou heardest me. And I knew
3586	that Thou hearest me always.'—John xi. 41, 42.
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3588	Thou art my Son; this day have I begotten Thee. Ask of me,
3589	and I shall give Thee.'—Ps. ii. 7, 8.

IN the New Testament we find a distinction made between faith and knowledge. To one is given, through the Spirit, the word of wisdom; to another the word of knowledge. according to the same Spirit; to another faith, in the same Spirit.' In a child or a simple-minded Christian there may be much faith with little knowledge. Childlike simplicity accepts the truth without difficulty, and often cares little to give itself or others any reason for its faith but this: God has said. But it is the will of God that we should love and serve Him, not only with all the heart but also with all the mind; that we should grow up into an insight into the Divine wisdom and beauty of all His ways and words and works. It is only thus that the believer will be able fully to approach and rightly to adore the glory of God's grace; and only thus that our heart can intelligently apprehend the treasures of wisdom and knowledge there are in redemption, and be prepared to enter fully into the highest note of the song that rises before the throne: O the depth of the riches both of the

wisdom and knowledge of God!'

 In our prayer life this truth has its full application. While prayer and faith are so simple that the new-born convert can pray with power, true Christian science finds in the doctrine of prayer some of its deepest problems. In how far is the power of prayer a reality? If so, how God can grant to prayer such mighty power? How can the action of prayer be harmonized with the will and the decrees of God? How can God's sovereignty and our will, God's liberty and ours, be reconciled?—these and other like questions are fit subjects for Christian meditation and inquiry. The more earnestly and reverently we approach such mysteries, the more shall we in adoring wonder fall down to praise Him who hath in prayer given such power to man.

3624 3625 One of the secret difficulties with regard to prayer,—one 3626 which, though not expressed, does often really hinder prayer.—is derived from the perfection of God, in His 3627 3628 absolute independence of all that is outside of Himself. Is He not the Infinite Being, who owes what He is to Himself 3629 alone, who determines Himself, and whose wise and holy 3630 will has determined all that is to be? How can prayer 3631 influence Him, or He be moved by prayer to do what 3632 otherwise would not be done? Is not the promise of an 3633 answer to prayer simply a condescension to our weakness? 3634 Is what is said of the power—the much-availing power—of 3635 prayer anything more than an accommodation to our mode 3636 of thought, because the Deity never can be dependent on 3637 3638 any action from without for its doings? And is not the blessing of prayer simply the influence it exercises upon 3639 3640 ourselves?

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In seeking an answer to such questions, we find the key in the very being of God, in the mystery of the Holy Trinity. If God was only one Person, shut up within Himself, there could be no thought of nearness to Him or influence on Him But in God there are three Persons. In God we have Father and Son, who have in the Holy Spirit their living bond of unity and fellowship. When eternal Love begat the Son, and the Father gave the Son as the Second Person a place next Himself as His Equal and His Counsellor, there was a way opened for prayer and its influence in the very inmost life of Deity itself. Just as on earth, so in heaven the whole relation between Father and Son is that of giving and taking. And if that taking is to be as voluntary and selfdetermined as the giving, there must be on the part of the Son an asking and receiving. In the holy fellowship of the Divine Persons, this asking of the Son was one of the great

3658 operations of the Thrice Blessed Life of God. Hence we 3659 have it in Psalm ii.: This day I have begotten Thee: ask of me and I will give Thee.' The Father gave the Son the place 3660 and the power to act upon Him. The asking of the Son was 3661 3662 no mere show or shadow, but one of those life-movements in which the love of the Father and the Son met and 3663 completed each other. The Father had determined that He 3664 should not be alone in His counsels: there was a Son on 3665 whose asking and accepting their fulfilment should depend. 3666 And so there was in the very Being and Life of God an 3667 asking of which prayer on earth was to be the reflection and 3668 the outflow. It was not without including this that Jesus 3669 said, "I knew that Thou always hearest me.' Just as the 3670 Sonship of Jesus on earth may not be separated from His 3671 3672 Sonship in heaven, even so with His prayer on earth, it is the continuation and the counterpart of His asking in 3673 heaven. The prayer of the man Christ Jesus is the link 3674 3675 between the eternal asking of the only-begotten Son in the bosom of the Father and the prayer of men upon earth. 3676 Prayer has its rise and its deepest source in the very Being 3677 of God. In the bosom of Deity nothing is ever done without 3678 prayer—the asking of the Son and the giving of the 3679 Father ^1 3680

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This may help us somewhat to understand how the prayer of man, coming through the Son, can have effect upon God. The decrees of God are not decisions made by Him without reference to the Son, or His petition, or the petition to be sent up through Him. By no means. The Lord Jesus is the first-begotten, the Head and Heir of all things: all things were created through Him and unto Him, and all things consist in Him. In the counsels of the Father, the Son, as Representative of all creation, had always a voice; in the decrees of the eternal purpose there was always room left

for the liberty of the Son as Mediator and Intercessor, and so for the petitions of all who draw nigh to the Father in the Son.

And if the thought come that this liberty and power of the Son to act upon the Father is at variance with the immutability of the Divine decrees, let us not forget that there is not with God as with man, a past by which He is irrevocably bound. God does not live in time with its past and future: the distinctions of time have no reference to Him who inhabits Eternity. And Eternity is an ever-present Now, in which the past is never past, and the future always present. To meet our human weakness, Scripture must speak of past decrees, and a coming future. In reality, the immutability of God's counsel is ever still in perfect harmony with His liberty to do whatsoever He will. Not so were the prayers of the Son and His people taken up into the eternal decrees that their effect should only be an apparent one; but so, that the Father-heart holds itself open and free to listen to every prayer that rises through the Son, and that God does indeed allow Himself to be decided by prayer to do what He otherwise would not have done

This perfect harmony and union of Divine Sovereignty and human liberty is to us an unfathomable mystery, because God as THE ETERNAL ONE transcends all our thoughts. But let it be our comfort and strength to be assured that in the eternal fellowship of the Father and the Son, the power of prayer has its origin and certainty, and that through our union with the Son, our prayer is taken up and can have its influence in the inner life of the Blessed Trinity. God's decrees are no iron framework against which man's liberty would vainly seek to struggle. No. God Himself is the Living Love, who in His Son as man has entered into the

tenderest relation with all that is human, who through the Holy Spirit takes up all that is human into the Divine life of love, and keeps Himself free to give every human prayer its place in His government of the world.

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It is in the daybreak light of such thoughts that the doctrine of the Blessed Trinity no longer is an abstract speculation. but the living manifestation of the way in which it were possible for man to be taken up into the fellowship of God. and his prayer to become a real factor in God's rule of this earth. And we can, as in the distance, catch glimpses of the light that from the eternal world shines out on words such as these: THROUGH HIM we have access BY ONE SPIRIT unto THE FATHER'

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LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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3748 3749 Everlasting God! the Three-One and Thrice Holy! in deep reverence would I with veiled face worship before the holy mystery of Thy Divine Being. And if it please Thee, O most glorious God, to unveil aught of that mystery, I would bow with fear and trembling, lest I sin against Thee, as I meditate on Thy glory.

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Father! I thank Thee that Thou bearest this name not only as the Father of Thy children here on earth, but as having from eternity subsisted as the Father with Thine only-begotten Son. I thank Thee that as Father Thou canst hear our prayer, because Thou hast from eternity given a place in Thy counsels to the asking of Thy Son. I thank Thee that we have seen in Him on earth, what the blessed intercourse was

He had with Thee in heaven; and how from eternity in all 3759

Thy counsels and decrees there had been room left for His prayer and their answers. And I thank Thee above all that through His true human nature on Thy throne above, and through Thy Holy Spirit in our human nature here below, a way has been opened up by which every human cry of need can be taken up into and touch the Life and the Love of God, and receive in answer whatsoever it shall ask.

Blessed Jesus! in whom as the Son the path of prayer has been opened up, and who givest us assurance of the answer, we beseech Thee, teach Thy people to pray. O let this each day be the sign of our sonship, that, like Thee, we know that the Father heareth us always. Amen.

NOTE

"God hears prayer." This simplest view of prayer is taken throughout Scripture. It dwells not on the reflex influence of prayer on our heart and life, although it abundantly shows the connection between prayer as an act, and prayer as a state. It rather fixes with great definiteness the objective or real purposes of prayer, to obtain blessing, gifts, deliverances from God. Ask and it shall be given," Jesus says.

However true and valuable the reflection may be, that God, foreseeing and foreordaining all things, has also foreseen and foreordained our prayers as links in the chain of events, of cause and effect, as a real power, yet we feel convinced that this is not the light in which the mind can find peace in this great subject, nor do we think that here is the attractive power to draw us in prayer. We feel rather that such a reflection diverts the attention from the Object whence comes the impulse, life, and strength of prayer. The living

3794 God, cotemporary and not merely eternal, 1 the living, merciful, holy One, God manifesting Himself to the soul, 3795 God saying, "Seek my face;" this is the magnet that draws 3796 us, this alone can open heart and lips. . . 3797 3798 In Jesus Christ the Son of God we have the full solution of 3799 the difficulty. He prayed on earth, and that not merely as 3800 man, but as the Son of God incarnate. His prayer on earth is 3801 only the manifestation of His prayer from all eternity, when 3802 in the Divine counsel He was set up as the Christ. . . . The 3803 Son was appointed to be heir of all things. From all eternity 3804 the Son of God was the Way, the Mediator. He was, to use 3805 our imperfect language, from eternity speaking unto the 3806 Father on behalf of the world.'—SAPHIR, The Hidden 3807 Life, chap. vi. See also The Lord's Prayer, p. 12. 3808 3809 ^1 Should it not rather be cotemporary, because eternal, in 3810 the proper meaning of this latter word? 3811 3812 3813 3814 3815 EIGHTEENTH LESSON 3816 3817 Whose is this image?' 3818 Or, Prayer in Harmony with the Destiny of Man. 3819 3820 He saith unto them, Whose is this image and 3821 superscription?—Matt. xxi. 20. 3822 3823 3824 And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness.'—Gen. i. 26. 3825 3826

WHOSE is this image?' It was by this question that Jesus foiled His enemies, when they thought to take Him, and settled the matter of duty in regard to the tribute. The question and the principle it involves are of universal application. Nowhere more truly than in man himself. The image he bears decides his destiny. Bearing God's image, he belongs to God: prayer to God is what he was created for. Prayer is part of the wondrous likeness he bears to His Divine original; of the deep mystery of the fellowship of love in which the Three-One has His blessedness, prayer is the earthly image and likeness.

The more we meditate on what prayer is, and the wonderful power with God which it has, the more we feel constrained to ask who and what man is, that such a place in God's counsels should have been allotted to him. Sin has so degraded him, that from what he is now we can form no conception of what he was meant to be. We must turn back to God's own record of man's creation to discover there what God's purpose was, and what the capacities with which man was endowed for the fulfilment of that purpose.

Man's destiny appears clearly from God's language at creation. It was to fill, to subdue, to have dominion over the earth and all in it. All the three expressions show us that man was meant, as God's representative, to hold rule here on earth. As God's viceroy he was to fill God's place: himself subject to God, he was to keep all else in subjection to Him. It was the will of God that all that was to be done on earth should be done through him: the history of the earth was to be entirely in his hands.

In accordance with such a destiny was the position he was to occupy, and the power at his disposal. When an earthly

sovereign sends a viceroy to a distant province, it is understood that he advises as to the policy to be adopted. and that that advice is acted on: that he is at liberty to apply for troops and the other means needed for carrying out the policy or maintaining the dignity of the empire. If his policy be not approved of, he is recalled to make way for some one who better understands his sovereign's desires' as long as he is trusted, his advice is carried out. As God's representative man was to have ruled; all was to have been done under his will and rule: on his advice and at his request heaven was to have bestowed its blessing on earth. His prayer was to have been the wonderful, though simple and most natural channel, in which the intercourse between the King in heaven and His faithful servant man, as lord of this world, was to have been maintained. The destinies of the world were given into the power of the wishes, the will, the prayer of man.

 With sin all this underwent a terrible change—man's fall brought all creation under the curse. With redemption the beginning was seen of a glorious restoration. No sooner had God begun in Abraham to form for Himself a people from whom kings, yea the Great King, should come forth, than we see what power the prayer of God's faithful servant has to decide the destinies of those who come into contact with him. In Abraham we see how prayer is not only, or even chiefly, the means of obtaining blessing for ourselves, but is the exercise of his royal prerogative to influence the destinies of men, and the will of God which rules them. We do not once find Abraham praying for himself. His prayer for Sodom and Lot, for Abimelech, for Ishmael, prove what power a man, who is God's friend, has to make the history of those around him.

3895 This had been man's destiny from the first. Scripture not 3896 only tells us this, but also teaches us how it was that God could entrust man with such a high calling. It was because 3897 He had created him in His own image and likeness. The 3898 3899 external rule was not committed to him without the inner 3900 fitness: the bearing God's image in having dominion, in being lord of all, had its root in the inner likeness, in his 3901 nature. There was an inner agreement and harmony between 3902 God and man, and incipient Godlikeness, which gave man a 3903 real fitness for being the mediator between God and His 3904 world. for he was to be prophet, priest, and king, to interpret 3905 God's will, to represent nature's needs, to receive and 3906 dispense God's bounty. It was in bearing God's image that 3907 he could bear God's rule; he was indeed so like God, so 3908 3909 capable of entering into God's purposes, and carrying out His plans, that God could trust him with the wonderful 3910 privilege of asking and obtaining what the world might 3911 3912 need. And although sin has for a time frustrated God's plans, prayer still remains what it would have been if man 3913 had never fallen: the proof of man's Godlikeness, the 3914 vehicle of his intercourse with the Infinite Unseen One, the 3915 power that is allowed to hold the hand that holds the 3916 destinies of the universe. Prayer is not merely the cry of the 3917 3918 suppliant for mercy; it is the highest forth-putting of his will by man, knowing himself to be of Divine origin, created for 3919 and capable of being, in king-like liberty, the executor of 3920 3921 the counsels of the Eternal.

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What sin destroyed, grace has restored. What the first Adam lost, the second has won back. In Christ man regains his original position, and the Church, abiding in Christ, inherits the promise: Ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you.' Such a promise does by no means, in the first place, refer to the grace or blessing we need for ourselves. It has

reference to our position as the fruit-bearing branches of the Heavenly Vine, who, like Him, only live for the work and glory of the Father. It is for those who abide in Him. who have forsaken self to take up their abode in Him with His life of obedience and self-sacrifice, who have lost their life and found it in Him, who are now entirely given up to the interests of the Father and His kingdom. These are they who understand how their new creation has brought them back to their original destiny, has restored God's image and likeness, and with it the power to have dominion. Such have indeed the power, each in their own circle, to obtain and dispense the powers of heaven here on earth. With holy boldness they may make known what they will: they live as priests in God's presence; as kings the powers of the world to come begin to be at their disposal. [1] They enter upon the fulfilment of the promise: Ask whatsoever ve will, it shall be done unto you.'

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Church of the living God! thy calling is higher and holier than thou knowest. Through thy members, as kings, and priests unto God, would God rule the world; their prayers bestow and withhold the blessing of heaven. In His elect who are not just content to be themselves saved, but yield themselves wholly, that through them, even as through the Son, the Father may fulfil all His glorious counsel, in these His elect, who cry day and night unto Him, God would prove how wonderful man's original destiny was. As the image-bearer of God on earth, the earth was indeed given into his hand. When he fell, all fell with him: the whole creation groaneth and travaileth in pain together. But now he is redeemed; the restoration of the original dignity has begun. It is in very deed God's purpose that the fulfilment of His eternal purpose, and the coming of His kingdom, should depend on those of His people who, abiding in

Christ, are ready to take up their position in Him their Head, the great Priest-King, and in their prayers are bold enough to say what they will that their God should do. As imagebearer and representative of God on earth, redeemed man has by his prayers to determine the history of this earth. Man was created, and has now again been redeemed, to pray, and by his prayer to have dominion.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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 Lord! what is man, that Thou art mindful of him? and the son of man, that Thou visitest him? for Thou has made him a little lower than the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and honour. Thou madest him to have dominion over the work of Thy hands: Thou hast put all things under his feet. O Lord our Lord, how excellent is Thy name in all the earth!

Lord God! how low has sin made man to sink. And how terribly has it darkened his mind, that he does not even know his Divine destiny, to be Thy servant and representative. Alas! that even Thy people, when their eyes are opened, are so little ready to accept their calling and to seek to have power with God, that they may have power with men too to bless them.

Lord Jesus! it is in Thee the Father hath again crowned man with glory and honour, and opened the way for us to be what He would have us. O Lord, have mercy on Thy people, and visit Thine heritage! Work mightily in Thy Church, and teach Thy believing disciples to go forth in their royal priesthood, and in the power of prayer, to which

3997	Thou hast given such wonderful promises, to serve Thy
3998	kingdom, to have rule over the nations, and make the name
3999	of God glorious in the earth. Amen.
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4003	[1] God is seeking priests among the sons of men. A human
4004	priesthood is one of the essential parts of His eternal plan.
4005	To rule creation by man is His design; to carry on the
4006	worship of creation by man is no less part of His design.
4007	Priesthood is the appointed link between heaven and earth,
4008	the channel of intercourse between the sinner and God.
4009	Such a priesthood, in so far as expiation is concerned, is in
4010	the hands of the Son of God alone; in so far as it is to be the
4011	medium of communication between Creator and creature, is
4012	also in the hands of redeemed men—of the Church of God.
4013	God is seeking kings. Not out of the ranks of angels. Fallen
4014	man must furnish Him with the rulers of His universe.
4015	Human hands must wield the sceptre, human heads must
4016	wear the crown.—The Rent Veil, by Dr. H. Bonar.
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4020	NINTEENTH LESSON.
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4022	I go unto the Father!'
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4024	Or, Power for Praying and Working.
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4026	Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that believeth on me, the
4027	works that I do shall he do also; and greater works than
4028	these shall he do; because I go unto my Father. And
4029	whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name, that will I do.'—John
4030	xiv. 12, 13.

AS the Saviour opened His public ministry with His disciples by the Sermon on the Mount, so He closes it by the Parting Address preserved to us by John. In both He speaks more than once of prayer. But with a difference. In the Sermon on the Mount it is as to disciples who have only just entered His school, who scarcely know that God is their Father, and whose prayer chiefly has reference to their personal needs. In His closing address He speaks to disciples whose training time is now come to an end, and who are ready as His messengers to take His place and His work. In the former the chief lesson is: Be childlike, pray believingly, and trust the Father that He will give you all good gifts. Here He points to something higher: They are now His friends to whom He has made known all that He has heard of the Father; His messengers, who have entered into His plans, and into whose hands the care of His work and kingdom on earth is to be entrusted. They are now to go out and do His works, and in the power of His approaching exaltation, even greater works: prayer is now to be the channel through which that power is to be received for their work. With Christ's ascension to the Father a new epoch commences for their working and praying both.

See how clearly this connection comes out in our text. As His body here on earth, as those who are one with Him in heaven, they are now to do greater works than He had done; their success and their victories are to be greater than His. He mentions two reasons for this. The one, because He was to go to the Father, to receive all power; the other, because they might now ask and expect all in His Name. Because I go to the Father, and—notice this and—and, whatsoever ye shall ask, I will do.' His going to the Father would thus bring the double blessing: they would ask and receive all in

His Name, and as a consequence, would do the greater works. This first mention of prayer in our Saviour's parting words thus teaches us two most important lessons. He that would do the works of Jesus must pray in His Name. He that would pray in His Name must work in His Name.

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He who would work must pray: it is in prayer that the power for work is obtained. He that in faith would do the works that Jesus did, must pray in His Name. As long as Jesus was here on earth, He Himself did the greatest works: devils the disciples could not cast out, fled at His word. When He went to the Father, He was no longer here in the body to work directly. The disciples were now His body: all His work from the throne in heaven here on earth must and could be done through them. One might have thought that now He was leaving the scene Himself, and could only work through commissioners, the works might be fewer and weaker. He assures us of the contrary: Verily, verily, I say unto you. He that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also, and he shall do greater works.' His approaching death was to be such a real breaking down and making an end of the power of sin; with the resurrection the powers of the Eternal Life were so truly to take possession of the human body and to obtain supremacy over human life; with His ascension He was to receive the power to communicate the Holy Spirit so fully to His own; the union, the oneness between Himself on the throne and them on earth, was to be so intensely and divinely perfect, that He meant it as the literal truth: Greater works than these shall he do, because I go to the Father.' And the issue proved how true it was. While Jesus, during three years of personal labour on earth, gathered little more than five hundred disciples, and the most of them so feeble that they were but little credit to His cause, it was given to men like Peter and Paul manifestly to

do greater things than He had done. From the throne He
could do through them what He Himself in His humiliation
could not yet do.

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4103 But there is one condition: He that believeth on me, he shall do greater works, because I go to the Father; and whatsover 4104 ve shall ask in my Name, that will I do.' His going to the 4105 Father would give Him a new power to hear prayer. For the 4106 doing of the greater works, two things were needed: His 4107 going to the Father to receive all power, our prayer in His 4108 Name to receive all power from Him again. As He asks the 4109 Father. He receives and bestows on us the power of the new 4110 dispensation for the greater works; as we believe, and ask in 4111 His Name, the power comes and takes possession of us to 4112 do the greater works. 4113

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Alas! how much working there is in the work of God, in 4115 4116 which there is little or nothing to be seen of the power to do anything like Christ's works, not to speak of greater works. 4117 There can be but one reason: the believing on Him, the 4118 believing prayer in His Name, this is so much wanting. O 4119 that every labourer and leader in church, or school, in the 4120 work of home philanthropy or foreign missions might learn 4121 4122 the lesson: Prayer in the Name of Jesus is the way to share 4123 in the mighty power which Jesus has received of the Father for His people, and it is in this power alone that he that 4124 4125 believeth can do the greater works. To every complaint as to weakness or unfitness, as to difficulties or want of success, 4126 Jesus gives this one answer: He that believeth on me shall 4127 do greater works, because I go to the Father, and 4128 whatsoever ve shall ask in my Name, that will I do.' We 4129 must understand that the first and chief thing for everyone 4130 who would do the work of Jesus, is to believe, and so to get 4131 linked to Him, the Almighty One, and then to pray the 4132

4133 prayer of faith in His Name. Without this our work is but 4134 human and carnal; it may have some use in restraining sin. or preparing the way for blessing, but the real power is 4135 wanting. Effectual working needs first effectual prayer. 4136 4137 And now the second lesson: He who would pray must work. 4138 It is for power to work that prayer has such great promises: 4139 it is in working that the power for the effectual prayer of 4140 faith will be gained. In these parting words of our blessed 4141 Lord we find that He no less than six times (John xiv. 13. 4142 14, xv. 7, 16, xvi. 23, 24) repeats those unlimited prayer-4143 promises which have so often awakened our anxious 4144 questionings as to their real meaning: whatsoever,' 4145 anything,' what ye will,' ask and ye shall receive.' How 4146 many a believer has read these over with joy and hope, and 4147 in deep earnestness of soul has sought to plead them for his 4148 own need. And he has come out disappointed. The simple 4149 4150 reason was this: he had rent away the promise from its surrounding. The Lord gave the wonderful promise of the 4151 free use of His Name with the Father in connection with the 4152 doing of His works. It is the disciple who gives himself 4153 wholly to live for Jesus' work and kingdom, for His will 4154 and honour, to whom the power will come to appropriate 4155 4156 the promise. He that would fain grasp the promise when he wants something very special for himself, will be 4157 disappointed, because he would make Jesus the servant of 4158 4159 his own comfort. But to him who seeks to pray the effectual prayer of faith, because he needs it for the work of the 4160 Master, to him it will be given to learn it; because he has 4161 made himself the servant of his Lord's interests. Prayer not 4162 only teaches and strengthens to work: work teaches and 4163

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strengthens to pray.

- 4166 This is in perfect harmony with what holds good both in the natural and the spiritual world. Whosoever hath, to him 4167 shall be given; or, He that is faithful in a little, is faithful 4168 also in much. Let us with the small measure of grace 4169 already received, give ourselves to the Master for His work: 4170 work will be to us a real school of prayer. It was when 4171 Moses had to take full charge of a rebellious people that he 4172 felt the need, but also the courage, to speak boldly to God 4173 and to ask great things of Him (Ex. xxxiii. 12, 15, 18). As 4174 you give yourself entirely to God for His work, you will 4175 feel that nothing less than these great promises are what you 4176 need, that nothing less is what you may most confidently 4177 expect. 4178 4179
- Believer in Jesus! You are called, you are appointed, to do the works of Jesus, and even greater works, because He has gone to the Father to receive the power to do them in and through you.
- Whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name, that will I do. Give yourself, and live, to do the works of Christ and you will learn to pray so as to obtain wonderful answers to prayer. Give yourself, and live, to pray and you will learn to do the works He did, and greater works. With disciples full of faith in Himself, and bold in prayer to ask great things, Christ can conquer the world.

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O my Lord! I have this day again heard words from Thee which pass my comprehension. And yet I cannot do aught but in simple childlike faith take and keep them as Thy gift

4200	to me too. Thou hast said that in virtue of Thy going to the
4201	Father, he that believeth on Thee will do the works which
4202	Thou hast done, and greater works. Lord! I worship Thee as
4203	the Glorified One, and look for the fulfilment of Thy
4204	promise. May my whole life just be one of continued
4205	believing in Thee. So purify and sanctify my heart, make it
4206	so tenderly susceptible of Thyself and Thy love, that
4207	believing on Thee may be the very life it breathes.
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4209	And Thou hast said that in virtue of Thy going to the Father,
4210	whatsoever we ask, Thou wilt do. From Thy throne of
4211	power Thou wouldest make Thy people share the power
4212	given Thee, and work through them as the members of Thy
4213	body, in response to their believing prayers in Thy Name.
4214	Power in prayer with Thee, and power in work with men, is
4215	what Thou has promised Thy people and me too.
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4217	Blessed Lord! Forgive us all that we have so little believed
4218	Thee and Thy promise, and so little proved Thy faithfulness
4219	in fulfilling it. O forgive us that we have so little honoured
4220	Thy all-prevailing Name in heaven or upon earth.
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4222	Lord! Teach me to pray so that I may prove that Thy Name
4223	is indeed all-prevailing with God and men and devils. Yea,
4224	teach me so to work and so to pray that Thou canst glorify
4225	Thyself in me as the Omnipotent One, and do Thy great
4226	work through me too. Amen.
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4230	TWENTIETH LESSON.
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4232	That the Father may be glorified;'
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4234 Or, The Chief End of Prayer.

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4236 I go unto the Father. And whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name. that will I do, that the Father may be glorified in the 4237 4238

Son '—John xiv 13

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THAT the Father may be glorified in the Son: it is to this 4240 end that Jesus on His throne in glory will do all we ask in 4241 His Name. Every answer to prayer He gives will have this 4242 as its object: when there is no prospect of this object being 4243 obtained. He will not answer. It follows as a matter of 4244 course that this must be with us, as with Jesus, the essential 4245 4246 element in our petitions: the glory of the Father must be the aim and end, the very soul and life of our prayer. 4247

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4249 It was so with Jesus when He was on earth. I seek not mine own honour: I seek the honour of Him that sent me;' in such 4250 4251 words we have the keynote of His life. In the first words of the high-priestly prayer He gives utterance to it: Father! 42.52 4253 Glorify Thy son, that Thy Son may glorify Thee. I have 4254 glorified Thee on earth; glorify me with Thyself.' The ground on which He asks to be taken up into the glory He 4255 4256 had with the Father, is the twofold one: He has glorified 4257 Him on earth; He will still glorify Him in heaven. What He 4258 asks is only to enable Him to glorify the Father more. It is as we enter into sympathy with Jesus on this point, and 4259 gratify Him by making the Father's glory our chief object in 4260 prayer too, that our prayer cannot fail of an answer. There is 4261 nothing of which the Beloved Son has said more distinctly 4262 that it will glorify the Father than this, His doing what we 4263 ask; He will not, therefore, let any opportunity slip of 4264 securing this object. Let us make His aim ours: let the glory 4265 of the Father be the link between our asking and His doing: 4266 such prayer must prevail.^1 4267

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This word of Jesus comes indeed as a sharp two-edged sword, piercing even to the dividing of soul and spirit, and quick to discern the thoughts and intents of the heart. Jesus in His prayers on earth, in His intercession in heaven, in His promise of an answer to our prayers from there, makes this His first object—the glory of His Father. Is it so with us too? Or are not, in large measure, self-interest and self-will the strongest motives urging us to pray? Or, if we cannot see that this is the case, have we not to acknowledge that the distinct, conscious longing for the glory of the Father is not what animates our prayers? And yet it must be so.

Not as if the believer does not at times desire it. But he has to mourn that he has so little attained. And he knows the reason of his failure too. It was, because the separation between the spirit of daily life and the spirit of the hour of prayer was too wide. We begin to see that the desire for the glory of the Father is not something that we can awake and present to our Lord when we prepare ourselves to pray. No! it is only when the whole life, in all its parts, is given up to God's glory, that we can really pray to His glory too. Do all to the glory of God,' and, Ask all to the glory of God,'—these twin commands are inseparable: obedience to the former is the secret of grace for the latter. A life to the glory of God is the condition of the prayers that Jesus can answer, that the Father may be glorified.'

This demand in connection with prevailing prayer—that it should be to the glory of God—is no more than right and natural. There is none glorious but the Lord: there is no glory but His, and what He layeth on His creatures. Creation exists to show forth His glory; all that is not for His glory is sin, and darkness, and death: it is only in the

4302 glorifying of God that the creatures can find glory. What the Son of Man did, to give Himself wholly, His whole life, to 4303 glorify the Father, is nothing but the simple duty of every 4304 redeemed one. And Christ's reward will be his too. Because 4305 4306 He gave Himself so entirely to the glory of the Father, the Father crowned Him with glory and honour, giving the 4307 kingdom into His hands, with the power to ask what He 4308 will, and, as Intercessor, to answer our prayers. And just as 4309 we become one with Christ in this, and as our prayer is part 4310 4311 of a life utterly surrendered to God's glory, will the Saviour be able to glorify the Father to us by the fulfilment of the 4312 promise: Whatsoever ve shall ask, I will do it.' 4313

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4315 To such a life, with God's glory our only aim, we cannot 4316 attain by any effort of our own. It is only in the man Christ Jesus that such a life is to be seen: in Him it is to be found 4317 for us. Yes blessed be God! His life is our life; He gave 4318 4319 Himself for us; He Himself is now our life. The discovery, and the confession, and the denial, of self, as usurping the 4320 4321 place of God, of self-seeking and self-trusting, is essential, and yet is what we cannot accomplish in our own strength. 4322 It is the incoming and indwelling, the Presence and the Rule 4323 in the heart, of our Lord Jesus who glorified the Father on 4324 4325 earth, and is now glorified with Him, that thence He might glorify Him in us;—it is Jesus Himself coming in, who can 4326 cast out all self-glorifying, and give us instead His own 4327 4328 God-glorifying life and Spirit. It is Jesus, who longs to glorify the Father in hearing our prayers, who will teach us 4329 to live and to pray to the glory of God. 4330

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And what motive, what power is there that can urge our slothful hearts to yield themselves to our Lord to work this in us? Surely nothing more is needed than a sight of how glorious, how alone worthy of glory the Father is. Let our

4336 faith learn in adoring worship to bow before Him, to ascribe 4337 to Him alone the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, to vield ourselves to dwell in His light as the ever-blessed, 4338 ever-loving One. Surely we shall be stirred to say, To Him 4339 alone be glory.' And we shall look to our Lord Jesus with 4340 new intensity of desire for a life that refuses to see or seek 4341 ought but the glory of God. When there is but little prayer 4342 4343 that can be answered, the Father is not glorified. It is a duty, for the glory of God, to live and pray so that our prayer can 4344 be answered. For the sake of God's glory, let us learn to 4345 pray well. 4346

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4367 4368 What a humbling thought that so often there is earnest prayer for a child or a friend, for a work or a circle, in which the thought of our joy or our pleasure was far stronger than any yearnings for God's glory. No wonder that there are so many unanswered prayers: here we have the secret. God would not be glorified when that glory was not our object. He that would pray the prayer of faith, will have to give himself to live literally so that the Father in all things may be glorified in him. This must be his aim: without this there cannot be the prayer of faith. How can ve believe,' said Jesus, which receive glory of one another, and the glory that cometh from the only God ve seek not?' All seeking of our own glory with men makes faith impossible: it is the deep, intense self-sacrifice that gives up its own glory, and seeks the glory of God alone, that wakens in the soul that spiritual susceptibility of the Divine, which is faith. The surrender to God to seek His glory, and the expectation that He will show His glory in hearing us, are one at root: He that seeks God's glory will see it in the answer to his prayer, and he alone.

4369 And how, we ask again, shall we attain to it? Let us begin 4370 with confession. How little has the glory of God been an all-absorbing passion; how little our lives and our prayers 4371 have been full of it. How little have we lived in the likeness 4372 4373 of the Son, and in sympathy with Him—for God and His 4374 glory alone. Let us take time, until the Holy Spirit discover it to us, and we see how wanting we have been in this. True 4375 4376 knowledge and confession of sin are the sure path to

4377 deliverance.

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And then let us look to Jesus. In Him we can see by what 4379 death we can glorify God. In death He glorified Him; 4380 4381 through death He was glorified with Him. It is by dying, being dead to self and living to God, that we can glorify 4382 Him. And this—this death to self, this life to the glory of 4383 God—is what Jesus gives and lives in each one who can 4384 trust Him for it. Let nothing less than these—the desire, the 4385 4386 decision to live only for the glory of the Father, even as Christ did: the acceptance of Him with His life and strength 4387 working it in us; the joyful assurance that we can live to the 4388 4389 glory of God, because Christ lives in us:—let this be the 4390 spirit of our daily life. Jesus stands surety for our living thus; the Holy Spirit is given, and waiting to make it our 4391 4392 experience, if we will only trust and let Him; O let us not 4393 hold back through unbelief, but confidently take as our watchword—All to the glory of God! The Father accepts 4394 4395 the will, the sacrifice is well-pleasing; the Holy Spirit will seal us within with the consciousness, we are living for God 4396 and His glory. 4397

And then what quiet peace and power there will be in our prayers, as we know ourselves through His grace, in perfect harmony with Him who says to us, when He promises to do what we ask: That the Father may be glorified in the Son.'

With our whole being consciously yielded to the inspiration 4403 of the Word and Spirit, our desires will be no longer ours 4404 but His; their chief end the glory of God. With increasing 4405 liberty we shall be able in prayer to say: Father! Thou 4406 4407 knowest, we ask it only for Thy glory. And the condition of prayer-answers, instead of being as a mountain we cannot 4408 climb, will only give us the greater confidence that we shall 4409 be heard, because we have seen that prayer has no higher 4410 beauty or blessedness than this, that it glorifies the Father. 4411 And the precious privilege of prayer will become doubly 4412 precious because it brings us into perfect unison with the 4413 Beloved Son in the wonderful partnership He proposes: 4414 You ask, and I do, that the Father may be glorified in the 4415 Son' 4416

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LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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4422 Blessed Lord Jesus! I come again to Thee. Every lesson Thou givest me convinces me more deeply how little I 4423 4424 know to pray aright. But every lesson also inspires me with 4425 hope that Thou art going to teach me, that Thou art teaching 4426 me not only to know what prayer should be, but actually to 4427 pray as I ought. O my Lord! I look with courage to Thee, the Great Intercessor, who didst pray and dost hear prayer, 4428 4429 only that the Father may be glorified, to teach me too to live and to pray to the glory of God. 4430

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Saviour! To this end I yield myself to Thee again. I would be nothing. I have given self, as already crucified with Thee, to the death. Through the Spirit its workings are mortified and made dead; Thy life and Thy love of the Father are taking possession of me. A new longing begins to fill my

4437	soul, that every day, every hour, that in every prayer the
4438	glory of the Father may be everything to me. O my Lord! I
4439	am in Thy school to learn this: teach Thou it me.
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4441	And do Thou, the God of glory, the Father of glory, my God
4442	and my Father, accept the desire of a child who has seen
4443	that Thy glory is indeed alone worth living for. O Lord!
4444	Show me Thy glory. Let it overshadow me. Let it fill the
4445	temple of my heart. Let me dwell in it as revealed in Christ.
4446	And do Thou Thyself fulfil in me Thine own good pleasure,
4447	that Thy child should find his glory in seeking the glory of
4448	his Father. Amen.
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4450	^1See in the note on George Muller, at the close of this
4451	volume, how he was led to make God's glory his first
4452	object.
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4456	TWENTY-FIRST LESSON.
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4458	If ye abide in me;'
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4460	Or The All-Inclusive Condition.
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4462	If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask
4463	whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.'—John
4464	xv. 7.
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4466	IN all God's intercourse with us, the promise and its
4467	conditions are inseparable. If we fulfil the conditions, He
4468	fulfils the promise. What He is to be to us depends upon
4469	what we are willing to be to Him. Draw near to God, and
4470	He will draw near to you.' And so in prayer the unlimited

promise, Ask whatsoever ye will, has its one simple and natural condition, if ye abide in me. It is Christ whom the Father always hears; God is in Christ, and can only be reached by being in Him; to be IN HIM is the way to have our prayer heard; fully and wholly ABIDING IN HIM, we have the right to ask whatsoever we will, and the promise that it shall be done unto us

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When we compare this promise with the experiences of most believers, we are startled by a terrible discrepancy. Who can number up the countless prayers that rise and bring no answer? The cause must be either that we do not fulfil the condition, or God does not fulfil the promise. Believers are not willing to admit either, and therefore have devised a way of escape from the dilemma. They put into the promise the qualifying clause our Saviour did not put there—if it be God's will; and so maintain both God's integrity and their own. O if they did but accept it and hold it fast as it stands, trusting to Christ to vindicate His truth, how God's Spirit would lead them to see the Divine propriety of such a promise to those who really abide in Christ in the sense in which He means it, and to confess that the failure in the fulfilling the condition is the one sufficient explanation of unanswered prayer. And how the Holy Spirit would then make our feebleness in prayer one of the mightiest motives to urge us on to discover the secret, and

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If ye abide in me.' As a Christian grows in grace and in the knowledge of the Lord Jesus, he is often surprised to find how the words of God grow too, in the new and deeper meaning with which they come to him. He can look back to the day when some word of God was opened up to him and he rejoiced in the blessing he had found in it. After a time

obtain the blessing, of full abiding in Christ.

some deeper experience gave it a new meaning, and it was as if he never had seen what it contained. And yet once again, as he advanced in the Christian life, the same word stood before him again as a great mystery, until anew the Holy Spirit led him still deeper into its Divine fulness. One of these ever-growing, never-exhausted words, opening up to us step by step the fulness of the Divine life, is the Master's precious Abide in me.' As the union of the branch with the vine is one of growth, never-ceasing growth and increase, so our abiding in Christ is a life process in which the Divine life takes ever fuller and more complete possession of us. The young and feeble believer may be really abiding in Christ up to the measure of his light; it is he who reaches onward to the full abiding in the sense in which the Master understood the words, who inherits all the promises connected with it.

In the growing life of abiding in Christ, the first stage is that of faith. As the believer sees that, with all his feebleness, the command is really meant for him, his great aim is simply to believe that, as he knows he is in Christ, so now, notwithstanding unfaithfulness and failure, abiding in Christ is his immediate duty, and a blessing within his reach. He is specially occupied with the love, and power, and faithfulness of the Saviour: he feels his one need to be believing.

4532 It is not long before he sees something more is needed.
4533 Obedience and faith must go together. Not as if to the faith
4534 he has the obedience must be added, but faith must be made
4535 manifest in obedience. Faith is obedience at home and
4536 looking to the Master: obedience is faith going out to do His
4537 will. He sees how he has been more occupied with the
4538 privilege and the blessings of this abiding than with its

duties and its fruit. There has been much of self and of self-will that has been unnoticed or tolerated: the peace which, as a young and feeble disciple, he could enjoy in believing goes from him; it is in practical obedience that the abiding must be maintained: If ye keep my commands, ye shall abide in my love.' As before his great aim was through the mind, and the truth it took hold of, to let the heart rest on Christ and His promises; so now, in this stage, he chief effort is to get his will united with the will of his Lord, and the heart and the life brought entirely under His rule.

And yet it is as if there is something wanting. The will and the heart are on Christ's side; he obeys and he loves his Lord. But still, why is it that the fleshly nature has yet so much power, that the spontaneous motions and emotions of the inmost being are not what they should be? The will does not approve or allow, but here is a region beyond control of the will. And why also, even when there is not so much of positive commission to condemn, why so much of omission, the deficiency of that beauty of holiness, that zeal of love, that conformity to Jesus and His death, in which the life of self is lost, and which is surely implied in the abiding, as the Master meant it? There must surely be something in our abiding in Christ and Christ in us, which he has not yet experienced.

It is so. Faith and obedience are but the pathway of blessing. Before giving us the parable of the vine and the branches, Jesus had very distinctly told what the full blessing is to which faith and obedience are to lead. Three times over He had said, If ye love me, keep my commandments,' and spoken of the threefold blessing with which He would crown such obedient love. The Holy Spirit would come from the Father; the Son would manifest Himself; the

Father and the Son would come and make their abode. It is as our faith grows into obedience, and in obedience and love our whole being goes out and clings itself to Christ, that our inner life becomes opened up, and the capacity is formed within of receiving the life, the spirit, of the glorified Jesus, as a distinct and conscious union with Christ and with the Father. The word is fulfilled in us: In that day ye shall know that I am in my Father and ye in me, and I in you.' We understand how, just as Christ is in God, and God in Christ, one together not only in will and in love, but in identity of nature and life, because they exist in each other, so we are in Christ and Christ in us, in union not only of will and love, but of life and nature too.

It was after Jesus had spoken of our thus through the Holy Spirit knowing that He is in the Father, and even so we in Him and He in us, that He said, Abide in me, and I in you. Accept, consent to receive that Divine life of union with myself, in virtue of which, as you abide in me, I also abide in you, even as I abide in the Father. So that your life is mine and mine is yours.' This is the true abiding, the occupying of the position in which Christ can come and abide; so abiding in Him that the soul has come away from self to find that He has taken the place and become our life. It is the becoming as little children who have no care, and find their happiness in trusting and obeying the love that has done all for them.

To those who thus abide, the promise comes as their rightful heritage: Ask whatsoever ye will. It cannot be otherwise. Christ has got full possession of them. Christ dwells in their love, their will, their life. Not only has their will been given up; Christ has entered it, and dwells and breathes in it by

His Spirit. He whom the Father always hears, prays in them; they pray in Him: what they ask shall be done unto them.

 Beloved fellow-believer! let us confess that it is because we do not abide in Christ as He would have us, that the Church is so impotent in presence of the infidelity and worldliness and heathendom, in the midst of which the Lord is able to make her more than conqueror. Let us believe that He means what He promises, and accept the condemnation the confession implies.

But let us not be discouraged. The abiding of the branch in the Vine is a life of never-ceasing growth. The abiding, as the Master meant it, is within our reach, for He lives to give it us. Let us but be ready to count all things loss, and to say, Not as though I had already attained; I follow after, if that I may apprehend that for which I also am apprehended of Christ Jesus.' Let us not be so much occupied with the abiding, as with Him to whom the abiding links us, and His fulness. Let it be Him, the whole Christ, in His obedience and humiliation, in His exaltation and power, in whom our soul moves and acts; He Himself will fulfil His promise in us

And then as we abide, and grow evermore into the full abiding, let us exercise our right, the will to enter into all God's will. Obeying what that will commands, let us claim what it promises. Let us yield to the teaching of the Holy Spirit, to show each of us, according to his growth and measure, what the will of God is which we may claim in prayer. And let us rest content with nothing less than the personal experience of what Jesus gave when He said, If ye abide in me, ask whatsoever ye will, it shall be done unto vou.'

4640 4641 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY!' 4642 4643 ____0___ 4644 Beloved Lord! do teach me to take this promise anew in all 4645 its simplicity, and to be sure that the only measure of Thy 4646 4647 holy giving is our holy willing. Lord! Let each word of this Thy promise be anew made quick and powerful in my soul. 4648 4649 Thou savest: Abide in me! O my Master, my Life, my All, I 4650 do abide in Thee. Give Thou me to grow up into all Thy 4651 4652 fulness. It is not the effort of faith, seeking to cling to Thee, nor even the rest of faith, trusting Thee to keep me; it is not 4653 4654 the obedience of the will, nor the keeping the commandments; but it is Thyself living in me and in the 4655 Father, that alone can satisfy me. It is Thy self, my Lord, no 4656 4657 longer before me and above me, but one with me, and abiding in me; it is this I need, it is this I seek. It is this I 4658 4659 trust Thee for 4660 4661 Thou sayest: Ask whatsoever ye will! Lord! I know that the life of full, deep abiding will so renew and sanctify and 4662 4663 strengthen the will that I shall have the light and the liberty 4664 to ask great things. Lord! let my will, dead in Thy death, living in Thy life, be bold and large in its petitions. 4665 4666 Thou sayest: It shall be done. O Thou who art the Amen, 4667 4668 the Faithful and True Witness, give me in Thyself the joyous confidence that Thou wilt make this word yet more 4669 wonderfully true to me than ever, because it hath not 4670 entered into the heart of man to conceive what God hath 4671 prepared for them that love Him. Amen. 4672 4673

4674 NOTE

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4676 On a thoughtful comparison of what we mostly find in books or sermons on prayer, and the teaching of the Master. 4677 we shall find one great difference: the importance assigned 4678 to the answer to prayer is by no means the same. In the 4679 former we find a great deal on the blessing of prayer as a 4680 spiritual exercise even if there be no answer, and on the 4681 reasons why we should be content without it. God's 4682 4683 fellowship ought to be more to us than the gift we ask: God's wisdom only knows what is best; God may bestow 4684 something better than what He withholds. Though this 4685 4686 teaching looks very high and spiritual, it is remarkable that we find nothing of it with our Lord. The more carefully we 4687 4688 gather together all He spoke on prayer, the clearer it becomes that He wished us to think of prayer simply as the 4689 means to an end, and that the answer was to be the proof 4690 4691 that we and our prayer are acceptable to the Father in heaven. It is not that Christ would have us count the gifts of 4692 higher value than the fellowship and favour of the Father. 4693 4694 By no means. But the Father means the answer to be the token of His favour and of the reality of our fellowship with 4695 Him. To-day thy servant knoweth that I have found grace in 4696 4697 thy sight, my lord, O king, in that the king hath fulfilled the request of his servant.' 4698

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A life marked by daily answer to prayer is the proof of our spiritual maturity; that we have indeed attained to the true abiding in Christ; that our will is truly at one with God's will; that our faith has grown strong to see and take what God has prepared for us; that the Name of Christ and His nature have taken full possession of us; and that we have been found fit to take a place among those whom God admits to His counsels, and according to whose prayer He

rules the world. These are they in whom something of man's original dignity hath been restored, in whom, as they abide in Christ, His power as the all-prevailing Intercessor can manifest itself, in whom the glory of His Name is shown forth. Prayer is very blessed; the answer is more blessed still, as the response from the Father that our prayer, our faith, our will are indeed as He would wish them to be.

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I make these remarks with the one desire of leading my readers themselves to put together all that Christ has said on prayer, and to yield themselves to the full impression of the truth that when prayer is what it should be, or rather when we are what we should be, abiding in Christ, the answer must be expected. It will bring us out from those refuges where we have comforted ourselves with unanswered prayer. It will discover to us the place of power to which Christ has appointed His Church, and which it so little occupies. It will reveal the terrible feebleness of our spiritual life as the cause of our not knowing to pray boldly in Christ's Name. It will urge us mightily to rise to a life in the full union with Christ, and in the fulness of the Spirit, as the secret of effectual prayer. And it will so lead us on to realize our destiny: At that day: Verily, verily, I say unto you, If ye shall ask anything of the Father, He will give it you in my Name: ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be fulfilled.' Prayer that is really, spiritually, in union with Jesus, is always answered.

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TWENTY-SECOND LESSON.

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My words in you.'

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4742 Or, The Word and Prayer. 4743 4744 If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatsoever ve will, and it shall be done unto you.'—John 4745 4746 xv 7 4747 THE vital connection between the word and prayer is one of 4748 4749 the simplest and earliest lessons of the Christian life. As that newly-converted heathen put it: I pray—I speak to my 4750 father; I read—my Father speaks to me. Before prayer, it is 4751 God's word that prepares me for it by revealing what the 4752 Father has bid me ask. In prayer, it is God's word 4753 strengthens me by giving my faith its warrant and its plea. 4754 And after prayer, it is God's word that brings me the answer 4755 when I have prayed, for in it the Spirit gives me to hear the 4756 Father's voice. Prayer is not monologue but dialogue; God's 4757 voice in response to mine in its most essential part. 4758 4759 Listening to God's voice is the secret of the assurance that He will listen to mine. Incline thine ear, and hear;' Give ear 4760 to me;' Hearken to my voice;' are words which God speaks 4761 to man as well as man to God. His hearkening will depend 4762 on ours; the entrance His words find with me, will be the 4763 measure of the power of my words with Him. What God's 4764 4765 words are to me, is the test of what He Himself is to me, and so of the uprightness of my desire after Him in prayer. 4766 4767 4768 It is this connection between His word and our prayer that Jesus points to when He says, If ye abide in me, and my 4769 words abide in you, ask whatsoever ye will, and it shall be 4770 done unto you.' The deep importance of this truth becomes 4771 clear if we notice the other expression of which this one has 4772 taken the place. More than once Jesus had said, "Abide in 4773 me and I in you.' His abiding in us was the complement and 4774

the crown of our abiding in Him. But here, instead of Ye in

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me and I in you,' He says, Ye in me and my words in you.' 4776 His words abiding are the equivalent of Himself abiding. 4777

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What a view is here opened up to us of the place the words of God in Christ are to have in our spiritual life, and especially in our prayer. In a man's words he reveals himself. In his promises he gives himself away, he binds himself to the one who receives his promise. In his commands he sets forth his will, seeks to make himself master of him whose obedience he claims, to guide and use him as if he were part of himself. It is through our words that spirit holds fellowship with spirit, that the spirit of one man passes over and transfers itself into another. It is

4789 through the words of a man, heard and accepted, and held fast and obeyed, that he can impart himself to another. But 4790 4791

all this in a very relative and limited sense.

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But when God, the infinite Being, in whom everything is life and power, spirit and truth, in the very deepest meaning of the words,—when God speaks forth Himself in His words. He does indeed give HIMSELF, His Love and His Life, His Will and His Power, to those who receive these words, in a reality passing comprehension. In every promise He puts Himself in our power to lay hold of and possess; in every command He puts Himself in our power for us to share with Him His Will, His Holiness, His Perfection. In God's Word God gives us HIMSELF; His Word is nothing less than the Eternal Son, Christ Jesus. And so all Christ's words are God's words, full of a Divine guickening life and power. The words that I speak unto you, they are spirit and they are life.'

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Those who have made the deaf and dumb their study, tell us how much the power of speaking depends on that of

hearing, and how the loss of hearing in children is followed by that of speaking too. This is true in a wider sense: as we hear, so we speak. This is true in the highest sense of our intercourse with God. To offer a prayer—to give utterance to certain wishes and to appeal to certain promises—is an easy thing, and can be learned of man by human wisdom. But to pray in the Spirit, to speak words that reach and touch God, that affect and influence the powers of the unseen world,—such praying, such speaking, depends entirely upon our hearing God's voice. Just as far as we listen to the voice and language that God speaks, and in the words of God receive His thoughts, His mind, His life, into our heart, we shall learn to speak in the voice and the language that God hears. It is the ear of the learner. wakened morning by morning, that prepares for the tongue of the learned, to speak to God as well as men, as should be (Isa. 1. 4).

This hearing the voice of God is something more than the thoughtful study of the Word. There may be a study and knowledge of the Word, in which there is but little real fellowship with the living God. But there is also a reading of the Word, in the very presence of the Father, and under the leading of the Spirit, in which the Word comes to us in living power from God Himself; it is to us the very voice of the Father, a real personal fellowship with Himself. It is the living voice of God that enters the heart, that brings blessing and strength, and awakens the response of a living faith that

It is on this hearing the voice, that the power both to obey and believe depends. The chief thing is, not to know what God has said we must do, but that God Himself says it to us. It is not the law, and not the book, not the knowledge of

reaches the heart of God again.

what is right, that works obedience, but the personal influence of God and His living fellowship. And even so it is not the knowledge of what God has promised, but the presence of God Himself as the Promiser, that awakens faith and trust in prayer. It is only in the full presence of God that disobedience and unbelief become impossible.

If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatsoever ye will, it shall be done unto you.' We see what this means. In the words the Saviour gives Himself. We must have the words in us, taken up into our will and life, reproduced in our disposition and conduct. We must have them abiding in us: our whole life one continued exposition of the words that are within, and filling us; the words revealing Christ within, and our life revealing Him without. It is as the words of Christ enter our very heart, become our life and influence it, that our words will enter His heart and influence Him. My prayer will depend on my life; what God's words are to me and in me, my words will be to God and in God. If I do what God says, God will do what I say.

How well the Old Testament saints understood this connection between God's words and ours, and how really prayer with them was the loving response to what they had heard God speak! If the word were a promise, they counted on God to do as He had spoken. Do as Thou hast said;' For Thou, Lord, hast spoken it;' According to Thy promise;' According to Thy word;' in such expressions they showed that what God spake in promise was the root and the life of what they spake in prayer. If the word was a command, they simply did as the Lord had spoken: So Abram departed as the Lord had spoken.' Their life was fellowship with God, the interchange of word and thought. What God spoke they heard and did; what they spoke God heard and did. In each

word He speaks to us, the whole Christ gives Himself to fulfil it for us. For each word He asks no less that we give the whole man to keep that word, and to receive its fulfilment.

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4883 If my words abide in you;' the condition is simple and clear. In His words His will is revealed. As the words abide in me, 4884 4885 His will rules me; my will becomes the empty vessel which His will fills, the willing instrument which His will wields: 4886 He fills my inner being. In the exercise of obedience and 4887 faith my will becomes ever stronger, and is brought into 4888 deeper inner harmony with Him. He can fully trust it to will 4889 4890 nothing but what He wills; He is not afraid to give the promise. If my words abide in you, ask whatsoever ve will, 4891 it shall be done unto you.' To all who believe it, and act 4892 upon it. He will make it literally true. 4893

> Disciples of Christ! is it not becoming more and more clear to us that while we have been excusing our unanswered prayers, our impotence in prayer, with a fancied submission to God's wisdom and will, the real reason has been that our own feeble life has been the cause of our feeble prayers. Nothing can make strong men but the word coming to us from God's mouth: by that we must live. It is the word of Christ, loved, lived in, abiding in us, becoming through obedience and action part of our being, that makes us one with Christ, that fits us spiritually for touching, for taking hold of God. All that is of the world passeth away; he that doeth the will of God abideth for ever. O let us yield heart and life to the words of Christ, the words in which He ever gives HIMSELF, the personal living Saviour, and His promise will be our rich experience: If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatsoever ve will, and it shall be done unto you.'

4912 4913 LORD. TEACH US TO PRAY!' 4914 4915 4916 __0-4917

Blessed Lord! Thy lesson this day has again discovered to 4918 4919 me my folly. I see how it is that my prayer has not been more believing and prevailing. I was more occupied with 4920 my speaking to Thee than Thy speaking to me. I did not 4921 understand that the secret of faith is this: there can be only 4922 so much faith as there is of the Living Word dwelling in the 4923 4924 soul.

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And Thy word had taught me so clearly: Let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak; let not thine heart be hasty to utter anything before God. Lord, teach me that it is only with Thy word taken up into my life that my words can be taken into Thy heart; that Thy word, if it be a living power within me, will be a living power with Thee; what Thy mouth hath spoken Thy hand will perform.

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Lord! deliver me from the uncircumcised ear. Give me the opened ear of the learner, wakened morning by morning to hear the Father's voice. Even as Thou didst only speak what 4936 Thou didst hear, may my speaking be the echo of Thy speaking to me. When Moses went into the tabernacle to speak with Him, he heard the voice of One speaking unto 4939 him from off the mercy-seat.' Lord, may it be so with me too. Let a life and character bearing the one mark, that Thy words abide and are seen in it, be the preparation for the full 4943 blessing: Ask whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.' Amen.

4945 4946 4947 4948 TWENTY-THIRD LESSON 4949 4950 Bear fruit, that the Father may give what ye ask;' 4951 4952 Or, Obedience the Path to Power in Prayer. 4953 4954 Ye did not choose me, but I chose you, and appointed you, that ye should go and bear fruit, and that your fruit should 4955 abide: that whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my name, 4956 He may give it you.'—John xv. 16. 4957 4958 4959 The fervent effectual prayer of a righteous man availeth much.'—James. v. 16. 4960 4961 4962 THE promise of the Father's giving whatsoever we ask is here once again renewed, in such a connection as to show 4963 us to whom it is that such wonderful influence in the 4964 4965 council chamber of the Most High is to be granted. I chose you,' the Master says, and appointed you that ye should go 4966 and bear fruit, and that your fruit should abide;' and then He 4967 adds, to the end that whatsoever ye,' the fruit-bearing ones, 4968 shall ask of the Father in my name, He may give it you.' 4969 This is nothing but the fuller expression of what He had 4970 4971 spoken in the words, If ye abide in me.' He had spoken of the object of this abiding as the bearing fruit,' more fruit,' 4972 much fruit;' in this was God to be glorified, and the mark of 4973 4974 discipleship seen. No wonder that He now adds, that where the reality of the abiding is seen in fruit abounding and 4975 abiding, this would be the qualification for praying so as to 4976 obtain what we ask Entire consecration to the fulfilment of 4977 our calling is the condition of effectual prayer, is the key to 4978

the unlimited blessings of Christ's wonderful prayerpromises.

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4982 There are Christians who fear that such a statement is at 4983 variance with the doctrine of free grace. But surely not of free grace rightly understood, nor with so many express 4984 statements of God's blessed word. Take the words of St. 4985 4986 John (1 John iii. 22): Let us love in deed and truth; hereby shall we assure our heart before Him. And whatsoever we 4987 ask, we receive of Him, because we keep His 4988 commandments, and do the things that are pleasing in His 4989 sight." Or take the oft-quoted words of James: The fervent 4990 effectual prayer of a righteous man availeth much;' that is, 4991 of a man of whom, according to the definition of the Holy 4992 Spirit, it can be said, He that doeth righteousness, is 4993 righteous even as He is righteous.' Mark the spirit of so 4994 many of the Psalms, with their confident appeal to the 4995 4996 integrity and righteousness of the supplicant. In Ps. xviii, David says: The Lord rewarded me according to my 4997 righteousness; according to the cleanness of my hands hath 4998 He recompensed me. . . . I was upright before Him, and I 4999 kept myself from mine iniquity: therefore hath the Lord 5000 recompensed me according to my righteousness.' (Ps. xviii. 5001 5002 20-26. See also Ps. vii. 3-5, xv. 1, 2, xviii. 3, 6, xxvi. 1-6, cxix. 121, 153.) If we carefully consider such utterances in 5003 the light of the New Testament, we shall find them in 5004 perfect harmony with the explicit teaching of the Saviour's 5005 parting words: If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide 5006 in my love;' Ye are my friends if ye do what I command 5007 you.' The word is indeed meant literally: I appointed you 5008 that ye should go and bear fruit, that,' then, whatsoever ye 5009 shall ask of the Father in my name, He may give it you.' 5010

5012 Let us seek to enter into the spirit of what the Saviour here 5013 teaches us. There is a danger in our evangelical religion of looking too much at what it offers from one side, as a 5014 certain experience to be obtained in prayer and faith. There 5015 is another side which God's word puts very strongly, that of 5016 obedience as the only path to blessing. What we need is to 5017 realize that in our relationship to the Infinite Being whom 5018 5019 we call God who has created and redeemed us, the first sentiment that ought to animate us is that of subjection: the 5020 surrender to His supremacy, His glory, His will, His 5021 pleasure, ought to be the first and uppermost thought of our 5022 life. The question is not, how we are to obtain and enjoy His 5023 favour, for in this the main thing may still be self. But what 5024 this Being in the very nature of things rightfully claims, and 5025 5026 is infinitely and unspeakably worthy of, is that His glory and pleasure should be my one object. Surrender to His 5027 perfect and blessed will, a life of service and obedience, is 5028 5029 the beauty and the charm of heaven. Service and obedience, these were the thoughts that were uppermost in the mind of 5030 the Son, when He dwelt upon earth. Service and obedience, 5031 these must become with us the chief objects of desire and 5032 aim, more so than rest or light, or joy or strength: in them 5033 we shall find the path to all the higher blessedness that 5034 5035 awaits us

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Just note what a prominent place the Master gives it, not only in the 15^hth chapter, in connection with the abiding, but in the 14^hth, where He speaks of the indwelling of the Three-One God. In verse 15 we have it: If ye love me, keep my commandments, and the Spirit will be given you of the Father. Then verse 21: He that hath my commandments and keepeth them, he it is that loveth me; and he shall have the special love of my Father resting on him and the special manifestation of myself. And then again, verse 23, one of

the highest of all the exceeding great and precious promises: If a man love me he will keep my words, and the Father and I will come and take up our abode with him.' Could words put it more clearly that obedience is the way to the indwelling of the Spirit, to His revealing the Son within us, and to His again preparing us to be the abode, the home of the Father? The indwelling of the Three-One God is the heritage of them that obey. Obedience and faith are but two aspects of one act,—surrender to God and His will. As faith strengthens for obedience, it is in turn strengthened by it: faith is made perfect by works. It is to be feared that often our efforts to believe have been unavailing because we have not taken up the only position in which a large faith is legitimate or possible.—that of entire surrender to the honour and the will of God. It is the man who is entirely consecrated to God and His will who will find the power come to claim everything that His God has promised to be for him

The application of this in the school of prayer is very simple, but very solemn. I chose you,' the Master says, and appointed you that ye should go and bear fruit,' much fruit (verses 5, 8), and that your fruit should abide,' that your life might be one of abiding fruit and abiding fruitfulness, that' thus, as fruitful branches abiding in me, whatsoever ye shall ask of the Father in my name, He may give it you.' O how often we have sought to be able to pray the effectual prayer for much grace to bear fruit, and have wondered that the answer came not. It was because we were reversing the Master's order. We wanted to have the comfort and the joy and the strength first, that we might do the work easily and without any feeling of difficulty or self-sacrifice. And He wanted us in faith, without asking whether we felt weak or strong, whether the work was hard or easy, in the obedience

of faith to do what He said: the path of fruit-bearing would have led us to the place and the power of prevailing prayer. Obedience is the only path that leads to the glory of God. Not obedience instead of faith, nor obedience to supply the shortcomings of faith: no. but faith's obedience gives access to all the blessings our God has for us. The baptism of the Spirit (xiv. 16), the manifestation of the Son (xiv. 21), the indwelling of the Father (xiv. 23), the abiding in Christ's love (xv. 10), the privilege of His holy friendship (xv. 14), and the power of all-prevailing prayer (xv. 16),—all wait for the obedient

 Let us take home the lessons. Now we know the great reason why we have not had power in faith to pray prevailingly. Our life was not as it should have been: simple downright obedience, abiding fruitfulness, was not its chief mark. And with our whole heart we approve of the Divine appointment: men to whom God is to give such influence in the rule of the world, as at their request to do what otherwise would not have taken place, men whose will is to guide the path in which God's will is to work, must be men who have themselves learned obedience, whose loyalty and submission to authority must be above all suspicion. Our whole soul approves the law: obedience and fruit-bearing, the path to prevailing prayer. And with shame we acknowledge how little our lives have yet borne this stamp.

Let us yield ourselves to take up the appointment the Saviour gives us. Let us study His relation to us as Master. Let us seek no more with each new day to think in the first place of comfort, or joy, or blessing. Let the first thought be: I belong to the Master. Every moment and every movement I must act as His property, as a part of Himself, as one who only seeks to know and do His will. A servant, a

slave of Jesus Christ,—let this be the spirit that animates me. If He says, No longer do I call you servants, but I have called you friends,' let us accept the place of friends: Ye are my friends if ye do the things which I command you.'

The one thing He commands us as His branches is to bear fruit. Let us live to bless others, to testify of the life and the love there is in Jesus. Let us in faith and obedience give our whole life to that which Jesus chose us for and appointed us to—fruit-bearing. As we think of His electing us to this, and take up our appointment as coming from Him who always gives all He demands, we shall grow strong in the confidence that a life of fruit-bearing, abounding and abiding, is within our reach. And we shall understand why this fruit-bearing alone can be the path to the place of all prevailing prayer. It is the man who, in obedience to the Christ of God, is proving that he is doing what his Lord wills, for whom the Father will do whatsoever he will: Whatsoever we ask we receive, because we keep His

commandments, and do the things that are pleasing in His

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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sight.'

Blessed Master! teach me to apprehend fully what I only partly realize, that it is only through the will of God, accepted and acted out in obedience to His commands, that we obtain the power to grasp His will in His promises and fully to appropriate them in our prayers. And teach me that it is in the path of fruit-bearing that the deeper growth of the branch into the Vine can be perfected, and we attain to the

5147 5148	perfect oneness with Thyself in which we ask whatsoever we will.
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5150	O Lord! Reveal to us, we pray Thee, how with all the hosts
5151	of heaven, and with Thyself the Son on earth, and with all
5152	the men of faith who have glorified Thee on earth,
5153	obedience to God is our highest privilege, because it gives
5154	access to oneness with Himself in that which is His highest
5155	glory—His all perfect will. And reveal to us, we pray Thee,
5156	how in keeping Thy commandments and bearing fruit
5157	according to Thy will, our spiritual nature will grow up to
5158	the full stature of the perfect man, with power to ask and to
5159	receive whatsoever we will.
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5161	O Lord Jesus! Reveal Thyself to us, and the reality of Thy
5162	purpose and Thy power to make these Thy wonderful
5163	promises the daily experience of all who utterly yield
5164	themselves to Thee and Thy words. Amen.
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5168	TWENTY-FOURTH LESSON.
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5170	In my Name;'
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5172	Or, The All-prevailing Plea.
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5174	Whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name, that will I do. If ye
5175	shall ask me anything in my Name, that will I do. That
5176	whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my Name, He may
5177	give it you. Verily, verily, I say unto you, If ye shall ask
5178	anything of the Father, He will give it you in my Name.
5179	Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my Name: ask, and ye

5180 shall receive. In that day ye shall ask in my Name.'—John xiv. 13, 14, xv. 16, xvi. 23, 24, 26. 5181 5182 HITHERTO the disciples had not asked in the Name of 5183 Christ, nor had He Himself ever used the expression. The 5184 nearest approach is, met together in my Name.' Here in His 5185 parting words. He repeats the word unceasingly in 5186 connection with those promises of unlimited meaning. 5187 Whatsoever,' Anything,' What ye will,' to teach them and 5188 us that His Name is our only, but also our all-sufficient plea. 5189 The power of prayer and the answer depend on the right use 5190 of the Name 5191 5192 What is a person's name? That word or expression in which 5193 5194 the person is called up or represented to us. When I mention or hear a name, it calls up before me the whole man, what I 5195 know of him, and also the impression he has made on me. 5196 5197 The name of a king includes his honour, his power, his kingdom. His name is the symbol of his power. And so each 5198 5199 name of God embodies and represents some part of the glory of the Unseen One. And the Name of Christ is the 5200 expression of all He has done and all He is and lives to do 5201 5202 as our Mediator

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And what is it to do a thing in the name of another? It is to come with the power and authority of that other, as his representative and substitute. We know how such a use of another's name always supposes a community of interest. No one would give another the free use of his name without first being assured that his honour and interest were as safe with that other as with himself.

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And what is it when Jesus gives us power over His Name, the free use of it, with the assurance that whatever we ask in

5214 it will be given to us? The ordinary comparison of one person giving another, on some special occasion, the liberty 52.15 to ask something in his name, comes altogether short 5216 here,—Jesus solemnly gives to all His disciples a general 52.17 and unlimited power of the free use of His Name at all 5218 times for all they desire. He could not do this if He did not 5219 know that He could trust us with His interests, that His 5220 5221 honour would be safe in our hands. The free use of the name of another is always the token of great confidence, of 5222 close union. He who gives his name to another stands aside. 5223 to let that other act for him; he who takes the name of 5224 another, gives up his own as of no value. When I go in the 5225 5226 name of another, I deny myself, I take not only his name, but himself and what he is, instead of myself and what I am. 5227 5228

5229 Such a use of the name of a person may be in virtue of a legal union. A merchant leaving his home and business, 5230 5231 gives his chief clerk a general power, by which he can draw thousands of pounds in the merchant's name. The clerk 5232 does this, not for himself, but only in the interests of the 5233 5234 business. It is because the merchant knows and trusts him as 5235 wholly devoted to his interests and business, that he dares 5236 put his name and property at his command. When the Lord 5237 Jesus went to heaven, He left His work, the management of His kingdom on earth, in the hands of His servants. He 5238 5239 could not do otherwise than also give them His Name to 5240 draw all the supplies they needed for the due conduct of His business. And they have the spiritual power to avail 5241 themselves of the Name of Jesus just to the extent to which 5242 they yield themselves to live only for the interests and the 5243 work of the Master. The use of the Name always supposes 5244 the surrender of our interests to Him whom we represent. 5245

Or such a use of the name may be in virtue of a life union. In the case of the merchant and his clerk, the union is temporary. But we know how oneness of life on earth gives oneness of name: a child has the father's name because he has his life. And often the child of a good father has been honoured or helped by others for the sake of the name he bore. But this would not last long if it were found that it was 52.53 only a name, and that the father's character was wanting. The name and the character or spirit must be in harmony. When such is the case, the child will have a double claim on the father's friends: the character secures and increases the love and esteem rendered first for the name's sake. So it is with Jesus and the believer: we are one, we have one life. one Spirit with Him; for this reason we may come in His Name. Our power in using that Name, whether with God, or men, or devils depends on the measure of our spiritual life-union. The use of the name rests on the unity of life; the Name and the Spirit of Jesus are one. [2]

Or the union that empowers to the use of the Name may be the union of love. When a bride whose life has been one of poverty, becomes united to the bridegroom, she gives up her own name, to be called by his, and has now the full right to use it. She purchases in his name, and that name is not refused. And this is done because the bridegroom has chosen her for himself, counting on her to care for his interests: they are now one. And so the Heavenly Bridegroom could do nothing less; having loved us and made us one with Himself, what could He do but give those who bear His Name the right to present it before the Father, or to come with it to Himself for all they need. And there is no one who gives himself really to live in the Name of Jesus, who does not receive in ever-increasing measure the spiritual capacity to ask and receive in that Name what he

will. The bearing of the name of another supposes my having given up my own, and with it my own independent life; but then, as surely, my possession of all there is in the name I have taken instead of my own.

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Such illustrations show us how defective the common view is of a messenger sent to ask in the name of another, or a guilty one appealing to the name of a surety. No Jesus Himself is with the Father; it is not an absent one in whose name we come. Even when we pray to Jesus Himself, it must be in His Name. The name represents the person; to ask in the Name is to ask in full union of interest and life and love with Himself, as one who lives in and for Him. Let the Name of Jesus only have undivided supremacy in my heart and life, my faith will grow to the assurance that what I ask in that Name cannot be refused. The name and the power of asking go together: when the Name of Jesus has become the power that rules my life, its power in prayer with God will be seen too

We see thus that everything depends on our own relation to the Name: the power it has on my life is the power it will have in my prayers. There is more than one expression in Scripture which can make this clear to us. When it says, Do all in the Name of the Lord Jesus,' we see how this is the counterpart of the other, Ask all.' To do all and to ask all in His Name, these go together. When we read, We shall walk in the Name of our God,' we see how the power of the Name must rule in the whole life; only then will it have power in prayer. It is not to the lips but to the life God looks to see what the Name is to us. When Scripture speaks of men who have given their lives for the Name of the Lord Jesus,' or of one ready to die for the Name of the Lord Jesus,' we see what our relation to the Name must be: when

5315 it is everything to me, it will obtain everything for me. If I let it have all I have, it will let me have all it has. 5316

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WHATSOEVER ve shall ask in my Name, that will I do.' Jesus means the promise literally. Christians have sought to limit it: it looked too free; it was hardly safe to trust man so unconditionally. We did not understand that the word in my Name' is its own safeguard. It is a spiritual power which no one can use further than he obtains the capacity for, by his living and acting in that Name. As we bear that Name before men, we have power to use it before God. O let us plead for God's Holy Spirit to show us what the Name means, and what the right use of it is. It is through the Spirit that the Name, which is above every name in heaven, will

take the place of supremacy in our heart and life too.

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Disciples of Jesus! Let the lessons of this day enter deep 5331 5332 into your hearts. The Master says: Only pray in my Name; whatsoever ve ask will be given. Heaven is set open to you; 5333 the treasures and powers of the world of spirit are placed at 5334 your disposal on behalf of men around you. O come, and let 5335 us learn to pray in the Name of Jesus. As to the disciples, 5336 He says to us, Hitherto ye have not asked in my Name: ask, 5337 5338 and ye shall receive.' Let each disciple of Jesus seek to avail himself of the rights of his royal priesthood, and use 5339 the power placed at his disposal for his circle and his work. 5340 5341 Let Christians awake and hear the message: your prayer can obtain what otherwise will be withheld, can accomplish 5342 what otherwise remains undone. O awake, and use the name 5343 of Jesus to open the treasures of heaven for this perishing 5344 world. Learn as the servants of the King to use His Name: 5345 WHATSOEVER ye shall ask in my Name, THAT WILL I 5346 DO'

5349 LORD. TEACH US TO PRAY.' 5350 5351 ____0___ 5352 5353 Blessed Lord! It is as if each lesson Thou givest me has such fulness and depths of meaning, that if I can only learn 5354 that one, I shall know how to pray aright. This day I feel 5355 5356 again as if I needed but one prayer every day: Lord! Teach me what it is to pray in Thy Name. Teach me so to live and 5357 act, to walk and speak, so to do all in the Name of Jesus, 5358 that my prayer cannot be anything else but in that blessed 5359 5360 Name too 5361 And teach me, Lord! to hold fast the precious promise that 5362 WHATSOEVER we ask in Thy Name, Thou wilt do, the 5363 Father will give. Though I do not yet fully understand, and 5364 still less have fully attained, the wondrous union Thou 5365 5366 meanest when Thou sayest, IN MY NAME, I would yet hold fast the promise until it fills my heart with the 5367 undoubting assurance: Anything in the Name of Jesus. 5368 5369 O my Lord! let Thy Holy Spirit teach me this. Thou didst 5370 say of Him, The Comforter, whom the Father shall send IN 5371 MY NAME.' He knows what it is to be sent from heaven in 5372 Thy Name, to reveal and to honour the power of that Name 5373 in Thy servants, to use that Name alone, and so to glorify 5374 5375 Thee. Lord Jesus! let Thy Spirit dwell in me, and fill me. I would, I do yield my whole being to His rule and leading. 5376 Thy Name and Thy Spirit are one; through Him Thy Name 5377 will be the strength of my life and my prayer. Then I shall 5378 be able for Thy Name's sake to forsake all, in Thy Name to 5379 speak to men and to God, and to prove that this is indeed 5380

the Name above every name.

5383 Lord Jesus! O teach me by Thy Holy Spirit to pray in Thy 5384 Name Amen 5385 5386 NOTE 5387 What is meant by praying in Christ's name? It cannot mean 5388 simply appearing before God with faith in the mediation of 5389 5390 the Saviour. When the disciples asked Jesus to teach them to pray, He supplied them with petitions. And afterwards 5391 Jesus said to them, "Hitherto have ye asked nothing in my 5392 Name." Until the Spirit came, the seven petitions of the 5393 Lord's prayer lay as it were dormant within them. When by 5394 the Holy Ghost Christ descended into their hearts, they 5395 desired the very blessings which Christ as our High Priest 5396 5397 obtains for us by His prayer from the Father. And such petitions are always answered. The Father is always willing 5398 to give what Christ asks. The Spirit of Christ always teaches 5399 5400 and influences us to offer the petitions which Christ ratifies and presents to the Father. To pray in Christ's name is 5401 therefore to be identified with Christ as to our 5402 5403 righteousness, and to be identified with Christ in our desires by the indwelling of the Holy Ghost. To pray in the Spirit, 5404 to pray according to the will of the Father, to pray in 5405 5406 Christ's name, are identical expressions. The Father Himself loveth us, and is willing to hear us: two 5407 intercessors. Christ the Advocate above, and the Holv 5408 5409 Ghost, the Advocate within, are the gifts of His love. 5410 5411 This view may appear at first less consoling than a more prevalent one, which refers prayer in Christ's name chiefly 5412 to our trust in Christ's merit. The defect of this opinion is, 5413 that it does not combine the intercession of the Saviour with 5414 the will of the Father, and the indwelling Spirit's aid in 5415 prayer. Nor does it fully realize the mediation of Christ; for 5416

5417	the mediation consists not merely in that for Christ's sake
5418	the Holy Father is able to regard me and my prayer; but
5419	also, in that Christ Himself presents my petitions as His
5420	petitions, desired by Him for me, even as all blessings are
5421	purchased for me by His precious blood.
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5423	In all prayer, the one essential condition is that we are able
5424	to offer it in the name of Jesus, as according to His desire
5425	for us, according to the Father's will, according to the
5426	Spirit's teaching. And thus praying in Christ's name is
5427	impossible without self-examination, without reflection,
5428	without self-denial; in short, without the aid of the Spirit.'—
5429	Saphiv, The Lord's Prayer, pp. 411, 142.
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5433	[2] ^Whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name,' that is, in my
5434	nature; for things with God are called according to their
5435	nature. We ask in Christ's Name, not when at the end of
5436	some request we say, This I ask in the Name of Jesus
5437	Christ,' but when we pray according to His nature, which is
5438	love, which seeketh not its own but only the will of God and
5439	the good of all creatures. Such asking is the cry of His own
5440	Spirit in our hearts.—Jukes. The New Man.
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5444	TWENTY-FIFTH LESSON.
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5446	At that day;'
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5448	Or, The Holy Spirit and Prayer.
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5450 In that day ye shall ask me nothing. Verily, verily, I say unto you, Whatsoever ve shall ask the Father in my Name, 5451 He will give it you. Hitherto have ye asked nothing in my 5452 Name: ask, and ve shall receive, that your joy may be full. 5453 5454 At that day ye shall ask in my Name: and I say not, that I 5455 will pray the Father for you, for the Father Himself loveth you.'—John xvi. 23-26. 5456 5457 Praying in the Holy Spirit, keep yourselves in the love of 5458 God.'—JUDE 20, 21. 5459 5460 5461 THE words of John (I John ii. 12-14) to little children, to young men, and to fathers suggest the thought that there 5462 often are in the Christian life three great stages of 5463 5464 experience. The first, that of the new-born child, with the assurance and the joy of forgiveness. The second, the 5465 transition stage of struggle and growth in knowledge and 5466 5467 strength: young men growing strong, God's word doing its work in them and giving them victory over the Evil One. 5468 And then the final stage of maturity and ripeness: the 5469 5470 Fathers, who have entered deeply into the knowledge and fellowship of the Eternal One. 5471 5472 In Christ's teaching on prayer there appear to be three 5473 stages in the prayer-life, somewhat analogous. In the 5474 Sermon on the Mount we have the initial stage: His 5475 5476 teaching is all comprised in one word, Father. Pray to your Father, your Father sees, hears, knows, and will reward: 5477 how much more than any earthly father! Only be childlike 5478 and trustful. Then comes later on something like the 5479 transition stage of conflict and conquest, in words like 5480 these: This sort goeth not out but by fasting and prayer;' 5481 Shall not God avenge His own elect who cry day and night 5482

unto Him?' And then we have in the parting words, a higher

stage. The children have become men: they are now the
Master's friends, from whom He has no secrets, to whom
He says, All things that I heard from my Father I made
known unto you; and to whom, in the oft-repeated
whatsoever ye will, He hands over the keys of the
kingdom. Now the time has come for the power of prayer in
His Name to be proved.

The contrast between this final stage and the previous preparatory ones our Saviour marks most distinctly in the words we are to meditate on: Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my Name;' At that day ye shall ask in my Name. We know what at that day' means. It is the day of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. The great work Christ was to do on the cross, the mighty power and the complete victory to be manifested in His resurrection and ascension, were to issue in the coming down from heaven, as never before, of the glory of God to dwell in men. The Spirit of the glorified Jesus was to come and be the life of His disciples. And one of the marks of that wonderful spirit-dispensation was to be a power in prayer hitherto unknown—prayer in the Name of Jesus, asking and obtaining whatsoever they would, is to be the manifestation of the reality of the Spirit's indwelling.

To understand how the coming of the Holy Spirit was indeed to commence a new epoch in the prayer-world, we must remember who He is, what His work, and what the significance of His not being given until Jesus was glorified. It is in the Spirit that God exists, for He is Spirit. It is in the Spirit that the Son was begotten of the Father: it is in the fellowship of the Spirit that the Father and the Son are one. The eternal never-ceasing giving to the Son which is the Father's prerogative and the eternal asking and receiving which is the Son's right and blessedness—it is through the

5518 Spirit that this communion of life and love is maintained. It 5519 has been so from all eternity. It is so specially now, when 5520 the Son as Mediator ever liveth to pray. The great work which Jesus began on earth of reconciling in His own body 5521 5522 God and man. He carries on in heaven. To accomplish this 5523 He took up into His own person the conflict between God's righteousness and our sin. On the cross He once for all 5524 5525 ended the struggle in His own body. And then He ascended to heaven, that thence He might in each member of His 5526 5527 body carry out the deliverance and manifest the victory He had obtained. It is to do this that He ever liveth to pray; in 5528 His unceasing intercession He places Himself in living 5529 fellowship with the unceasing prayer of His redeemed ones. 5530 Or rather, it is His unceasing intercession which shows 5531 5532 itself in their prayers, and gives them a power they never had before 5533

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And He does this through the Holy Spirit. The Holy Spirit, the Spirit of the glorified Jesus, was not (John vii. 39), could not be, until He had been glorified. This gift of the Father was something distinctively new, entirely different from what Old Testament saints had known. The work that the blood effected in heaven when Christ entered within the veil, was something so true and new, the redemption of our human nature into fellowship with His resurrection-power and His exaltation-glory was so intensely real, the taking up of our humanity in Christ into the life of the Three-One God was an event of such inconceivable significance, that the Holy Spirit, who had to come from Christ's exalted humanity to testify in our hearts of what Christ had accomplished, was indeed no longer only what He had been in the Old Testament. It was literally true the Holy Spirit was not yet, for Christ was not yet glorified.' He came now first as the Spirit of the glorified Jesus. Even as the Son,

who was from eternity God, had entered upon a new existence as man, and returned to heaven with what He had not before, so the Blessed Spirit, whom the Son, on His ascension, received from the Father (Acts ii. 33) into His glorified humanity, came to us with a new life, which He had not previously to communicate. Under the Old Testament He was invoked as the Spirit of God: at Pentecost He descended as the Spirit of the glorified Jesus, bringing down and communicating to us the full fruit and power of the accomplished redemption.

It is in the intercession of Christ that the continued efficacy and application of His redemption is maintained. And it is through the Holy Spirit descending from Christ to us that we are drawn up into the great stream of His ever-ascending prayers. The Spirit prays for us without words: in the depths of a heart where even thoughts are at times formless, the Spirit takes us up into the wonderful flow of the life of the Three-One God. Through the Spirit, Christ's prayers become ours, and ours are made His: we ask what we will, and it is given to us. We then understand from experience, Hitherto ye have not asked in my Name. At that day ye shall ask in my Name.'

Brother! what we need to pray in the Name of Christ, to ask that we may receive that our joy may be full, is the baptism of this Holy Ghost. This is more than the Spirit of God under the Old Testament. This is more than the Spirit of conversion and regeneration the disciples had before Pentecost. This is more than the Spirit with a measure of His influence and working. This is the Holy Spirit, the Spirit of the glorified Jesus in His exaltation-power, coming on us as the Spirit of the indwelling Jesus, revealing the Son and the Father within. (John xiv. 16-23.) It is when this

5586 Spirit is the Spirit not of our hours of prayer, but of our whole life and walk, when this Spirit glorifies Jesus in us by 5587 revealing the completeness of His work, and making us 5588 wholly one with Him and like Him, that we can pray in His 5589 5590 Name, because we are in very deed one with Him. Then it is that we have that immediateness of access to the Father of 5591 which Jesus says, I say not that I will pray the Father for 5592 5593 vou.' Oh! we need to understand and believe that to be filled with this, the Spirit of the glorified One, is the one 5594 need of God's believing people. Then shall we realize what 5595 it is, with all prayer and supplication to be praying at all 5596 seasons in the Spirit,' and what it is, praying in the Holy 5597 Ghost, to keep ourselves in the love of God.' At that day ye 5598 shall ask in my Name.' 5599

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And so once again the lesson comes: What our prayer avails, depends upon what we are and what our life is. It is living in the Name of Christ that is the secret of praying in the Name of Christ; living in the Spirit that fits for praying in the Spirit. It is abiding in Christ that gives the right and power to ask what we will: the extent of the abiding is the exact measure of the power in prayer. It is the Spirit dwelling within us that prays, not in words and thoughts always, but in a breathing and a being deeper than utterance. Just so much as there is of Christ's Spirit in us, is there real prayer. Our lives, our lives, O let our lives be full of Christ, and full of His Spirit, and the wonderfully unlimited promises to our prayer will no longer appear strange. Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my Name. Ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full. At that day ye shall ask in my Name. Verily, verily, I say unto you, Whatsoever ve shall ask the father in my Name, He will give it you.'

5620 LORD. TEACH US TO PRAY.' 5621 5622 ____0___ 5623 5624 O my God! in holy awe I bow before Thee, the Three in 5625 One. Again I have seen how the mystery of prayer is the mystery of the Holy Trinity. I adore the Father who ever 5626 5627 hears, and the Son who ever lives to pray, and the Holy Spirit, proceeding from the Father and the Son, to lift us up 5628 into the fellowship of that ever-blessed, never-ceasing 5629 asking and receiving. I bow, my God, in adoring worship, 5630 before the infinite condescension that thus, through the Holy 5631 Spirit, takes us and our prayers into the Divine Life, and its 5632 fellowship of love. 5633 5634 O my Blessed Lord Jesus! Teach me to understand Thy 5635 lesson, that it is the indwelling Spirit, streaming from Thee, 5636 5637 uniting to Thee, who is the Spirit of prayer. Teach me what it is as an empty, wholly consecrated vessel, to yield myself 5638 to His being my life. Teach me to honour and trust Him, as 5639 5640 a living Person, to lead my life and my prayer. Teach me specially in prayer to wait in holy silence, and give Him 5641 place to breathe within me His unutterable intercession. 5642 5643 And teach me that through Him it is possible to pray 5644 without ceasing, and to pray without failing, because He makes me partaker of the never-ceasing and never-failing 5645 5646 intercession in which Thou, the Son, dost appear before the Father. Yea, Lord, fulfil in me Thy promise, At that day ye 5647 shall ask in my Name. Verily, verily, I say unto you, 5648 Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my Name, that will 5649 He give.' Amen. 5650 5651 5652 5653

5654 NOTE 5655 5656 Prayer has often been compared to breathing: we have only to carry out the comparison fully to see how wonderful the 5657 5658 place is which the Holy Spirit occupies. With every breath we expel the impure air which would soon cause our death, 5659 and inhale again the fresh air to which we owe our life. So 5660 we give out from us, in confession the sins, in prayer the 5661 needs and the desires of our heart. And in drawing in our 5662 breath again, we inhale the fresh air of the promises, and the 5663 love, and the life of God in Christ. We do this through the 5664 Holy Spirit, who is the breath of our life. 5665 5666 5667 And this He is because He is the breath of God. The Father 5668 breathes Him into us, to unite Himself with our life, And then just as on every expiration there follows again the 5669 inhaling or drawing in of the breath, so God draws in again 5670 5671 His breath, and the Spirit returns to Him laden with the desires and needs of our hearts. And thus the Holy Spirit is 5672 the breath of the life of God, and the breath of the new life 5673 5674 in us. As God breathes Him out, we receive Him in answer 5675 to prayer; as we breathe Him back again, He rises to God laden with our supplications. As the Spirit of God, in whom 5676 5677 the Father and the Son are one, and the intercession of the Son reaches the Father, He is to us the Spirit of prayer. True 5678 prayer is the living experience of the truth of the Holy 5679 5680 Trinity. The Spirit's breathing, the Son's intercession, the Father's will, these three become one in us. 5681 5682 5683 5684 5685 TWENTY-SIXTH LESSON.

I have prayed for thee;'

5688 5689 Or, Christ the Intercessor. 5690 But I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not.'—Luke 5691 5692 xxii 32 5693 I say not unto you, that I will pray the Father for you.'— 5694 5695 John xvi 26 5696 He ever liveth to make intercession.'—Heb. vii. 25. 5697 5698 ALL growth in the spiritual life is connected with the 5699 clearer insight into what Jesus is to us. The more I realize 5700 that Christ must be all to me and in me, that all in Christ is 5701 5702 indeed for me, the more I learn to live the real life of faith. which, dying to self, lives wholly in Christ. The Christian 5703 life is no longer the vain struggle to live right, but the 5704 5705 resting in Christ and finding strength in Him as our life, to fight the fight and gain the victory of faith. This is specially 5706 true of the life of prayer. As it too comes under the law of 5707 5708 faith alone, and is seen in the light of the fulness and completeness there is in Jesus, the believer understands that 5709 it need no longer be a matter of strain or anxious care, but 5710 5711 an experience of what Christ will do for him and in him—a participation in that life of Christ which, as on earth, so in 5712 heaven, ever ascends to the Father as prayer. And he begins 5713 5714 to pray, not only trusting in the merits of Jesus, or in the intercession by which our unworthy prayers are made 5715 acceptable, but in that near and close union in virtue of 5716

which He prays in us and we in Him. [3] ^ The whole of

salvation is Christ Himself: He has given HIMSELF to us:

He Himself lives in us. Because He prays, we pray too. As

them partakers of what He knew of prayer, so we, now we

the disciples, when they saw Jesus pray, asked Him to make

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see Him as intercessor on the throne, know that He makes us participate with Himself in the life of prayer.

How clearly this comes out in the last night of His life. In His high-priestly prayer (John xvii.), He shows us how and what He has to pray to the Father, and will pray when once ascended to heaven. And yet He had in His parting address so repeatedly also connected His going to the Father with their new life of prayer. The two would be ultimately connected: His entrance on the work of His eternal intercession would be the commencement and the power of their new prayer-life in His Name. It is the sight of Jesus in His intercession that gives us power to pray in His Name: all right and power of prayer is Christ's; He makes us share in His intercession.

To understand this, think first of His intercession: He ever liveth to make intercession. The work of Christ on earth as Priest was but a beginning. It was as Aaron He shed His blood; it is as Melchizedek that He now lives within the veil to continue His work, after the power of the eternal life. As Melchizedek is more glorious than Aaron, so it is in the work of intercession that the atonement has its true power and glory. It is Christ that died: yea more, who is even at the right hand of God, who maketh intercession for us.' That intercession is an intense reality, a work that is absolutely necessary, and without which the continued application of redemption cannot take place. In the incarnation and resurrection of Jesus the wondrous reconciliation took place, by which man became partaker of the Divine life and blessedness. But the real personal appropriation of this reconciliation in each of His members here below cannot take place without the unceasing exercise of His Divine power by the head in heaven. In all conversion and

5756 sanctification, in every victory over sin and the world, there is a real forth-putting of the power of Him who is mighty to 5757 save. And this exercise of His power only takes place 5758 through His prayer: He asks of the Father, and receives 5759 5760 from the Father. He is able to save to the uttermost, because He ever liveth to make intercession.' There is not a need of 5761 His people but He receives in intercession what the 5762 Godhead has to give: His mediation on the throne is as real 5763 and indispensable as on the cross. Nothing takes place 5764 without His intercession: it engages all His time and 5765 powers, is His unceasing occupation at the right hand of the 5766 Father 5767

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And we participate not only in the benefits of this His work, 5769 but in the work itself. This because we are His body. Body 5770 and members are one: The head cannot say to the feet, I 5771 have no need of thee.' We share with Jesus in all He is and 5772 has: The glory which Thou gavest me, I have given them.' 5773 We are partakers of His life, His righteousness, His work: 5774 we share with Him in His intercession too; it is not a work 5775 5776 He does without us

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We do this because we are partakers of His life: Christ is 5778 our life;' No longer I, but Christ liveth in me.' The life in 5779 Him and in us is identical, one and the same. His life in us 5780 is an ever-praying life. When it descends and takes 5781 5782 possession of us, it does not lose its character; in us too it is the every-praying life—a life that without ceasing asks and 5783 receives from God. And this not as if there were two 5784 separate currents of prayer rising upwards, one from Him, 5785 and one from His people. No, but the substantial life-union 5786 5787 is also prayer-union: what He prays passes through us, what we pray passes through Him. He is the angel with the 5788 golden censer: UNTO HIM there was given much incense,' 5789

the secret of acceptable prayer, that He should add it unto the prayers of all the saints upon the golden altar.' We live, we abide in Him, the Interceding One.

 The Only-begotten is the only one who has the right to pray: to Him alone it was said, Ask, and it shall be given Thee.' As in all other things the fulness dwells in Him, so the true prayer-fulness too; He alone has the power of prayer. And just as the growth of the spiritual life consists in the clearer insight that all the treasures are in Him, and that we too are in Him, to receive each moment what we possess in Him, grace for grace, so with the prayer-life too. Our faith in the intercession of Jesus must not only be that He prays in our stead, when we do not or cannot pray, but that, as the Author of our life and our faith, He draws us on to pray in unison with Himself. Our prayer must be a work of faith in this sense too, that as we know that Jesus communicates His whole life in us, He also out of that prayerfulness which is His alone breathes into us our praying.

To many a believer it was a new epoch in his spiritual life when it was revealed to him how truly and entirely Christ was his life, standing good as surety for his remaining faithful and obedient. It was then first that he really began to life a faith-life. No less blessed will be the discovery that Christ is surety for our prayer-life too, the centre and embodiment of all prayer, to be communicated by Him through the Holy Spirit to His people. He ever liveth to make intercession' as the Head of the body, as the Leader in that new and living way which He hath opened up, as the Author and the Perfecter of our faith. He provides in everything for the life of His redeemed ones by giving His own life in them: He cares for their life of prayer, by taking them up into His heavenly prayer-life, by giving and

maintaining His prayer-life within them. I have prayed for thee,' not to render thy faith needless, but that thy faith fail not:' our faith and prayer of faith is rooted in His. It is, if ye abide in me,' the ever-living Intercessor, and pray with me and in me: ask whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.'

> The thought of our fellowship in the intercession of Jesus reminds us of what He has taught us more than once before. how all these wonderful prayer-promises have as their aim and their justification, the glory of God in the manifestation of His kingdom and the salvation of sinners. As long as we only or chiefly pray for ourselves, the promises of the last night must remain a sealed book to us. It is to the fruitbearing branches of the Vine; it is to disciples sent into the world as the Father sent Him, to live for perishing men; it is to His faithful servants and intimate friends who take up the work He leaves behind, who have like their Lord become as the seed-corn, losing its life to multiply it manifold;—it is to such that the promises are given. Let us each find out what the work is, and who the souls are entrusted to our special prayers; let us make our intercession for them our life of fellowship with God, and we shall not only find the promises of power in prayer made true to us, but we shall then first begin to realize how our abiding in Christ and His abiding in us makes us share in His own joy of blessing and saving men.

O most wonderful intercession of our Blessed Lord Jesus, to which we not only owe everything, but in which we are taken up as active partners and fellow-workers! Now we understand what it is to pray in the Name of Jesus, and why it has such power. In His Name, in His Spirit, in Himself, in perfect union with Him. O wondrous, ever active, and most

efficacious intercession of the man Christ Jesus! When shall 5858 we be wholly taken up into it and always pray in it? 5859 5860 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.' 5861 5862 -()-5863 5864 Blessed Lord! In lowly adoration I would again bow before 5865 Thee. Thy whole redemption work has now passed into 5866 prayer; all that now occupies Thee in maintaining and 5867 dispensing what Thou didst purchase with Thy blood is only 5868 prayer. Thou ever livest to pray. And because we are and 5869 abide in Thee, the direct access to the Father is always open, 5870 our life can be one of unceasing prayer, and the answer to 5871 5872 our prayer is sure. 5873 Blessed Lord! Thou hast invited Thy people to be Thy 5874 5875 fellow-workers in a life of prayer. Thou hast united Thyself with Thy people and makest them as Thy body share with 5876 Thee in that ministry of intercession through which alone 5877 the world can be filled with the fruit of Thy redemption and 5878 the glory of the Father. With more liberty than ever I come 5879 to Thee, my Lord, and beseech Thee: Teach me to pray. 5880 5881 Thy life is prayer. Thy life is mine. Lord! teach me to pray. in Thee, like Thee. 5882 5883 5884 And, O my Lord! Give me specially to know, as Thou didst promise Thy disciples, that Thou art in the Father, and I in 5885 Thee, and Thou in me. Let the uniting power of the Holy 5886 Spirit make my whole life an abiding in Thee and Thy 5887 intercession, so that my prayer may be its echo, and the 5888 Father hear me in Thee and Thee in me. Lord Jesus! let Thy 5889 mind in everything be in me, and my life in everything by in 5890

Thee. So shall I be prepared to be the channel through

which Thy intercession pours its blessing on the world.

5893 Amen.

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5897 The new epoch of prayer in the Name of Jesus is pointed out by Christ as the time of the outpouring of the Spirit, in 5898 5899 which the disciples enter upon a more enlightened apprehension of the economy of redemption, and become as 5900 clearly conscious of their oneness with Jesus as of His 5901 oneness with the Father. Their prayer in the Name of Jesus 5902 is now directly to the Father Himself. "I say not that I will 5903 5904 pray for you, for the Father Himself loveth you," Jesus says; while He had previously spoken of the time before the 5905 Spirit's coming: "I will pray the Father, and He will give 5906 you the Comforter." This prayer thus has as its central 5907 thought the insight into our being united to God in Christ as 5908 5909 on both sides the living bond of union between God and us (John xvii. 23: "I in them and Thou in me"), so that in Jesus 5910 we behold the Father as united to us, and ourselves as 5911 united to the Father. Jesus Christ must have been revealed 5912 to us, not only through the truth in the mind, but in our 5913 inmost personal consciousness as the living personal 5914 5915 reconciliation, as He in whom God's Fatherhood and Father-love have been perfectly united with human nature 5916 and it with God. Not that with the immediate prayer to the 5917 5918 Father, the mediatorship of Christ is set aside; but it is no longer looked at as something external, existing outside of 5919 us, but as a real living spiritual existence within us, so that 5920

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When the consciousness of this oneness between God in Christ and us in Christ still is wanting, or has been darkened

the Christ for us, the Mediator, has really become Christ in

5926 by the sense of guilt, then the prayer of faith looks to our Lord as the Advocate, who pays the Father for us. 5927 (Compare John xvi. 26 with John xiv. 16, 17; ix. 20; Luke 5928 xxi. 32; I John ii. 1.) To take Christ thus in prayer as 5929 5930 Advocate, is according to John xvi. 26 not perfectly the 5931 same as the prayer in His Name. Christ's advocacy is meant to lead us on to that inner self-standing life-union with Him, 5932 5933 and with the Father in Him. in virtue of which Christ is He in whom God enters into immediate relation and unites 5934 Himself with us, and in whom we in all circumstances enter 5935 into immediate relation with God. Even so the prayer in the 5936 Name of Jesus does not consist in our prayer at His 5937 command: the disciples had prayed thus ever since the Lord 5938 had given them His "Our Father," and yet He says, 5939 "Hitherto ye have not prayed in my Name." Only when the 5940 mediation of Christ has become, through the indwelling of 5941 the Holy Spirit, life and power within us, and so His mind, 5942 5943 as it found expression in His word and work, has taken possession of and filled our personal consciousness and 5944 will, so that in faith and love we have Jesus in us as the 5945 5946 Reconciler who has actually made us one with God: only then His Name, which included His nature and His work, is 5947 become truth and power in us (not only for us), and we have 5948 in the Name of Jesus the free, direct access to the Father 5949 which is sure of being heard. Prayer in the Name of Jesus is 5950 the liberty of a son with the Father, just as Jesus had this as 5951 5952 the First-begotten. We pray in the place of Jesus, not as if we could put ourselves in His place, but in as far as we are 5953 in Him and He in us. We go direct to the Father, but only as 5954 5955 the Father is in Christ, not as if He were separate from Christ. Wherever thus the inner man does not live in Christ 5956 and has Him not present as the Living One, where His word 5957 is not ruling in the heart in its Spirit-power, where His truth 5958

and life have not become the life of our soul, it is vain to

think that a formula like "for the sake of Thy dear Son" will avail.'—Christliche Ethik, von Dr. I. T. Beck, Tubingen, iii. [3] See on the difference between having Christ as an Advocate or Intercessor who stands outside of us, and the having Him within us, we abiding in Him and He in us through the Holy Spirit perfecting our union with Him, so that we ourselves can come directly to the Father in His Name,—the note above from Beck of Tubingen. TWENTY-SEVENTH LESSON. Father, I will;' Or, Christ the High Priest Father, I will that they also whom Thou hast given me may be with me where I am.'—John xvii. 24. IN His parting address, Jesus gives His disciples the full revelation of what the New Life was to be, when once the kingdom of God had come in power. In the indwelling of the Holy Spirit, in union with Him the heavenly Vine, in their going forth to witness and to suffer for Him, they were to find their calling and their blessedness. In between His setting forth of their future new life, the Lord had repeatedly given the most unlimited promises as to the power their prayers might have. And now in closing, He Himself proceeds to pray. To let His disciples have the joy of

knowing what His intercession for them in heaven as their High Priest will be. He gives this precious legacy of His prayer to the Father. He does this at the same time because they as priests are to share in His work of intercession, that they and we might know how to perform this holy work. In the teaching of our Lord on this last night, we have learned to understand that these astonishing prayer-promises have not been given in our own behalf, but in the interest of the Lord and His kingdom: it is from the Lord Himself alone that we can learn what the prayer in His Name is to be and to obtain. We have understood that to pray in His Name is to pray in perfect unity with Himself: the high-priestly prayer will teach all that the prayer in the Name of Jesus may ask and expect.

This prayer is ordinarily divided into three parts. Our Lord first prays for Himself (v. 1-5), then for His disciples (6-19), and last for all the believing people through all ages (20-26). The follower of Jesus, who gives himself to the work of intercession, and would fain try how much of blessing he can pray down upon his circle in the Name of Jesus, will in all humility let himself be led of the Spirit to study this wonderful prayer as one of the most important lessons of the school of prayer.

First of all, Jesus prays for Himself, for His being glorified, that so He may glorify the Father. Father! Glorify Thy Son. And now, Father, glorify me.' And He brings forward the grounds on which He thus prays. A holy covenant had been concluded between the Father and the Son in heaven. The Father had promised Him power over all flesh as the reward of His work: He had done the work, He had glorified the Father, and His one purpose is now still further to glorify Him. With the utmost boldness He asks that the Father may

glorify Him, that He may now be and do for His people all He has undertaken.

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Disciple of Jesus! here you have the first lesson in your 6031 work of priestly intercession, to be learned from the 6032 example of your great High Priest. To pray in the Name of 6033 Jesus is to pray in unity, in sympathy with Him. As the Son 6034 began His prayer by making clear His relation to the Father, 6035 pleading His work and obedience and His desire to see the 6036 6037 Father glorified, do so too. Draw near and appear before the Father in Christ. Plead His finished work. Say that you are 6038 one with it, that you trust on it, live in it. Say that you too 6039 have given yourself to finish the work the Father has given 6040 you to do, and to live alone for His glory. And ask then 6041 6042 confidently that the Son may be glorified in you. This is praying in the Name, in the very words, in the Spirit of 6043 Jesus, in union with Jesus Himself. Such prayer has power. 6044 6045 If with Jesus you glorify the Father, the Father will glorify Jesus by doing what you ask in His Name. It is only when 6046 your own personal relation on this point, like Christ's, is 6047 6048 clear with God, when you are glorifying Him, and seeking all for His glory, that like Christ, you will have power to 6049 intercede for those around you. 6050

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Our Lord next prays for the circle of His disciples. He speaks of them as those whom the Father has given Him. Their chief mark is that they have received Christ's word. He says of them that He now sends them into the world in His place, just as the Father had sent Himself. And He asks two things for them: that the Father keep them from the evil one, and sanctify them through His Word, because He sanctifies Himself for them.

Just like the Lord, each believing intercessor has his own immediate circle for whom he first prays. Parents have their children, teachers their pupils, pastors their flocks, all workers their special charge, all believers those whose care lies upon their hearts. It is of great consequence that intercession should be personal, pointed, and definite. And then our first prayer must always be that they may receive the word. But this prayer will not avail unless with our Lord we say, I have given them Thy word:' it is this gives us liberty and power in intercession for souls. Not only pray for them, but speak to them. And when they have received the word, let us pray much for their being kept from the evil one, for their being sanctified through that word. Instead of being hopeless or judging or giving up those who fall, let us pray for our circle. Father! Keep them in Thy Name:' Sanctify them through Thy truth.' Prayer in the Name of Jesus availeth much: What ve will shall be done unto you.'

And then follows our Lord's prayer for a still wider circle. I pray not only for these, but for them who through their word shall believe.' His priestly heart enlarges itself to embrace all places and all time, and He prays that all who belong to Him may everywhere be one, as God's proof to the world of the divinity of His mission, and then that they may ever be with Him in His glory. Until then that the love wherewith Thou hast loved me may be in them, and I in them'

The disciple of Jesus, who has first in his own circle proved the power of prayer, cannot confine himself within its limits: he prays for the Church universal and its different branches. He prays specially for the unity of the Spirit and of love. He prays for its being one in Christ, as a witness to the world that Christ, who hath wrought such a wonder as to

make love triumph over selfishness and separation, is indeed the Son of God sent from heaven. Every believer ought to pray much that the unity of the Church, not in external organizations, but in spirit and in truth, may be made manifest

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So much for the matter of the prayer. Now for its mode. 6101 Jesus says, FATHER! I WILL.' On the ground of His right 6102 as Son, and the Father's promise to Him, and His finished 6103 work. He might do so. The Father had said to Him. Ask of 6104 me, and I will give Thee.' He simply availed Himself of the 6105 Father's promise. Jesus has given us a like promise: 6106 Whatsoever ye will shall be done unto you.' He asks me in 6107 His Name to say what I will. Abiding in Him, in a living 6108 union with Him in which man is nothing and Christ all, the 6109 believer has the liberty to take up that word of His High 6110 Priest and, in answer to the question What wilt thou?' to 6111 6112 say, FATHER! I WILLall that Thou hast promised.' This is nothing but true faith; this is honouring God: to be assured 6113 that such confidence in saying what I will is indeed 6114 acceptable to Him. At first sight, our heart shrinks from the 6115 expression; we feel neither the liberty nor the power to 6116 speak thus. It is a word for which alone in the most entire 6117 6118 abnegation of our will grace will be given, but for which grace will most assuredly be given to each one who loses 6119 his will in his Lord's. He that loseth his will shall find it: he 6120 6121 that gives up his will entirely shall find it again renewed and strengthened with a Divine Strength. FATHER! I WILL:' 6122 this is the keynote of the everlasting, ever-active, all-6123 prevailing intercession of our Lord in heaven. It is only in 6124 union with Him that our prayer avails; in union with Him it 6125 avails much. If we but abide in Him, living, and walking, 6126 and doing all things in His Name; if we but come and bring 6127 each separate petition, tested and touched by His Word and 6128

6129 Spirit, and cast it into the mighty stream of intercession that 6130 goes up from Him, to be borne upward and presented before the Father:—we shall have the full confidence that we 6131 receive the petitions we ask: the Father! I will' will be 6132 6133 breathed into us by the Spirit Himself. We shall lose 6134 ourselves in Him, and become nothing, to find that in our impotence we have power and prevail. 6135

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Disciples of Jesus! Called to be like your Lord in His priestly intercession, when, O when! Shall we awaken to the glory, passing all conception, of this our destiny to plead and prevail with God for perishing men? O when shall we shake off the sloth that clothes itself with the pretence of humility, and yield ourselves wholly to God's Spirit, that He may fill our wills with light and with power, to know, and to take, and to possess all that our God is waiting to give to a will that lays hold on Him.

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LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O my Blessed High Priest! who am I that Thou shouldest 6151 6152 thus invite me to share with Thee in Thy power of prevailing intercession! And why, O my Lord! am I so slow 6153 of heart to understand and believe and exercise this 6154 6155 wonderful privilege to which Thou hast redeemed Thy people. O Lord! give Thy grace that this may increasingly 6156 be my unceasing life-work—in praying without ceasing to 6157 draw down the blessing of heaven on all my surroundings 6158 6159 on earth.

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Blessed Lord! I come now to accept this my calling. For this I would forsake all and follow Thee. Into Thy hands I 6163 would believingly yield my whole being: form, train, inspire me to be one of Thy prayer-legion, wrestlers who 6164 watch and strive in prayer, Israels, God's princes, who have 6165 power and prevail. Take possession of my heart, and fill it 6166 with the one desire for the glory of God in the ingathering, 6167 and sanctification, and union of those whom the Father hath 6168 given Thee. Take my mind and let this be my study and my 6169 wisdom, to know when prayer can bring a blessing. Take 6170 me wholly and fit me as a priest ever to stand before God 6171 6172 and to bless in His Name 6173 6174 Blessed Lord! Be it here, as through all the spiritual life: Thou all, I nothing. And be it here my experience too that 6175 he that has and seeks nothing for himself, receives all, even 6176 to the wonderful grace of sharing with Thee in Thine 6177 everlasting ministry of intercession. Amen. 6178 6179 6180 6181 TWENTY-EIGHTH LESSON 6182 6183 Father! Not what I will;' 6184 6185 6186 Or, Christ the Sacrifice. 6187 And He said, Abba, Father, all things are possible unto 6188 6189 Thee; remove this cup from me: howbeit not what I will, but what Thou wilt '—Mark xiv 36 6190 6191 WHAT a contrast within the space of a few hours! What a 6192 transition from the quiet elevation of that. He lifted up His 6193 eyes to heaven, and said, FATHER I WILL,' to that falling 6194 on the ground and crying in agony. My Father! Not what I 6195 will.' In the one we see the High Priest within the veil in 6196

6197 His all-prevailing intercession; in the other, the sacrifice on the altar opening the way through the rent veil. The high-6198 priestly Father! I will,' in order of time precedes the 6199 sacrificial Father! Not what I will;' but this was only by 6200 anticipation, to show what the intercession would be when 6201 6202 once the sacrifice was brought. In reality it was that prayer at the altar, Father! Not what I will,' in which the prayer 6203 6204 before the throne, Father! I will,' had its origin and its power. It is from the entire surrender of His will in 6205 Gethsemane that the High Priest on the throne has the 6206 power to ask what He will, has the right to make His people 6207 share in that power too, and ask what they will. 6208

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62.10 For all who would learn to pray in the school of Jesus, this Gethsemane lesson is one of the most sacred and precious. 6211 To a superficial scholar it may appear to take away the 62.12 courage to pray in faith. If even the earnest supplication of 6213 6214 the Son was not heard, if even the Beloved had to say, NOT WHAT I WILL!' how much more do we need to speak so. 6215 And thus it appears impossible that the promises which the 6216 62.17 Lord had given only a few hours previously. WHATSOEVER YE SHALL ASK,' WHATSOEVER YE 6218 6219 WILL,' could have been meant literally. A deeper insight 6220 into the meaning of Gethsemane would teach us that we 6221 have just here the sure ground and the open way to the assurance of an answer to our prayer. Let us draw nigh in 6222

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- God's Son thus offering up prayer and supplications with strong crying and tears, and not obtaining what He asks. He 6225
- 6226 Himself is our Teacher, and will open up to us the mystery
- of His holy sacrifice, as revealed in this wondrous prayer. 6227

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To understand the prayer, let us note the infinite difference between what our Lord prayed a little ago as a Royal High

reverent and adoring wonder, to gaze on this great sight—

6231 Priest, and what He here supplicates in His weakness. There it was for the glorifying of the Father He prayed, and the 6232 glorifying of Himself and His people as the fulfilment of 6233 distinct promises that had been given Him. He asked what 6234 6235 He knew to be according to the word and the will of the 6236 Father; He might boldly say, FATHER! I WILL.' Here He prays for something in regard to which the Father's will is 6237 6238 not yet clear to Him. As far as He knows, it is the Father's will that He should drink the cup. He had told His disciples 6239 of the cup He must drink: a little later He would again say, 6240 The cup which my Father hath given me, shall I not drink 6241 it?' It was for this He had come to this earth. But when, in 6242 the unutterable agony of soul that burst upon him as the 6243 power of darkness came upon Him, and He began to taste 6244 6245 the first drops of death as the wrath of God against sin, His human nature, as it shuddered in presence of the awful 6246 6247 reality of being made a curse, gave utterance in this cry of 6248 anguish, to its desire that, if God's purpose could be accomplished without it. He might be spared the awful cup: 6249 Let this cup pass from me.' That desire was the evidence of 6250 6251 the intense reality of His humanity. The Not as I will' kept that desire from being sinful: as He pleadingly cries, All 6252 6253 things are possible with Thee,' and returns again to still 6254 more earnest prayer that the cup may be removed, it is His 6255 thrice-repeated NOT WHAT I WILL' that constitutes the very essence and worth of His sacrifice. He had asked for 6256 something of which He could not say: I know it is Thy will. 6257 He had pleaded God's power and love, and had then 6258 withdrawn it in His final, THY WILL BE DONE.' The 6259 prayer that the cup should pass away could not be 6260 answered; the prayer of submission that God's will be done 6261 was heard, and gloriously answered in His victory first over 6262 the fear, and then over the power of death. 6263 6264

6265 It is in this denial of His will, this complete surrender of His will to the will of the Father, that Christ's obedience 6266 6267 reached its highest perfection. It is from the sacrifice of the will in Gethsemane that the sacrifice of the life on Calvary 6268 6269 derives its value. It is here, as Scripture saith, that He 6270 learned obedience, and became the author of everlasting salvation to all that obey Him. It was because He there, in 6271 6272 that prayer, became obedient unto death, even the death of the cross, that God hath highly exalted Him, and given Him 6273 the power to ask what He will. It was in that Father! Not 6274 what I will,' that He obtained the power for that other 62.75 FATHER! I will.' It was by Christ's submittal in 6276 Gethsemane to have not His will done, that He secured for 6277 His people the right to say to them. Ask whatsoever ve 62.78 will,

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6281 Let me look at them again, the deep mysteries that 6282 Gethsemane offers to my view. There is the first: the Father offers His Well-beloved the cup, the cup of wrath. The 6283 6284 second: the Son, always so obedient, shrinks back, and 6285 implores that He may not have to drink it. The third: the 6286 Father does not grant the Son His request, but still gives the cup. And then the last: the Son yields His will, is content 6287 6288 that His will be not done, and goes out to Calvary to drink 6289 the cup. O Gethsemane! in thee I see how my Lord could give me such unlimited assurance of an answer to my 6290 6291 prayers. As my surety He won it for me, by His consent to have His petition unanswered. 6292

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This is in harmony with the whole scheme of redemption. Our Lord always wins for us the opposite of what He suffered. He was bound that we might go free. He was made sin that we might become the righteousness of God. He died that we might live. He bore God's curse that God's blessing

might be ours. He endured the not answering of His prayer, that our prayers might find an answer. Yea, He spake, Not as I will,' that He might say to us, If ye abide in me, ask what ye will: it shall be done unto you.'

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Yes, If ye abide in me;' here in Gethsemane the word acquires new force and depth. Christ is our Head, who as surety stands in our place, and bears what we must for ever have borne. We had deserved that God should turn a deaf ear to us, and never listen to our cry. Christ comes, and suffers this too for us: He suffers what we had merited; for our sins He suffers beneath the burden of that unanswered prayer. But now His suffering this avails for me: what He has borne is taken away for me; His merit has won for me the answer to every prayer, if I abide in Him.

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Yes, in Him, as He bows there in Gethsemane, I must abide. 6315 6316 As my Head, He not only once suffered for me, but ever lives in me, breathing and working His own disposition in 6317 me too. The Eternal Spirit, through which He offered 6318 Himself unto God, is the Spirit that dwells in me too, and 6319 makes me partaker of the very same obedience, and the 6320 6321 sacrifice of the will unto God. That Spirit teaches me to 6322 vield my will entirely to the will of the Father, to give it up 6323 even unto the death, in Christ to be dead to it. Whatever is my own mind and thought and will, even though it be not 6324 6325 directly sinful. He teaches me to fear and flee. He opens my ear to wait in great gentleness and teachableness of soul for 6326 what the Father has day by day to speak and to teach. He 6327 6328 discovers to me how union with God's will in the love of it is union with God Himself; how entire surrender to God's 6329 will is the Father's claim, the Son's example, and the true 6330 blessedness of the soul. He leads my will into the fellowship 6331 of Christ's death and resurrection, my will dies in Him, in 6332

Him to be made alive again. He breathes into it, as a 6333 renewed and quickened will, a holy insight into God's 6334 perfect will, a holy joy in yielding itself to be an instrument 6335 of that will, a holy liberty and power to lay hold of God's 6336 6337 will to answer prayer. With my whole will I learn to live for the interests of God and His kingdom, to exercise the power 6338 of that will—crucified but risen again—in nature and in 6339 6340 prayer, on earth and in heaven, with men and with God. The more deeply I enter into the FATHER! NOT WHAT I 6341 6342 WILL' of Gethsemane, and into Him who spake it, to abide in Him, the fuller is my spiritual access into the power of 6343 His FATHER! I WILL. And the soul experiences that it is 6344 the will, which has become nothing that God's will may be 6345 all, which now becomes inspired with a Divine strength to 6346 6347 really will what God wills, and to claim what has been promised it in the name of Christ. 6348 6349

O let us listen to Christ in Gethsemane, as He calls, If ye abide in me, ask whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.' Being of one mind and spirit with Him in His giving up everything to God's will, living like Him in obedience and surrender to the Father; this is abiding in Him; this is the secret of power in prayer.

6357 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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Blessed Lord Jesus! Gethsemane was Thy school, where Thou didst learn to pray and to obey. It is still Thy school, where Thou leadest all Thy disciples who would fain learn to obey and to pray even as Thou. Lord! teach me there to pray, in the faith that Thou has atoned for and conquered 6366 our self-will, and canst indeed give us grace to pray like 6367 Thee 6368 O Lamb of God! I would follow Thee to Gethsemane, there 6369 to become one with Thee, and to abide in Thee as Thou dost 6370 unto the very death yield Thy will unto the Father. With 6371 Thee, through Thee, in Thee, I do yield my will in absolute 6372 6373 and entire surrender to the will of the Father Conscious of my own weakness, and the secret power with which self-6374 will would assert itself and again take its place on the 6375 throne, I claim in faith the power of Thy victory. Thou didst 6376 triumph over it and deliver me from it. In Thy death I would 6377 daily live; in Thy life I would daily die. Abiding in Thee, let 6378 my will, through the power of Thine eternal Spirit, only be 6379 the tuned instrument which yields to every touch of the will 6380 of my God. With my whole soul do I say with Thee and in 6381 Thee, Father! Not as I will, but as Thou wilt.' 6382 6383 And then, Blessed Lord! Open my heart and that of all Thy 6384 people, to take in fully the glory of the truth, that a will 6385 given up to God is a will accepted of God to be used in his 6386 service, to desire, and purpose, and determine, and will 6387 what is according to God's will. A will which, in the power 6388 6389 of the Holy Spirit the indwelling God, is to exercise its 6390 royal prerogative in prayer, to loose and to bind in heaven and upon earth, to ask whatsoever it will, and to say it shall 6391 6392 be done. 6393 O Lord Jesus! teach me to pray. Amen. 6394 6395 6396 6397 TWENTY-NINTH LESSON 6398

6400 According to His will; 6401 6402 Or, Our Boldness in Prayer. 6403 6404 And this is the boldness which we have toward Him, that, if we ask anything according to His will, He heareth us. And 6405 if we know that He hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know 6406 that we have the petitions which we have asked of Him.'—I 6407 John v. 14, 15. 6408 6409 ONE of the greatest hindrances to believing prayer is with 6410 many undoubtedly this: they know not if what they ask is 6411 6412 according to the will of God. As long as they are in doubt on this point, they cannot have the boldness to ask in the 6413 6414 assurance that they certainly shall receive. And they soon begin to think that, if once they have made known their 6415 6416 requests, and receive no answer, it is best to leave it to God 6417 to do according to His good pleasure. The words of John, If we ask anything according to His will. He heareth us,' as 6418 they understand them, make certainty as to answer to prayer 6419 6420 impossible, because they cannot be sure of what really may 6421 be the will of God. They think of God's will as His hidden counsel—how should man be able to fathom what really 6422 6423 may be the purpose of the all-wise God. 6424 This is the very opposite of what John aimed at in writing 6425 6426 thus. He wished to rouse us to boldness, to confidence, to full assurance of faith in prayer. He says, This is the 6427 boldness which we have toward Him,' that we can say: 6428 6429 Father! Thou knowest and I know that I ask according to Thy will: I know Thou hearest me. This is the boldness, that 6430 if we ask anything according to His will, He heareth us.' On 6431 this account He adds at once. If we know that He heareth us 6432 whatsoever we ask, we know,' through this faith, that we 6433

have,' that we now while we pray receive the petition,' the 6434 special things, we have asked of Him.' John supposes that 6435 when we pray, we first find out if our prayers are according 6436 to the will of God. They may be according to God's will, 6437 and vet not come at once, or without the persevering prayer 6438 6439 of faith. It is to give us courage thus to persevere and to be strong in faith, that He tells us: This gives us boldness or 6440 6441 confidence in prayer, if we ask anything according to His will. He heareth us. It is evident that if it be a matter of 6442 6443 uncertainty to us whether our petitions be according to His will, we cannot have the comfort of what he says. We know 6444 that we have the petitions which we have asked of Him.' 6445

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But just this is the difficulty. More than one believer says: I do not know if what I desire be according to the will of God. God's will is the purpose of His infinite wisdom: it is impossible for me to know whether He may not count something else better for me than what I desire, or may not have some reasons for withholding what I ask.' Every one feels how with such thoughts the prayer of faith, of which Jesus said, Whosoever shall believe that these things which he saith shall come to pass, he shall have whatsoever he saith,' becomes an impossibility. There may be the prayer of submission, and of trust in God's wisdom; there cannot be the prayer of faith. The great mistake here is that God's children do not really believe that it is possible to know God's will. Or if they believe this, they do not take the time and trouble to find it out. What we need is to see clearly in what way it is that the Father leads His waiting, teachable child to know that his petition is according to His will.^1 It is through God's holy word, taken up and kept in the heart, the life, the will; and through God's Holy Spirit, accepted in His indwelling and leading, that we shall learn to know that our petitions are according to His will.

6468 6469 Through the word. There is a secret will of God, with which 6470 we often fear that our prayers may be at variance. It is not with this will of God, but His will as revealed in His word, 6471 6472 that we have to do in prayer. Our notions of what the secret will may have decreed, and of how it might render the 6473 answers to our prayers impossible, are mostly very 6474 6475 erroneous. Childlike faith as to what He is willing to do for His children, simply keeps to the Father's assurance, that it 6476 6477 is His will to hear prayer and to do what faith in His word desires and accepts. In the word the Father has revealed in 6478 general promises the great principles of His will with His 6479 6480 people. The child has to take the promise and apply it to the special circumstances in His life to which it has reference. 6481 6482 Whatever he asks within the limits of that revealed will, he can know to be according to the will of God, and he may 6483 confidently expect. In His word, God has given us the 6484 6485 revelation of His will and plans with us, with His people, and with the world, with the most precious promises of the 6486 grace and power with which through His people He will 6487 6488 carry out His plans and do His work. As faith becomes 6489 strong and bold enough to claim the fulfilment of the 6490 general promise in the special case, we may have the 6491 assurance that our prayers are heard: they are according to 6492 God's will. Take the words of John in the verse following our text as an illustration: If any man see his brother sinning 6493 6494 a sin not unto death, he shall ask and God will give him life.' Such is the general promise; and the believer who 6495 pleads on the ground of this promise, prays according to the 6496

But this apprehension of God's will is something spiritual, and must be spiritually discerned. It is not as a matter of

will of God, and John would give him boldness to know

that he has the petition which he asks.

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6502 logic that we can argue it out: God has said it; I must have it. Nor has every Christian the same gift or calling. While 6503 the general will revealed in the promise is the same for all, 6504 there is for each one a special different will according to 6505 God's purpose. And herein is the wisdom of the saints, to 6506 know this special will of God for each of us, according to 6507 the measure of grace given us, and so to ask in prayer just 6508 what God has prepared and made possible for each. It is to 6509 communicate this wisdom that the Holy Ghost dwells in us. 6510 6511 The personal application of the general promises of the word to our special personal needs—it is for this that the 6512 leading of the Holy Spirit is given us. 6513

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It is this union of the teaching of the word and Spirit that many do not understand, and so there is a twofold difficulty in knowing what God's will may be. Some seek the will of God in an inner feeling or conviction, and would have the Spirit lead them without the word. Others seek it in the word, without the living leading of the Holy Spirit. The two must be united: only in the word, only in the Spirit, but in these most surely, can we know the will of God, and learn to pray according to it. In the heart the word and the Spirit must meet: it is only by indwelling that we can experience their teaching. The word must dwell, must abide in us: heart and life must day by day be under its influence. Not from without, but from within, comes the guickening of the word by the Spirit. It is only he who yields himself entirely in his whole life to the supremacy of the word and the will of God, who can expect in special cases to discern what that word and will permit him boldly to ask. And even as with the word, just so with the Spirit: if I would have the leading of the Spirit in prayer to assure me what God's will is, my whole life must be yielded to that leading; so only can mind and heart become spiritual and capable of knowing God's

holy will. It is he who, through word and Spirit, lives in the will of God by doing it, who will know to pray according to that will in the confidence that He hears us

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6540 Would that Christians might see what incalculable harm 6541 they do themselves by the thought that because possibly their prayer is not according to God's will, they must be 6542 6543 content without an answer God's word tells us that the great reason of unanswered prayer is that we do not pray 6544 6545 aright: Ye ask and receive not, because ye ask amiss.' In not granting an answer, the Father tells us that there is 6546 something wrong in our praying. He wants to teach us to 6547 find it out and confess it, and so to educate us to true 6548 believing and prevailing prayer. He can only attain His 6549 6550 object when He brings us to see that we are to blame for the withholding of the answer; our aim, or our faith, or our life 6551 is not what it should be. But this purpose of God is 6552 6553 frustrated as long as we are content to say: It is perhaps because my prayer is not according to His will that He does 6554 not hear me. O let us no longer throw the blame of our 6555 6556 unanswered prayers on the secret will of God, but on our praying amiss. Let that word, Ye receive not because ye ask 6557 6558 amiss,' be as the lantern of the Lord, searching heart and 6559 life to prove that we are indeed such as those to whom Christ gave His promises of certain answers. Let us believe 6560 that we can know if our prayer be according to God's will. 6561 6562 Let us vield our heart to have the word of the Father dwell richly there, to have Christ's word abiding in us. Let us live 6563 day by day with the anointing which teacheth us all things. 6564 Let us yield ourselves unreservedly to the Holy Spirit as He 6565 teaches us to abide in Christ, to dwell in the Father's 6566 6567 presence, and we shall soon understand how the Father's love longs that the child should know His will, and should, 6568 in the confidence that that will includes all that His power 6569

and love have promised to do, know too that He hears the 6570 petitions which we ask of Him. This is the boldness which 6571 we have, that if we ask anything according to His will, He 6572 heareth us? 6573 6574 6575 LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.' 6576 6577 -()-6578 6579 Blessed Master! With my whole heart I thank Thee for this blessed lesson, that the path to a life full of answers to 6580 prayer is through the will of God. Lord! Teach me to know 6581 6582 this blessed will by living it, loving it, and always doing it. So shall I learn to offer prayers according to that will, and to 6583 find in their harmony with God's blessed will, my boldness 6584 in prayer and my confidence in accepting the answer. 6585 6586 6587 Father! it is Thy will that Thy child should enjoy Thy presence and blessing. It is Thy will that everything in the 6588 life of Thy child should be in accordance with Thy will, and 6589 that the Holy Spirit should work this in Him. It is Thy will 6590 that Thy child should live in the daily experience of distinct 6591 answers to prayer, so as to enjoy living and direct 6592 6593 fellowship with Thyself. It is Thy will that Thy Name 6594 should be glorified in and through Thy children, and that it will be in those who trust Thee. O my Father! let this Thy 6595 6596 will be my confidence in all I ask. 6597 6598 Blessed Saviour! Teach me to believe in the glory of this will. That will is the eternal love, which with Divine power 6599 works out its purpose in each human will that yields itself to 6600 it. Lord! Teach me this. Thou canst make me see how every 6601 promise and every command of the word is indeed the will 6602 of God, and that its fulfilment is secured to me by God 6603

Himself. Let thus the will of God become to me the sure rock on which my prayer and my assurance of an answer ever rest. Amen.

NOTE.

There is often great confusion as to the will of God. People think that what God wills must inevitably take place. This is by no means the case. God wills a great deal of blessing to His people, which never comes to them. He wills it most earnestly, but they do not will it, and it cannot come to them. This is the great mystery of man's creation with a free will, and also of the renewal of his will in redemption, that God has made the execution of His will, in many things, dependent on the will of man. Of God's will revealed in His promises, so much will be fulfilled as our faith accepts. Prayer is the power by which that comes to pass which otherwise would not take place. And faith, the power by which it is decided how much of God's will shall be done in us. When once God reveals to a soul what He is willing to do for it, the responsibility for the execution of that will rests with us

Some are afraid that this is putting too much power into the hands of man. But all power is put into the hands of man in Christ Jesus. The key of all prayer and all power is His, and when we learn to understand that He is just as much with us as with the Father, and that we are also just as much one with Him as He with the Father, we shall see how natural and right and safe it is that to those who abide in Him as He in the Father, such power should be given. It is Christ the Son who has the right to ask what He will: it is through the abiding in Him and His abiding in us (in a Divine reality of which we have too little apprehension) that His Spirit

breathes in us what He wants to ask and obtain through us.

We pray in His Name: the prayers are really ours and as

6640 really His.

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6642 Others again fear that to believe that prayer has such power 6643 is limiting the liberty and the love of God. O if we only knew how we are limiting His liberty and His love by not 6644 6645 allowing Him to act in the only way in which He chooses to act, now that He has taken us up into fellowship with 6646 6647 himself—through our prayers and our faith. A brother in the ministry once asked, as we were speaking on this subject. 6648 whether there was not a danger of our thinking that our love 6649 6650 to souls and our willingness to see them blessed were to move God's love and God's willingness to bless them. We 6651 6652 were just passing some large water-pipes, by which water was being carried over hill and dale from a large mountain 6653 stream to a town at some distance. Just look at these pipes. 6654 6655 was the answer; they did not make the water willing to flow downwards from the hills, nor did they give it its power of 6656 blessing and refreshment: this is its very nature. All that 6657 6658 they could do is to decide its direction: by it the inhabitants of the town said they want the blessing there. And just so, it 6659 is the very nature of God to love and to bless. Downward 6660 6661 and ever downward His love longs to come with its quickening and refreshing streams. But He has left it to 6662 prayer to say where the blessing is to come. He has 6663 6664 committed it to His believing people to bring the living water to the desert places: the will of God to bless is 6665 dependent upon the will of man to say where the blessing 6666 must descend. Such honour have His saints.' And this is the 6667 boldness which we have toward him, that if we ask anything 6668 6669 according to His will, He heareth us. And if we know that He hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the 6670

petitions which we have asked of Him.'

6672 6673 1See this illustrated in the extracts from George Muller at the end of this volume 6674 6675 6676 6677 THIRTIETH LESSON. 6678 6679 An holy priesthood;' 6680 6681 Or, The Ministry of Intercession. 6682 6683 An holy priesthood, to offer up spiritual sacrifices 6684 acceptable to God by Jesus Christ.'—I Peter ii. 5. 6685 6686 Ye shall be named the Priests of the Lord.'—Isaiah lxi. 6. 6687 6688 6689 THE Spirit of the Lord God is upon me: because the Lord hath anointed me.' These are the words of Jesus in Isaiah. 6690 6691 As the fruit of His work all redeemed ones are priests. 6692 fellow-partakers with Him of His anointing with the Spirit as High Priest. Like the precious ointment upon the beard of 6693 Aaron, that went down to the skirts of his garments.' As 6694 every son of Aaron, so every member of Jesus' body has a 6695 right to the priesthood. But not every one exercises it: many 6696 are still entirely ignorant of it. And yet it is the highest 6697 6698 privilege of a child of God, the mark of greatest nearness and likeness to Him, who ever liveth to pray.' Do you doubt 6699 if this really be so? Think of what constitutes priesthood. 6700 There is, first, the work of the priesthood. This has two 6701 sides, one Godward, the other manward. Every priest is 6702 ordained for men in things pertaining to God' (Heb. v. 1); 6703 or, as it is said by Moses (Deut. x. 8, see also xxi. 5, xxxiii. 6704 10; Mal. ii. 6): The Lord separated the tribe of Levi, to stand 6705

before the Lord to minister unto Him. and to bless His Name.' On the one hand, the priest had the power to draw nigh to God, to dwell with Him in His house, and to present before Him the blood of the sacrifice or the burning incense. This work he did not do, however, on his own behalf, but for the sake of the people whose representative he was. This is the other side of his work. He received from the people their sacrifices, presented them before God, and then came out to bless in His Name, to give the assurance of His favour and to teach them His law

A priest is thus a man who does not at all live for himself. He lives with God and for God. His work is as God's servant to care for His house, His honour, and His worship, to make known to men His love and His will. He lives with men and for men (Heb. v. 2). His work is to find out their sin and need, and to bring it before God, to offer sacrifice and incense in their name, to obtain forgiveness and blessing for them, and then to come out and bless them in His Name. This is the high calling of every believer. Such honour have all His saints.' They have been redeemed with the one purpose to be in the midst of the perishing millions around them, God's priests, who in conformity to Jesus, the Great High Priest, are to be the ministers and stewards of the grace of God to all around them.

And then there is the walk of the priesthood, in harmony with its work. As God is holy, so the priest was to be especially holy. This means not only separated from everything unclean, but holy unto God, being set apart and given up to God for His disposal. The separation from the world and setting apart unto God was indicated in many ways.

It was seen in the clothing: the holy garments, made after God's own order, marked them as His (Ex. xxviii.). It was seen in the command as to their special purity and freedom from all contact from death and defilement (Lev. xi. 22). Much that was allowed to an ordinary Israelite was forbidden to them. It was seen in the injunction that the priest must have no bodily defect or blemish; bodily perfection was to be the type of wholeness and holiness in God's service. And it was seen in the arrangement by which the priestly tribes were to have no inheritance with the other tribes; God was to be their inheritance. Their life was to be one of faith: set apart unto God, they were to live on Him as

 well as for Him

All this is the emblem of what the character of the New Testament priest is to be. Our priestly power with God depends on our personal life and walk. We must be of them of whose walk on earth Jesus says, They have not defiled their garments.'

In the surrender of what may appear lawful to others in our separation from the world, we must prove that our consecration to be holy to the Lord is whole-hearted and entire. The bodily perfection of the priest must have its counterpart in our too being without spot or blemish;' the man of God perfect, throughly furnished unto all good works,' perfect and entire, wanting nothing' (Lev. xxi. 17-21; Eph. v. 27; 2 Tim. ii. 7; Jas. i. 4). And above all, we consent to give up all inheritance on earth; to forsake all, and like Christ to have only God as our portion: to possess as not possessing, and hold all for God alone: it is this marks the true priest, the man who only lives for God and his fellow-men.

And now the way to the priesthood. In Aaron God had chosen all his sons to be priests: each of them was a priest by birth. And yet he could not enter upon his work without a special act of ordinance—his consecration. Every child of God is priest in light of his birth, his blood relationship to the Great High Priest; but this is not enough: he will exercise his power only as he accepts and realizes his consecration

 With Aaron and his sons it took place thus (Ex. xxix.): After being washed and clothed, they were anointed with the holy oil. Sacrifices were then offered, and with the blood the right ear, the right hand, and the right foot were touched. And then they and their garments were once again sprinkled with the blood and the oil together. And so it is as the child of God enters more fully into what THE BLOOD and THE SPIRIT of which he already is partaker, are to him, that the power of the Holy Priesthood will work in him. The blood will take away all sense of unworthiness; the Spirit, all sense of unfitness.

Let us notice what there was new in the application of the blood to the priest. If ever he had as a penitent brought a sacrifice for his sin, seeking forgiveness, the blood was sprinkled on the altar, but not on his person. But now, for priestly consecration, there was to be closer contact with the blood; ear and hand and foot were by a special act brought under its power, and the whole being taken possession of and sanctified for God. And so, when the believer, who had been content to think chiefly of the blood sprinkled on the mercy-seat as what he needs for pardon, is led to seek full priestly access to God, he feels the need of a fuller and more abiding experience of the power of the blood, as really sprinkling and cleansing the heart from an evil conscience,

6808 so that he has no more conscience of sin' (Heb. x. 2) as cleansing from all sin. And it is as he gets to enjoy this, that 6809 the consciousness is awakened of his wonderful right of 6810 most intimate access to God, and of the full assurance that 6812 his intercessions are acceptable.

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And as the blood gives the right, the Spirit gives the power, and fits for believing intercession. He breathes into us the priestly spirit—burning love for God's honour and the saving of souls. He makes us so one with Jesus that prayer in His Name is a reality. He strengthens us to believing, importunate prayer. The more the Christian is truly filled with the Spirit of Christ, the more spontaneous will be his giving himself up to the life of priestly intercession. Beloved fellow-Christians! God needs, greatly needs, priests who can draw near to Him, who live in His presence, and by their intercession draw down the blessings of His grace on others. And the world needs, greatly needs, priests who will bear the burden of the perishing ones, and intercede on their behalf

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Are you willing to offer yourself for this holy work? You 6829 6830 know the surrender it demands—nothing less than the 6831 Christ-like giving up of all, that the saving purposes of 6832 God's love may be accomplished among men. Oh, be no longer of those who are content if they have salvation, and 6833 6834 just do work enough to keep themselves warm and lively. O let nothing keep you back from giving yourselves to be 6835 wholly and only priests—nothing else, nothing less than the 6836 priests of the Most High God. The thought of unworthiness, 6837 of unfitness, need not keep you back. In the Blood, the 6838 objective power of the perfect redemption works in you: in 6839 the Spirit its full subjective personal experience as a divine 6840 life is secured. The Blood provides an infinite worthiness to 6841

6842 make your prayers most acceptable: The Spirit provides a Divine fitness, teaching you to pray just according to the 6843 will of God. Every priest knew that when he presented a 6844 sacrifice according to the law of the sanctuary, it was 6845 6846 accepted: under the covering of the Blood and Spirit you 6847 have the assurance that all the wonderful promises to prayer in the Name of Jesus will be fulfilled in you. Abiding in 6848 6849 union with the Great High Priest, you shall ask what you will, and it shall be done unto you.' You will have power to 6850 pray the effectual prayer of the righteous man that availeth 6851 much. You will not only join in the general prayer of the 6852 Church for the world, but be able in your own sphere to take 6853 up your special work in prayer—as priests, to transact it 6854 with God, to receive and know the answer, and so to bless 6855 in His Name. Come, brother, come, and be a priest, only 6856 priest, all priest. Seek now to walk before the Lord in the 6857 full consciousness that you have been set apart for the holy 6858 Ministry of Intercession. This is the true blessedness of 6859 conformity to the image of God's Son. 6860 6861

LORD TEACH US TO PRAY.

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O Thou my blessed High Priest, accept the consecration in which my soul now would respond to Thy message.

I believe in the HOLY PRIESTHOOD OF THY SAINTS, and that I too am a priest, with power to appear before the Father, and in the prayer that avails much bring down blessing on the perishing around me.

I believe in the POWER OF THY PRECIOUS BLOOD to cleanse from all sin, to give me perfect confidence toward

6876	God, and bring me near in the full assurance of faith that my
6877	intercession will be heard.
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6879	I believe in the ANOINTING OF THE SPIRIT, coming
6880	down daily from Thee, my Great High Priest, to sanctify
6881	me, to fill me with the consciousness of my priestly calling,
6882	and with love to souls, to teach me what is according to
6883	God's will, and how to pray the prayer of faith.
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6885	I believe that, as Thou my Lord Jesus art Thyself in all
6886	things my life, so Thou, too, art THE SURETY FOR MY
6887	PRAYER-LIFE, and wilt Thyself draw me up into the
6888	fellowship of Thy wondrous work of intercession.
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6890	In this faith I yield myself this day to my God, as one of His
6891	anointed priests, to stand before His face to intercede in
6892	behalf of sinners, and to come out and bless in His Name.
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6894	Holy Lord Jesus! accept and seal my consecration. Yea,
6895	Lord, do Thou lay Thy hands on me, and Thyself consecrate
6896	me to this Thy holy work. And let me walk among men
6897	with the consciousness and the character of a priest of the
6898	Most High God.
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6900	Unto Him that loved us, and washed us from our sins IN
6901	HIS OWN BLOOD, AND HATH MADE US kings and
6902	priests unto God and His Father; TO HIM be glory and
6903	dominion forever and ever. Amen
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6907	THIRTY-FIRST LESSON.
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6909	Pray without ceasing;'

6910 6911 Or, A Life of Prayer. 6912 Rejoice evermore. Pray without ceasing. In everything give 6913 thanks.—I Thess. v. 16, 17, 18. 6914 6915 OUR Lord spake the parable of the widow and the unjust 6916 iudge to teach us that men ought to pray always and not 6917 faint. As the widow persevered in seeking one definite 6918 thing, the parable appears to have reference to persevering 6919 prayer for some one blessing, when God delays or appears 6920 to refuse. The words in the Epistles, which speak of 6921 continuing instant in prayer, continuing in prayer and 6922 watching in the same, of praying always in the Spirit, 6923 6924 appear more to refer to the whole life being one of prayer. As the soul is filling with the longing for the manifestation 6925 of God's glory to us and in us, through us and around us, 6926 6927 and with the confidence that He hears the prayers of His children; the inmost life of the soul is continually rising 6928 upward in dependence and faith, in longing desire and 6929 trustful expectation. 6930 6931 At the close of our meditations it will not be difficult to say 6932 6933 what is needed to live such a life of prayer. The first thing is undoubtedly the entire sacrifice of the life to God's 6934 kingdom and glory. He who seeks to pray without ceasing 6935 6936 because he wants to be very pious and good, will never attain to it. It is the forgetting of self and yielding ourselves 6937 to live for God and His honour that enlarges the heart, that 6938 teaches us to regard everything in the light of God and His 6939 will, and that instinctively recognises in everything around 6940 us the need of God's help and blessing, an opportunity for 6941 His being glorified. Because everything is weighed and 6942 tested by the one thing that fills the heart—the glory of God, 6943

6944 and because the soul has learnt that only what is of God can 6945 really be to Him and His glory, the whole life becomes a 6946 looking up, a crying from the inmost heart, for God to prove His power and love and so show forth His glory. The 6947 believer awakes to the consciousness that he is one of the 6948 watchmen on Zion's walls one of the Lord's 6949 remembrancers, whose call does really touch and move the 6950 King in heaven to do what would otherwise not be done. He 6951 understands how real Paul's exhortation was, praying 6952 6953 always with all prayer and supplication in the Spirit for all the saints and for me,' and continue in prayer, withal 6954 praying also for us.' To forget oneself, to live for God and 6955 6956 His kingdom among men, is the way to learn to pray without ceasing. 6957

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This life devoted to God must be accompanied by the deep confidence that our prayer is effectual. We have seen how our Blessed Lord insisted upon nothing so much in His prayer-lessons as faith in the Father as a God who most certainly does what we ask. Ask and ye shall receive; count confidently on an answer, is with Him the beginning and the end of His teaching (compare Matt. vii. 8 and John xvi. 24). In proportion as this assurance masters us, and it becomes a settled thing that our prayers do tell and that God does what we ask, we dare not neglect the use of this wonderful power: the soul turns wholly to God, and our life becomes prayer. We see that the Lord needs and takes time, because we and all around us are the creatures of time, under the law of growth; but knowing that not one single prayer of faith can possibly be lost that there is sometimes a needs-be for the storing up and accumulating of prayer, that persevering pray is irresistible, prayer becomes the quiet, persistent living of our life of desire and faith in the presence of our God. O do not let us any longer by our reasonings limit and

enfeeble such free and sure promises of the living God, robbing them of their power, and ourselves of the wonderful confidence they are meant to inspire. Not in God, not in His secret will, not in the limitations of His promises, but in us, in ourselves is the hindrance; we are not what we should be to obtain the promise. Let us open our whole heart to God's words of promise in all their simplicity and truth: they will search us and humble us; they will lift us up and make us glad and strong. And to the faith that knows it gets what it asks, prayer is not a work or a burden, but a joy and a triumph; it becomes a necessity and a second nature.

This union of strong desire and firm confidence again is nothing but the life of the Holy Spirit within us. The Holy Spirit dwells in us, hides Himself in the depths of our being, and stirs the desire after the Unseen and the Divine, after God Himself. Now in groanings that cannot be uttered, then in clear and conscious assurance; now in special distinct petitions for the deeper revelation of Christ to ourselves. then in pleadings for a soul, a work, the Church or the world, it is always and alone the Holy Spirit who draws out the heart to thirst for God, to long for His being made known and glorified. Where the child of God really lives and walks in the Spirit, where he is not content to remain carnal, but seeks to be spiritual, in everything a fit organ for the Divine Spirit to reveal the life of Christ and Christ Himself, there the never-ceasing intercession-life of the Blessed Son cannot but reveal and repeat itself in our experience. Because it is the Spirit of Christ who prays in us, our prayer must be heard; because it is we who pray in the Spirit, there is need of time, and patience, and continual renewing of the prayer, until every obstacle be conquered, and the harmony between God's Spirit and ours is perfect.

7012 But the chief thing we need for such a life of unceasing 7013 prayer is, to know that Jesus teaches us to pray. We have begun to understand a little what His teaching is. Not the 7014 communication of new thoughts or views, not the discovery 7015 7016 of failure or error, not the stirring up of desire and faith, of however much importance all this be, but the taking us up 7017 into the fellowship of His own prayer-life before the 7018 7019 Father—this it is by which Jesus really teaches. It was the sight of the praying Jesus that made the disciples long and 7020 ask to be taught to pray. It is the faith of the ever-praying 7021 Jesus, whose alone is the power to pray, that teaches us 7022 truly to pray. We know why: He who prays is our Head and 7023 7024 our Life. All He has is ours and is given to us when we give ourselves all to Him. By His blood He leads us into the 7025 7026 immediate presence of God. The inner sanctuary is our home, we dwell there. And He that lives so near God, and 7027 7028 knows that He has been brought near to bless those who are 7029 far, cannot but pray. Christ makes us partakers with Himself 7030 of His prayer-power and prayer-life. We understand then that our true aim must not be to work much and have prayer 7031 7032 enough to keep the work right, but to pray much and then to work enough for the power and blessing obtained in prayer 7033 to find its way through us to men. It is Christ who ever lives 7034 7035 to pray, who saves and reigns. He communicates His 7036 prayer-life to us: He maintains it in us if we trust Him. He is surety for our praying without ceasing. Yes, Christ teaches 7037 7038 to pray by showing how He does it, by doing it in us, by leading us to do it in Him and like Him. Christ is all, the life 7039 and the strength too for a never-ceasing prayer-life. 7040

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It is the sight of this, the sight of the ever-praying Christ as our life, that enables us to pray without ceasing. Because His priesthood is the power of an endless life, that resurrection-life that never fades and never fails, and

7046 because His life is our life, praying without ceasing can become to us nothing less than the life-joy of heaven. So the 7047 Apostle says: Rejoice evermore; pray without ceasing; in 7048 everything give thanks.' Borne up between the never-7049 7050 ceasing joy and the never-ceasing praise, never-ceasing prayer is the manifestation of the power of the eternal life, 7051 where Jesus always prays. The union between the Vine and 7052 7053 the branch is in very deed a prayer-union. The highest conformity to Christ, the most blessed participation in the 7054 glory of His heavenly life, is that we take part in His work 7055 of intercession: He and we live ever to pray. In the 7056 experience of our union with Him, praying without ceasing 7057 becomes a possibility, a reality, the holiest and most blessed 7058 part of our holy and blessed fellowship with God. We have 7059 our abode within the veil, in the presence of the Father. 7060 What the Father says, we do; what the Son says, the Father 7061 7062 does. Praying without ceasing is the earthly manifestation of 7063 heaven come down to us, the foretaste of the life where they rest not day or night in the song of worship and adoration. 7064 7065

LORD, TEACH US TO PRAY.'

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O my Father, with my whole heart do I praise Thee for this wondrous life of never-ceasing prayer, never-ceasing fellowship, never-ceasing answers, and never-ceasing experience of my oneness with Him who ever lives to pray. O my God! keep me ever so dwelling and walking in the presence of Thy glory, that prayer may be the spontaneous expression of my life with Thee.

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> Blessed Saviour! with my whole heart I praise Thee that Thou didst come from heaven to share with me in my needs

and cries, that I might share with Thee in Thy all-prevailing intercession. And I thank Thee that Thou hast taken me into the school of prayer, to teach the blessedness and the power of a life that is all prayer. And most of all, that Thou hast taken me up into the fellowship of Thy life of intercession, that through me too Thy blessings may be dispensed to those around me

Holy Spirit! with deep reverence I thank Thee for Thy work in me. It is through Thee I am lifted up into a share in the intercourse between the Son and the Father, and enter so into the fellowship of the life and love of the Holy Trinity Spirit of God! perfect Thy work in me; bring me into perfect union with Christ my Intercessor. Let Thine unceasing indwelling make my life one of unceasing intercession. And let so my life become one that is unceasingly to the glory of the Father and to the blessing of those around me. Amen.

GEORGE MULLER, AND THE SECRET OF HIS

POWER IN PRAYER

WHEN God wishes anew to teach His Church a truth that is not being understood or practised, He mostly does so by raising some man to be in word and deed a living witness to its blessedness. And so God has raised up in this nineteenth century, among others, George Muller to be His witness that He is indeed the Hearer of prayer. I know of no way in which the principal truths of God's word in regard to prayer can be more effectually illustrated and established than a

7113 short review of his life and of what he tells of his prayer-7114 experiences. 7115 He was born in Prussia on 25th September 1805, and is 7116 7117 thus now eighty years of age. His early life, even after having entered the University of Halle as a theological 7118 student, was wicked in the extreme. Led by a friend one 7119 7120 evening, when just twenty years of age, to a prayer meeting, he was deeply impressed, and soon after brought to know 7121 the Saviour. Not long after he began reading missionary 7122 papers, and in course of time offered himself to the London 7123 Society for promoting Christianity to the Jews. He was 7124 accepted as a student, but soon found that he could not in all 7125 things submit to the rules of the Society, as leaving too little 7126 7127 liberty for the leading of the Holy Spirit. The connection was dissolved in 1830 by mutual consent, and he became 7128 the pastor of a small congregation at Teignmouth. In 1832 7129 7130 he was led to Bristol, and it was as pastor of Bethesda Chapel that he was led to the Orphan Home and other work. 7131 7132 in connection with which God has so remarkably led him to 7133 trust His word and to experience how God fulfils that word. 7134 A few extracts in regard to his spiritual life will prepare the 7135 7136 way for what we specially wish to quote of his experiences in reference to prayer. 7137 7138 7139 In connection with this I would mention, that the Lord very graciously gave me, from the very commencement of my 7140 divine life, a measure of simplicity and of childlike 7141 disposition in spiritual things, so that whilst I was 7142 exceedingly ignorant of the Scriptures, and was still from 7143 7144 time to time overcome even by outward sins, yet I was enabled to carry most minute matters to the Lord in prayer. 7145 And I have found "godliness profitable unto all things,

7147 having promise of the life that now is, and of that which is to come." Though very weak and ignorant, yet I had now, 7148 by the grace of God, some desire to benefit others, and he 7149 who so faithfully had once served Satan, sought now to win 7150 souls for Christ' 7151 7152 It was at Teignmouth that he was led to know how to use 7153 God's word, and to trust the Holy Spirit as the Teacher 7154 given by God to make that word clear. He writes:— 7155 7156 God then began to show me that the word of God alone is 7157 our standard of judgment in spiritual things; that it can be 7158 7159 explained only by the Holy Spirit; and that in our day, as well as in former times. He is the Teacher of His people. 7160 The office of the Holy Spirit I had not experimentally 7161 understood before that time 7162 7163 7164 It was my beginning to understand this latter point in particular, which had a great effect on me; for the Lord 7165 7166 enabled me to put it to the test of experience, by laying aside commentaries, and almost every other book and 7167 simply reading the word of God and studying it. 7168 7169 7170 The result of this was, that the first evening that I shut myself into my room, to give myself to prayer and 7171 meditation over the Scriptures, I learned more in a few 7172 7173 hours than I had done during a period of several months previously. 7174 7175 But the particular difference was that I received real 7176 strength for my soul in so doing. I now began to try by the 7177 test of the Scriptures the things which I had learned and 7178

seen, and found that only those principles which stood the

test were of real value.'

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7181 7182 Of obedience to the word of God, he writes as follows, in connection with his being baptized:— 7183 7184 7185 It had pleased God, in His abundant mercy, to bring my mind into such a state, that I was willing to carry out into 7186 my life whatever I should find in the Scriptures. I could say, 7187 "I will do His will," and it was on that account, I believe, 7188 that I saw which "doctrine is of God."—And I would 7189 observe here, by the way, that the passage to which I have 7190 just alluded (John vii. 17) has been a most remarkable 7191 comment to me on many doctrines and precepts of our most 7192 holy faith. For instance: "Resist not evil; but whosoever 7193 shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other 7194 7195 also. And if any man will sue thee at the law, and take away thy coat, let him have thy cloak also. And whosoever shall 7196 compel thee to go a mile, go with him twain. Give to him 7197 7198 that asketh thee, and from him that would borrow of thee, turn not thou away. Love your enemies, bless them that 7199 7200 curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them 7201 which despitefully use you, and persecute you" (Matt. v. 39-44). "Sell that ye have, and give alms" (Luke xii. 33). 7202 "Owe no man any thing, but to love one another" (Rom. xii. 7203 8). It may be said, "Surely these passages cannot be taken 7204 7205 literally, for how then would the people of God be able to pass through the world?" The state of mind enjoined in John 7206 vii. 17 will cause such objections to vanish. WHOSOEVER 7207 IS WILLING TO ACT OUT these commandments of the 7208 Lord LITERALLY, will, I believe, be led with me to see 7209 7210 that to take them LITERALLY is the will of God.—Those who do so take them will doubtless often be brought into 7211

difficulties, hard to the flesh to bear, but these will have a tendency to make them constantly feel that they are

strangers and pilgrims here, that this world is not their

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home, and thus to throw them more upon God, who will assuredly help us through any difficulty into which we may be brought by seeking to act in obedience to His word.'

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7219 This implicit surrender to God's word led him to certain 7220 views and conduct in regard to money, which mightily influenced his future life. They had their root in the 7221 7222 conviction that money was a Divine stewardship, and that all money had therefore to be received and dispensed in 7223 7224 direct fellowship with God Himself. This led him to the adoption of the following four great rules: 1. Not to receive 7225 any fixed salary, both because in the collecting of it there 7226 7227 was often much that was at variance with the freewill offering with which God's service is to be maintained, and 7228 7229 in the receiving of it a danger of placing more dependence on human sources of income than in the living God 7230 Himself. 2. Never to ask any human being for help. 7231 7232 however great the need might be, but to make his wants known to the God who has promised to care for His 7233 7234 servants and to hear their prayer. 3. To take this command 7235 (Luke xii. 33) literally. Sell that thou hast and give alms,' and never to save up money, but to spend all God entrusted 7236 7237 to him on God's poor, on the work of His kingdom. 4. Also 7238 to take Rom. xiii. 8. Owe no man anything,' literally, and 7239 never to buy on credit, or be in debt for anything, but to trust God to provide. 7240

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7247 7248 This mode of living was not easy at first. But Muller testifies it was most blessed in bringing the soul to rest in God, and drawing it into closer union with Himself when inclined to backslide. For it will not do, it is not possible, to live in sin, and at the same time, by communion with God, to draw down from heaven everything one needs for the life that now is.'

7249 72.50 Not long after his settlement at Bristol, THE SCRIPTURAL KNOWLEDGE INSTITUTION FOR HOME AND 7251 ABROAD' was established for aiding in Day, Sunday 72.52 7253 School, Mission and Bible work. Of this Institution the 7254 Orphan Home work, by which Mr. Muller is best known, became a branch. It was in 1834 that his heart was touched 72.55 7256 by the case of an orphan brought to Christ in one of the schools, but who had to go to a poorhouse where its 72.57 7258 spiritual wants would not be cared for. Meeting shortly after with a life of Franke, he writes (Nov. 20, 1835): Today I 72.59 have had it very much laid on my heart no longer merely to 7260 7261 think about the establishment of an Orphan Home, but actually to set about it, and I have been very much in prayer 72.62 7263 respecting it, in order to ascertain the Lord's mind. May God make it plain.' And again, Nov. 25: I have been again 7264 much in prayer yesterday and today about the Orphan 7265 7266 Home, and am more and more convinced that it is of God. May He in mercy guide me. The three chief reasons are—1. 7267 That God may be glorified, should He be pleased to furnish 7268 7269 me with the means, in its being seen that it is not a vain thing to trust Him; and that thus the faith of His children 72.70 7271 may be strengthened. 2. The spiritual welfare of fatherless 7272 and motherless children. 3. Their temporal welfare.' 7273 After some months of prayer and waiting on God, a house 72.74 was rented, with room for thirty children, and in course of 7275 time three more, containing in all 120 children. The work 7276 was carried on it this way for ten years, the supplies for the 7277 needs of the orphans being asked and received of God 7278 alone. It was often a time of sore need and much prayer, but 7279 7280 a trial of faith more precious than of gold was found unto praise and honour and glory of God. The Lord was 7281

preparing His servant for greater things. By His providence

and His Holy Spirit, Mr. Muller was led to desire, and to wait upon God till he received from Him, the sure promise 72.84 of 15.000 for a Home to contain 300 children. This first Home was opened in 1849. In 1858, a second and third Home, for 950 more orphans, was opened, costing 35,000. And in 1869 and 1870, a fourth and a fifth Home, for 850 more, at an expense of 50,000, making the total number of the orphans 2100.

In addition to this work, God has given him almost as much as for the building of the Orphan Homes, and the maintenance of the orphans, for other work, the support of schools and missions, Bible and tract circulation. In all he has received from God, to be spent in His work, during these fifty years, more than one million pounds sterling. How little he knew, let us carefully notice, that when he gave up his little salary of 35 a year in obedience to the leading of God's word and the Holy Spirit, what God was preparing to give him as the reward of obedience and faith; and how wonderfully the word was to be fulfilled to him: Thou hast been faithful over few things; I will set thee over many things.'

And these things have happened for an ensample to us. God calls us to be followers of George Muller, even as he is of Christ. His God is our God; the same promises are for us; the same service of love and faith in which he laboured is calling for us on every side. Let us in connection with our lessons in the school of prayer study the way in which God gave George Muller such power as a man of prayer: we shall find in it the most remarkable illustration of some of the lessons which we have been studying with the blessed Master in the word. We shall specially have impressed upon us His first great lesson, that if we will come to Him in the

way He has pointed out, with definite petitions, made known to us by the Spirit through the word as being according to the will of God, we may most confidently believe that whatsoever we ask it shall be done.

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PRAYER AND THE WORD OF GOD.

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We have more than once seen that God's listening to our voice depends upon our listening to His voice. (See Lessons 22 and 23.) We must not only have a special promise to plead, when we make a special request, but our whole life must be under the supremacy of the word: the word must be dwelling in us. The testimony of George Muller on this point is most instructive. He tells us how the discovery of the true place of the word of God, and the teaching of the Spirit with it, was the commencement of a new era in his spiritual life. Of it he writes:—

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Now the scriptural way of reasoning would have been: God 7335 7336 Himself has condescended to become an author, and I am 7337 ignorant about that precious book which His Holy Spirit has caused to be written through the instrumentality of His 7338 7339 servants, and it contains that which I ought to know, and the 7340 knowledge of which will lead me to true happiness: 7341 therefore I ought to read again and again this most precious book, this book of books, most earnestly, most prayerfully. 7342 7343 and with much meditation; and in this practice I ought to continue all the days of my life. For I was aware, though I 7344 read it but little, that I knew scarcely anything of it. But 7345 instead of acting thus and being led by my ignorance of the 7346 word of God to study it more, my difficulty in 7347 understanding it, and the little enjoyment I had in it, made 7348 me careless of reading it (for much prayerful reading of the 7349 word gives not merely more knowledge, but increases the 7350

7351 delight we have in reading it); and thus, like many 7352 believers. I practically preferred, for the first four years of my divine life, the works of uninspired men to the oracles 7353 of the living God. The consequence was that I remained a 7354 7355 babe, both in knowledge and grace. In knowledge, I say; for 7356 all true knowledge must be derived, by the Spirit, from the word. And as I neglected the word, I was for nearly four 7357 years so ignorant, that I did not clearly know even the 7358 fundamental points of our holy faith. And this lack of 7359 7360 knowledge most sadly kept me back from walking steadily in the ways of God. For when it pleased the Lord in August 7361 1829 to bring me really to the Scriptures, my life and walk 7362 became very different. And though ever since that I have 7363 very much fallen short of what I might and ought to be, yet 7364 7365 by the grace of God I have been enabled to live much nearer to Him than before. If any believers read this who 7366 practically prefer other books to the Holy Scriptures, and 7367 7368 who enjoy the writings of men much more than the word of God, may they be warned by my loss. I shall consider this 7369 book to have been the means of doing much good, should it 7370 7371 please the Lord, through its instrumentality, to lead some of His people no longer to neglect the Holy Scriptures, but to 7372 7373 give them that preference which they have hitherto 7374 bestowed on the writings of men.

Before I leave this subject, I would only add: If the reader 7376 7377 understands very little of the word of God, he ought to read it very much; for the Spirit explains the word by the word. 7378 And if he enjoys the reading of the word little, that is just 7379 the reason why he should read it much; for the frequent 7380 reading of the Scriptures creates a delight in them, so that 7381 7382

the more we read them, the more we desire to do so.

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7384 Above all, he should seek to have it settled in his own mind that God alone by His Spirit can teach him, and that 7385 therefore, as God will be inquired of for blessings, it 7386

becomes him to seek God's blessing previous to reading. 7387

7388 and also whilst reading.

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He should have it, moreover, settled in his mind that 7390 7391 although the Holy Spirit is the best and sufficient Teacher,

vet that this Teacher does not always teach immediately 7392

7393 when we desire it, and that therefore we may have to entreat

Him again and again for the explanation of certain passages: 7394

but that He will surely teach us at last, if indeed we are 7395

seeking for light prayerfully, patiently, and with a view to

the glory of God.' [4] 7397

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We find in his journal frequent mention made of his spending two and three hours in prayer over the word for the feeding of his spiritual life. As the fruit of this, when he had need of strength and encouragement in prayer, the individual promises were not to him so many arguments from a book to be used with God, but living words which he had heard the Father's living voice speak to him, and which he could now bring to the Father in living faith.

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PRAYER AND THE WILL OF GOD

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7410 One of the greatest difficulties with young believers is to know how they can find out whether what they desire is according to God's will. I count it one of the most precious 7412 lessons God wants to teach through the experience of 7413 George Muller, that He is willing to make known, of things 7414

of which His word says nothing directly, that they are His 7415 7416

will for us, and that we may ask them. The teaching of the

Spirit, not without or against the word, but as something 7417

7418 above and beyond it, in addition to it, without which we cannot see God's will, is the heritage of every believer. It is 7419 through THE WORD, AND THE WORD ALONE, that the 7420 Spirit teaches, applying the general principles or promises 7421 to our special need. And it is THE SPIRIT, AND THE 7422 7423 SPIRIT ALONE, who can really make the word a light on our path, whether the path of duty in our daily walk, or the 7424 path of faith in our approach to God. Let us try and notice in 7425 what childlike simplicity and teachableness it was that the 7426 discovery of God's will was so surely and so clearly made 7427 known to His servant 7428

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With regard to the building of the first Home and the 7430 assurance he had of its being God's will, he writes in May 7431 7432 1850, just after it had been opened, speaking of the great difficulties there were, and how little likely it appeared to 7433 nature that they would be removed: But while the prospect 7434 7435 before me would have been overwhelming had I looked at it naturally. I was never even for once permitted to question 7436 how it would end. For as from the beginning I was sure it 7437 7438 was the will of God that I should go to the work of building for Him this large Orphan Home, so also from the 7439 7440 beginning I was as certain that the whole would be finished 7441 as if the Home had been already filled.'

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The way in which he found out what was God's will, comes out with special clearness in his account of the building of the second Home; and I ask the reader to study with care the lesson the narrative conveys:—

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Dec. 5, 1850.—Under these circumstances I can only pray that the Lord in His tender mercy would not allow Satan to gain an advantage over me. By the grace of God my heart says: Lord, if I could be sure that it is Thy will that I should

7452 go forward in this matter, I would do so cheerfully; and, on the other hand, if I could be sure that these are vain, foolish, 7453 proud thoughts, that they are not from Thee, I would, by 7454 Thy grace, hate them, and entirely put them aside. 7455 7456 7457 My hope is in God: He will help and teach me. Judging, however, from His former dealings with me, it would not be 7458 a strange thing to me, nor surprising, if He called me to 7459 labour yet still more largely in this way. 7460 7461 The thoughts about enlarging the Orphan work have not vet 7462 arisen on account of an abundance of money having lately 7463 come in; for I have had of late to wait for about seven 7464 weeks upon God, whilst little, very little comparatively, 7465 7466 came in, i.e. about four times as much was going out as came in; and, had not the Lord previously sent me large 7467 sums, we should have been distressed indeed. 7468 7469 Lord! how can Thy servant know Thy will in this matter? 7470 Wilt Thou be pleased to teach him! 7471 7472 December 11.—During the last six days, since writing the 7473 above, I have been, day after day, waiting upon God 7474 7475 concerning this matter. It has generally been more or less all the day on my heart. When I have been awake at night, it 7476 has not been far from my thoughts. Yet all this without the 7477 7478 least excitement. I am perfectly calm and quiet respecting it. My soul would be rejoiced to go forward in this service, 7479 could I be sure that the Lord would have me to do so; for 7480 then, notwithstanding the numberless difficulties, all would 7481

> On the other hand, were I assured that the Lord would have me to be satisfied with my present sphere of service, and

be well; and His Name would be magnified.

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that I should not pray about enlarging the work, by His 7486 7487 grace I could, without an effort, cheerfully yield to it; for He has brought me into such a state of heart, that I only desire 7488 to please Him in this matter. Moreover, hitherto I have not 7489 7490 spoken about this thing even to my beloved wife, the sharer 7491 of my joys, sorrows, and labours for more than twenty years; nor is it likely that I shall do so for some time to 7492 come: for I prefer quietly to wait on the Lord, without 7493 conversing on this subject, in order that thus I may be kept 7494 the more easily, by His blessing, from being influenced by 7495 things from without. The burden of my prayer concerning 7496 this matter is, that the Lord would not allow me to make a 7497 mistake, and that He would teach me to do His will. 7498

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December 26.—Fifteen days have elapsed since I wrote the preceding paragraph. Every day since then I have continued to pray about this matter, and that with a goodly measure of earnestness, by the help of God. There has passed scarcely an hour during these days, in which, whilst awake, this matter has not been more or less before me But all without even a shadow of excitement. I converse with no one about it. Hitherto have I not even done so with my dear wife. For this I refrain still, and deal with God alone about the matter, in order that no outward influence and no outward excitement may keep me from attaining unto a clear discovery of His will. I have the fullest and most peaceful assurance that He will clearly show me His will. This evening I have had again an especial solemn season for prayer, to seek to know the will of God. But whilst I continue to entreat and beseech the Lord, that He would not allow me to be deluded in this business, I may say I have scarcely any doubt remaining on my mind as to what will be the issue, even that I should go forward in this matter. As this, however, is one of the most momentous steps that I

7520 have ever taken, I judge that I cannot go about this matter with too much caution, prayerfulness, and deliberation. I am 7521 in no hurry about it. I could wait for years, by God's grace, 7522 were this His will, before even taking one single step 7523 7524 toward this thing, or even speaking to anyone about it; and, 7525 on the other hand, I would set to work tomorrow, were the Lord to bid me do so. This calmness of mind, this having no 7526 7527 will of my own in the matter, this only wishing to please my Heavenly Father in it, this only seeking His and not my 7528 7529 honour in it; this state of heart, I say, is the fullest assurance to me that my heart is not under a fleshly excitement, and 7530 that, if I am helped thus to go on, I shall know the will of 7531 God to the full. But, while I write this, I cannot but add at 7532 the same time, that I do crave the honour and the glorious 7533 7534 privilege to be more and more used by the Lord.

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I desire to be allowed to provide scriptural instruction for a 7536 7537 thousand orphans, instead of doing so for 300. I desire to expound the Holy Scriptures regularly to a thousand 7538 7539 orphans, instead of doing so to 300. I desire that it may be vet more abundantly manifest that God is still the Hearer 7540 and Answerer of prayer, and that He is the living God now 7541 7542 as He ever was and ever will be, when He shall simply, in 7543 answer to prayer, have condescended to provide me with a 7544 house for 700 orphans and with means to support them. This last consideration is the most important point in my 7545 7546 mind. The Lord's honour is the principal point with me in this whole matter; and just because this is the case, if He 7547 would be more glorified by not going forward in this 7548 business, I should by His grace be perfectly content to give 7549 up all thoughts about another Orphan House. Surely in such 7550 7551 a state of mind, obtained by the Holy Spirit, Thou, O my Heavenly Father, wilt not suffer Thy child to be mistaken. 7552 much less deluded. By the help of God I shall continue 7553

7554 further day by day to wait upon Him in prayer, concerning this thing, till He shall bid me act. 7555 7556 Jan. 2, 1851.—A week ago I wrote the preceding paragraph. 7557

During this week I have still been helped day by day, and more than once every day, to seek the guidance of the Lord about another Orphan House. The burden of my prayer has still been, that He in His great mercy would keep me from making a mistake. During the last week the book of Proverbs has come in the course of my Scripture reading, and my heart has been refreshed in reference to this subject by the following passages: "Trust in the Lord with all thine heart; and lean not unto thine own understanding. In all thy ways acknowledge Him, and He shall direct thy paths" (Prov. iii. 5, 6). By the grace of God I do acknowledge the Lord in all my ways, and in this thing in particular; I have therefore the comfortable assurance that He will direct my

paths concerning this part of my service, as to whether I shall be occupied in it our not. Further: "The integrity of the upright shall preserve them" (Prov. xi. 3). By the grace of

God I am upright in this business. My honest purpose is to

get glory to God. Therefore I expect to be guided aright. 7575 Further: "Commit thy works unto the Lord, and thy 7576

thoughts shall be established" (Prov. xvi. 3). I do commit

my works unto the Lord, and therefore expect that my 7578

thoughts will be established. My heart is more and more 7579 7580

coming to a calm, quiet, and settled assurance, that the Lord

will condescend to use me still further in the orphan work. 7581 7582

Here Lord is Thy servant.'

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When later he decided to build two additional houses, Nos. 7584

4 and 5, he writes thus again:— 7585

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Twelve days have passed away since I wrote the last 7587 7588 paragraph. I have still day by day been enabled to wait upon the Lord with reference to enlarging the Orphan work, and 7589 have been during the whole of this period also in perfect 7590 7591 peace, which is the result of seeking in this thing only the 7592 Lord's honour and the temporal and spiritual benefit of my fellow-men. Without an effort could I by His grace put 7593 7594 aside all thoughts about this whole affair, if only assured that it is the will of God that I should do so; and, on the 7595 7596 other hand, would at once go forward, if He would have it be so. I have still kept this matter entirely to myself. Though 7597 it be now about seven weeks, since day by day, more or 7598 less, my mind has been exercised about it, and since I have 7599 been daily praying about it, yet not one human being knows 7600 7601 of it. As yet I have not even mentioned it to my dear wife in order that thus, by quietly waiting upon God, I might not be 7602 influenced by what might be said to me on the subject. This 7603 7604 evening has been particularly set apart for prayer, beseeching the Lord once more not to allow me to be 7605 mistaken in this thing, and much less to be deluded by the 7606 7607 devil. I have also sought to let all the reasons against building another Orphan House, and all the reasons for 7608 doing so pass before my mind: and now for the clearness 7609 7610 and definiteness, write them down. . . .

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Much, however, as the nine previous reasons weigh with 7612 7613 me, yet they would not decide me were there not one more. It is this. After having for months pondered the matter, and 7614 having looked at it in all its bearings and with all its 7615 7616 difficulties, and then having been finally led, after much prayer, to decide on this enlargement, my mind is at peace. 7617 The child who has again and again besought His Heavenly 7618 Father not to allow him to be deluded, nor even to make a 7619 mistake, is at peace, perfectly at peace concerning this 7620

decision: and has thus the assurance that the decision come to, after much prayer during weeks and months, is the leading of the Holy Spirit; and therefore purposes to go forward, assuredly believing that he will not be confounded. for he trusts in God. Many and great may be his difficulties; thousands and ten thousands of prayers may have ascended to God, before the full answer may be obtained; much exercise of faith and patience may be required; but in the end it will again be seen, that His servant, who trusts in

PRAYER AND THE GLORY OF GOD

Him. has not been confounded.'

We have sought more than once to enforce the truth, that while we ordinarily seek the reasons of our prayers not being heard in the thing we ask not being according to the will of God, Scripture warns us to find the cause in ourselves, in our not being in the right state or not asking in the right spirit. The thing may be in full accordance with His will, but the asking, the spirit of the supplicant, not; then we are not heard. As the great root of all sin is self and self-seeking, so there is nothing that even in our more spiritual desires so effectually hinders God in answering as this: we pray for our own pleasure or glory. Prayer to have power and prevail must ask for the glory of God; and he can only do this as he is living for God's glory.

In George Muller we have one of the most remarkable instances on record of God's Holy Spirit leading a man deliberately and systematically, at the outset of a course of prayer, to make the glorifying of God his first and only object. Let us ponder well what he says, and learn the lesson God would teach us through him:—

I had constantly cases brought before me, which proved that one of the especial things which the children of God needed in our day, was to have their faith strengthened.

I longed, therefore, to have something to point my brethren to, as a visible proof that our God and Father is the same faithful God as ever He was; as willing as ever to PROVE Himself to be the LIVING GOD in our day as formerly, to all who put their trust in Him.

My spirit longed to be instrumental in strengthening their faith, by giving them not only instances from the word of God, of His willingness and ability to help all who rely upon Him, but to show them by proofs that He is the same in our day. I knew that the word of God ought to be enough, and it was by grace enough for me; but still I considered I ought to lend a helping hand to my brethren.

I therefore judged myself bound to be the servant of the Church of Christ, in the particular point in which I had obtained mercy; namely, in being able to take God at His word and rely upon it. The first object of the work was, and is still: that God might be magnified by the fact that the orphans under my care are provided with all they need, only by prayer and faith, without any one being asked; thereby it may be seen that God is FAITHFUL STILL, AND HEARS PRAYER STILL.

I have again these last days prayed much about the Orphan House, and have frequently examined my heart; that if it were at all my desire to establish it for the sake of gratifying myself, I might find it out. For as I desire only the Lord's glory, I shall be glad to be instructed by the instrumentality of my brother, if the matter be not of Him.

7689 7690 When I began the Orphan work in 1835, my chief object was the glory of God, by giving a practical demonstration as 7691 to what could be accomplished simply through the 7692 instrumentality of prayer and faith, in order thus to benefit 7693 7694 the Church at large, and to lead a careless world to see the reality of the things of God, by showing them in this work, 7695 7696 that the living God is still, as 4000 years ago, the living God. This my aim has been abundantly honoured. 7697 Multitudes of sinners have been thus converted, multitudes 7698 of the children of God in all parts of the world have been 7699 benefited by this work, even as I had anticipated. But the 7700 7701 larger the work as grown, the greater has been the blessing, bestowed in the very way in which I looked for blessing: for 7702 the attention of hundreds of thousands has been drawn to 7703 the work; and many tens of thousands have come to see it. 7704 All this leads me to desire further and further to labour on in 7705 7706 this way, in order to bring yet greater glory to the Name of the Lord. That He may be looked at, magnified, admired, 7707 trusted in, relied on at all times, is my aim in this service; 7708 7709 and so particularly in this intended enlargement. That it may be seen how much one poor man, simply by trusting in God, 7710 can bring about by prayer; and that thus other children of 7711 7712 God may be led to carry on the work of God in dependence upon Him; and that children of God may be led increasingly 7713 to trust in Him in their individual positions and 7714

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PRAYER AND TRUST IN GOD.

enlargement.'

circumstances, therefore I am led to this further

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There are other points on which I would be glad to point out what is to be found in Mr. Muller's narrative, but one more must suffice. It is the lesson of firm and unwavering trust in

God's promise as the secret of persevering prayer. If once we have, in submission to the teaching of the Spirit in the word, taken hold of God's promise, and believed that the Father has heard us, we must not allow ourselves by any delay or unfavourable appearances be shaken in our faith.

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The full answer to my daily prayers was far from being realized; yet there was abundant encouragement granted by the Lord, to continue in prayer. But suppose, even, that far less had come in than was received, still, after having come to the conclusion, upon scriptural grounds, after much prayer and self-examination, I ought to have gone on without wavering, in the exercise of faith and patience concerning this object; and thus all the children of God. when once satisfied that anything which they bring before God in prayer, is according to His will, ought to continue in believing, expecting, persevering prayer until the blessing is granted. Thus am I myself now waiting upon God for certain blessings, for which I have daily besought Him for ten years and six months without one day's intermission. Still the full answer is not yet given concerning the conversion of certain individuals, though in the meantime I have received many thousands of answers to prayer. I have also prayed daily without intermission for the conversion of other individuals about ten years, for others six or seven years, for others from three or two years; and still the answer is not yet granted concerning those persons, while in the meantime many thousands of my prayers have been answered, and also souls converted, for whom I had been praying. I lay particular stress on this for the benefit of those who may suppose that I need only to ask of God, and receive at once; or that I might pray concerning anything, and the answer would surely come. One can only expect to obtain answers to prayers which are according to the mind

of God; and even then, patience and faith may be exercised for many years, even as mine are exercised, in the matter to which I have referred; and yet am I daily continuing in prayer, and expecting the answer, and so surely expecting the answer, that I have often thanked God that He will surely give it, though now for nineteen years faith and patience have thus been exercised. Be encouraged, dear Christians, with fresh earnestness to give yourselves to prayer, if you can only be sure that you ask things which are for the glory of God.

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But the most remarkable point is this, that 6, 6s. 6d. from Scotland supplied me, as far as can be known now, with all the means necessary for fitting up and promoting the New Orphan Houses. Six years and eight months I have been day by day, and generally several times daily, asking the Lord to give me the needed means for this enlargement of the Orphan work, which, according to calculations made in the spring of 1861, appeared to be about fifty thousand pounds: the total of this amount I had now received. I praise and magnify the Lord for putting this enlargement of the work into my heart, and for giving me courage and faith for it; and above all, for sustaining my faith day by day without wavering. When the last portion of the money was received. I was no more assured concerning the whole, that I was at the time I had not received one single donation towards this large sum. I was at the beginning, after once having ascertained His mind, through most patient and heartsearching waiting upon God, as fully assured that He would bring it about, as if the two houses, with their hundreds of orphans occupying them, had been already before me. I make a few remarks here for the sake of young believers in connection with this subject: 1. Be slow to take new steps in the Lord's service, or in your business, or in your families:

weigh everything well; weigh all in the light of the Holy Scriptures and in the fear of God. 2. Seek to have no will of your own, in order to ascertain the mind of God, regarding any steps you propose taking, so that you can honestly say you are willing to do the will of God, if He will only please to instruct you. 3. But when you have found out what the will of God is, seek for His help, and seek it earnestly, perseveringly, patiently, believingly, expectantly; and you will surely in His own time and way obtain it.

To suppose that we have difficulty about money only would be a mistake: there occur hundreds of other wants and of other difficulties. It is a rare thing that a day occurs without some difficulty or some want; but often there are many difficulties and many wants to be met and overcome the same day. All these are met by prayer and faith, our universal remedy; and we have never been confounded. Patient, persevering, believing prayer, offered up to God, in the Name of the Lord Jesus, has always, sooner or later, brought the blessing. I do not despair, by God's grace, of obtaining any blessing, provided I can be sure it would be for any real good, and for the glory of God.

7816 [4] The extracts are from a work in four volumes, The Lord's Dealings with George Muller. J. Nisbet & Co.,

7818 London.